Επιστολή του Ιακωβου † THE LETTER OF JAMES

INTRODUCTION

The *Letter of James* became accepted as New Testament canon only gradually; though accepted as inspired scripture in Egypt from a very early date, neither Clement of Rome nor the Shepherd of Hermas quote it, and it was likely not universally recognized in the Churches of East and West until the early 4th Century.

Although it begins with a greeting, the text is more in the form a sermon than a letter. Jesus is mentioned only twice and the letter, in large part, parallels Old Testament wisdom literature, such as speaking of tensions between the rich and the poor. Further, many of the sayings in James echo those of Jesus in the Synoptic Gospels, though the author does not invoke Jesus' authority.

Framing his letter within an overall theme of patient perseverance during trials and temptations, James writes in order to encourage his readers to live consistently with what they have learned in Christ. He condemns various sins, including pride, hypocrisy, favouritism, and slander. He encourages and implores believers to live humbly by godly, rather than by worldly wisdom; he encourages prayer in all situations.

The oldest extant manuscripts containing text of the letter are *Papyrus 20* (2:19 – 3:9) and *Papyrus 23* (1:10–12, 15–18), dating from the early 3rd Century. Most of the text (except 1:1–1:12) is preserved, in Coptic, in Papyrus 6, dating from the middle of the 4th Century.

AUTHORSHIP AND DATE

There are a number of early Christians named James and, when the early Church eventually accepted the canonical nature of the letter, they generally identified its author with 'James, the brother of the Lord' (Mt 13:55, 12:46), who played an important role in the early Jerusalem Church (Ac 12:17, 15:13–21, 21:18–26, 1Co 15:7, Ga 1:19, 2:9–12), and who was executed around 62 CE. This is not the Apostle, 'James the son of Zebedee' (Mt 10:2ff), who was martyred by Herod in 44 CE.

Many scholars today date the letter to the end of the 1st Century or the beginning of the 2nd and argue that it is pseudepigraphal (writing under the 'authority' of an established, historical figure was a common custom in the times of the OT & NT). Others advocate a two-stage composition theory, in which many sayings in the letter originate with James the brother of the Lord; these were then collected by James' disciples and redacted into the current form of the letter.

- ¹ Ἰάχωβος θεοῦ καὶ κυρίου Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ δοῦλος ταῖς ¹ From James, slave of God and of the Lord Jesus Christ. δώδεκα φυλαῖς ταῖς ἐν τῆ διασπορῷ χαίρειν.
- λειπόμενοι.
- δίψυχος, ἀκατάστατος ἐν πάσαις ταῖς ὁδοῖς αὐτοῦ.

JAMES 1

- Greetings to the twelve tribes of the Dispersion.
- 2 Πᾶσαν χαρὰν ἡγήσασ 3 ε, ἀδελφοί μου, ὅταν πειρασμοῖς 2 My brothers, consider it a great joy when you face trials of περιπέσητε ποιχίλοις, ³ γινώσκοντες ὅτι τὸ δοχίμιον ὑμῶν many kinds; ³ for, you know well that the testing of your faith τῆς πίστεως κατεργάζεται ὑπομονήν· ⁴ ἡ δὲ ὑπομονὴ ἔργον produces endurance 4 and endurance must complete its work τέλειον ἐχέτω, ἵνα ἦτε τέλειοι καὶ ὁλόκληροι, ἐν μηδενὶ so that you will become fully developed and complete, lacking in nothing.
- ⁵ Εἰ δέ τις ὑμῶν λείπεται σοφίας, αἰτείτω παρὰ τοῦ ⁵ Any of you who lacks wisdom must ask God, who gives to διδόντος θεοῦ πᾶσιν $\dot{\alpha}$ πλῶς καὶ μὴ ὀνειδίζοντος, καὶ all generously and without scolding; it will be given. ⁶ But the διαχοινόμενος, δ γαρ διαχοινόμενος ἔοιχεν κλύδωνι a person who has doubts is like the waves thrown up in the θαλάσσης ἀνεμιζομένω καὶ ὁιπιζομένω· μὴ γὰρ οἶέσθω ὁ sea by the buffeting of the wind. 7 That sort of person, being $ανθρωπος ἐκεῖνος ὅτι λήμψεταί τι παρὰ τοῦ κυρίου, <math>^8$ ἀνὴρ double-minded, 8 inconsistent in every activity, must not expect to receive anything from the Lord.

- The literal translation of 'Greetings' is 'Rejoice', a normal Greek greeting; v. 2 makes a pun on the word. Undoubtedly, the background for the concept of being the Lord's 'slave' is to be found in the Old Testament; for a Jew, this concept did not connote drudgery but honour and privilege. It was used of Israel at times (Is 43:10) but was especially associated with famous OT personalities, including such great men as Moses (Jos 14:7), David (Ps 89:3; cf. 2S 7:5, 8), and Elijah (2K 10:10); all these men were 'servants (or slaves) of the Lord'.
- After 'brothers', the NRSV adds 'and sisters'.
- The *NJB* has 'perseverance' in place of 'endurance' (as also in v. 4).
- ⁴ In place of 'lacking in nothing', the NJB has 'not deficient in any way'.
- The NRSV has 'ungrudgingly' in place of 'without scolding'.
- ⁶ The NRSV [& WEBBE] end with 'and tossed [about] by the wind'.
- The *NRSV* has the text of this verse as part of v. 8 and has an empty v. 7.
- In place of 'inconsistent', the NRSV has 'unstable'.

πλούσιος έν ταῖς πορείαις αὐτοῦ μαρανθήσεται.

16 μη πλανᾶσθε, άδελφοί μου άγαπητοί.

9 Καυχάσθω δε δ άδελφὸς δ ταπεινὸς ἐν τῷ ὕψει αὐτοῦ, το δ 9 It is right that the brother in humble circumstances should δὲ πλούσιος ἐν τῆ ταπεινώσει αὐτοῦ, ὅτι ὡς ἄνθος χόρτου glory in being lifted up 10 and the rich in being brought low. παρελεύσεται. $\dot{\alpha}$ ἀνέτειλεν γὰρ ὁ ἥλιος σὺν τῷ καύσωνι καὶ For, the rich will last no longer than a flower in the field; $\dot{\alpha}$ the έξήρανεν τὸν χόρτον, καὶ τὸ ἄνθος αὐτοῦ έξέπεσεν καὶ ἡ scorching sun comes up and the grass withers, its flower falls, εὐπρέπεια τοῦ προσώπου αὐτοῦ ἀπώλετο· οὕτως καὶ ὁ its beauty is lost. It is the same with the rich: in the middle of a busy life, the rich will wither.

12 Μακάριος ἀνὴρ ος ὑπομένει πειρασμόν, ὅτι δόκιμος 12 Blessed is anyone who endures temptation; for, he is of γενόμενος λήμψεται τὸν στέφανον τῆς ζωῆς, $\ddot{0}$ ν proven worth and will win the crown of life that he has ἐπηγγείλατο τοῖς ἀγαπῶσιν αὐτόν. 13 μηδεὶς πειραζόμενος promised to those who love him. 13 Never, when tempted, say, λεγέτω ὅτι Απὸ θεοῦ πειράζομαι· ὁ γὰρ θεὸς ἀπείραστός "God is tempting me;" God cannot be tempted by evil and he ἐστιν κακῶν, πειράζει δὲ αὐτὸς οὐδένα. 14 ἕκαστος δὲ does not tempt anybody. 14 Everyone is tempted by being πειράζεται ὑπὸ τῆς ἰδίας ἐπιθυμίας ἐξελκόμενος καὶ attracted and seduced by that person's own wrong desire. δελεαζόμενος· 15 εἶτα ἡ ἐπιθυμία συλλαβοῦσα τίκτει 15 Then the desire conceives and gives birth to sin; and, when άμαςτίαν, ή δε άμαςτία ἀποτελεσθεῖσα ἀποκύει θάνατον. sin reaches full growth, it gives birth to death. 16 Make no mistake about this, my dear brothers.

¹⁷ Πᾶσα δόσις ἀγαθή καὶ πᾶν δώρημα τέλειον ἄνωθέν ¹⁷ All that is good, all that is perfect, is given us from above; it $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\tau\nu$, καταβαῖνον ἀπὸ τοῦ πατρὸς τῶν φώτων, παρ' $\ddot{\phi}$ οὐκ comes down from the Father of all light; with him, there is no

⁹ The *NRSV* has 'believer' in place of 'brother'.

¹⁰ The *NJB* has 'wild flower' in place of 'flower in the field'.

Another reading for the opening is, "The sun comes up with a scorching wind."

¹² In place of 'he has promised', some MSS have 'God has promised' and others have 'the Lord has promised' (as does the NJB).

¹³ In place of 'tempted', the NJB has 'you are being put to the test'.

¹⁴ The NJB has 'put to the test' in place of 'tempted'.

¹⁵ The language here is highly reminiscent of that of Jewish wisdom literature.

¹⁶ In place of 'my dear brothers', the NRSV has 'my beloved'.

¹⁷ The *Vetus Latina* omits 'from above'. Some MSS ends with, "variation due to a shadow of turning."

τινα τῶν αὐτοῦ κτισμάτων.

τὰς ψυχὰς ὑμῶν.

²² Γίνεσθε δὲ ποιηταὶ λόγου καὶ μὴ ἀκφοαταὶ μόνον παφα- ²² But you must do what the Word tells you and not just listen έργου, οὖτος μακάριος ἐν τῆ ποιήσει αὐτοῦ ἔσται.

 $= \frac{18}{6}$ με $= \frac{18}{6}$ με $= \frac{18}{6}$ με $= \frac{18}{6}$ γατίατος, πο shadow due to change. $= \frac{18}{6}$ By his own choice, he ἀπεχύησεν ἡμᾶς λόγω ἀληθείας, εἰς τὸ εἶναι ἡμᾶς ἀπαρχήν gave birth to us by the message of the truth, so that we should be a sort of first fruits of all his creation.

 19 $^{\prime\prime}$ Ιστε, ἀδελφοί μου ἀγαπητοί. ἔστω δὲ πᾶς ἄνθρωπος 19 You must understand this, my dear brothers: let everyone be ταχύς είς τὸ ἀκοῦσαι, βραδύς είς τὸ λαλῆσαι, βραδύς είς quick to listen but slow to speak and slow to anger; 20 For, ²¹ διὸ ἀποθέμενοι πᾶσαν ὁυπαρίαν καὶ περισσείαν κακίας ἐν away with all sordidness and rank growth of wickedness; πραΰτητι δέξασθε τὸν ἔμφυτον λόγον τὸν δυνάμενον σῶσαι humbly welcome the Word that has been planted in you and can save your souls.

λογιζόμενοι ἑαυτούς. ²³ ὅτι εἴ τις ἀκροατης λόγου ἐστὶν καὶ to it and deceive yourselves. ²³ For, anyone who listens to the οὐ ποιητής, οὖτος ἔοικεν ἀνδοὶ κατανοοῦντι τὸ πρόσωπον Word and takes no action is like someone who looks at his own τῆς γενέσεως αὐτοῦ ἐν ἐσόπτρῳ· ²⁴ κατενόησεν γὰρ ἑαυτὸν features in a mirror and, ²⁴ once he has seen what he looks like, καὶ ἀπελήλυθεν καὶ εὐθέως ἐπελάθετο ὁποῖος ἦν. 25 ὁ δὲ goes off and immediately forgets it. 25 But anyone who looks παραχύψας είς νόμον τέλειον τὸν τῆς ἐλευθερίας καὶ παρα- steadily at the perfect law of freedom and keeps to it - not μείνας, οὐκ ἀκροατης ἐπιλησμονῆς γενόμενος ἀλλὰ ποιητης being listeners who forget but putting it into practice - will be blessed in every undertaking.

¹⁸ For 'all his creation', the NRSV has 'his creatures'.

¹⁹ In place of 'my dear brothers', the NRSV has 'my beloved'.

²⁰ The word translated 'human' here is ἀνδρὸς, which often means 'male' or 'man' (as opposed to 'woman' but it is sometimes used generically and, in this context, contrasted with 'God's righteousness', the point is human anger (not exclusively male).

²¹ In place of 'all sordidness and rank growth of wickedness', the NJB has 'all impurities and remnants of evil' and NETB has 'all filth and evil excess'. Another reading for 'save your souls' is 'preserve your life'.

²² The *NRSV* does not capitalise 'Word'.

²³ The literal translation of 'his own features' is 'the face of his birth'.

²⁴ Literally translated, this verse ends, "and he has gone out and immediately has forgotten."

²⁵ The *NRSV* & *NETB* have '*liberty*' in place of '*freedom*'.

 26 E'' τ 15 δοκεί θρησκὸς εἶναι, μὴ χαλιναγωγῶν γλῶσσαν 26 Nobody who fails to bridle the tongue can claim to be έν τῆ θλίψει αὐτῶν, ἄσπιλον ἑαυτὸν τηρεῖν ἀπὸ τοῦ κόσμου. and keeping oneself uncontaminated by the world.

 $a\dot{v}$ \dot{v} \dot{v} θρησκεία. ²⁷ θρησκεία καθαρὰ καὶ ἀμίαντος παρὰ τῷ θεῷ ²⁷ Pure, unspoilt religion, in the eyes of God the Father, is this: καὶ πατρὶ αὕτη ἐστίν, ἐπισκέπτεσθαι ὀρφανοὺς καὶ χήρας coming to the help of orphans and widows in their hardships

²⁶ In place of 'bridle', the NJB has 'keep a tight rein on'.

The NJB has 'God our Father' in place of 'God the Father'; the literal translation is 'the God and Father' $(\tau \tilde{\varphi} \vartheta \epsilon \tilde{\varphi} \varkappa \alpha) \pi \alpha \tau \varphi)$.

 $^{\it t}$ Åδελφοί μου, μ $\dot{\eta}$ ἐν προσωπολημψίαις ἔχετε τ $\dot{\eta}$ ν πίστιν $^{\it 1}$ My brothers, do not let partiality enter into your faith in Jesus έπικληθεν έφ' ύμᾶς;

JAMES 2

τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ τῆς δόξης. ² ἐὰν γὰρ Christ, our glorified Lord. ² For, if a man comes into your εἰσέλθη εἰς συναγωγὴν ὑμῶν ἀνὴρ χρυσοδακτύλιος ἐν synagogue, well-dressed and gold rings, and a poor man, in $\dot{\epsilon}\sigma \Im \tilde{\eta} \tau i \lambda a \mu \pi \varrho \tilde{a}$, $\epsilon i \sigma \dot{\epsilon} \lambda \Im \eta \delta \dot{\epsilon} \kappa a \dot{i} \pi \tau \omega \chi \dot{o} \zeta \dot{\epsilon} v \dot{\varrho} \upsilon \pi a \varrho \tilde{a} \dot{\epsilon} \sigma \Im \tilde{\eta} \tau i$, shabby clothes, also comes in, 3 and you take notice of the well-3 ἐπιβλέψητε δὲ ἐπὶ τὸν φοροῦντα τὴν ἐσθῆτα τὴν λαμπρὰν dressed man and say, "Come this way to the best seats;" then καὶ εἴπητε, Σ ὑ κάθου ὧδε καλῶς, καὶ τῷ πτωχῷ εἴπητε, you tell the poor man, "Stand over there, " or, "You can sit on Σύ στηθι η κάθου ἐκεῖ ὑπὸ τὸ ὑποπόδιόν μου, 4 οὐ the floor by my footrest." 4 In making this distinction among διεχρίθητε ἐν ἑαυτοῖς καὶ ἐγένεσθε κριταὶ διαλογισμῶν yourselves, are you not judges with evil thoughts? 5 Listen, my πονηρῶν; 5 Ακούσατε, ἀδελφοί μου ἀγαπητοί. οὐχ ὁ θεὸς dear brothers: it was those who were poor according to the έξελέξατο τοὺς πτωχοὺς τῷ κόσμῳ πλουσίους ἐν πίστει καὶ world that God chose, to be rich in faith and to be the heirs to κληρονόμους τῆς βασιλείας ῆς ἐπηγγείλατο τοῖς ἀγαπῶσιν the kingdom that he promised to those who love him. 6 You, $a\dot{v}$ \dot{v} \dot{v} καταδυναστεύουσιν ύμῶν, καὶ αὐτοὶ ἕλκουσιν ύμᾶς εἰς who lord it over you? Are they not the ones who drag you into κριτήρια; ⁷οὐκ αὐτοὶ βλασφημοῦσιν τὸ καλὸν ὄνομα τὸ court, ⁷ who blaspheme the honourable name that has been pronounced over you?

- Literally translated, the verse ends, "Our Lord Jesus Christ of glory." In place of 'partiality', the NJB has 'class distinction' and the NRSV has 'acts of favouritism'.
- ² In place of 'synagogue', here following the Greek text (συναγωγήν) and NJB, the NRSV & NETB have 'assembly'. The word usually means a Jewish place of worship but can be more general (another option is 'meeting').
- ³ The literal translation of 'by my footrest' is 'under my footstool'.
- ⁴ The NJB ends the verse with, "have you not used a corrupt standard?"
- After 'brothers', the NRSV adds 'and sisters'.
- In the Greek text, 'the poor' is singular (i.e. referring to the poor man of v. 2).
- The *NJB* starts this verse earlier, at 'Are they not the ones'.

κρίσεως.

πίστις, ἐὰν μὴ ἔχη ἔργα, νεκρά ἐστιν καθ' ἑαυτήν.

 8 Εἰ μέντοι νόμον τελεῖτε βασιλικὸν κατὰ τὴν γραφήν, 8 You do well to keep the royal Law of scripture: You will love $\dot{A}\gamma a\pi \dot{\eta}\sigma \epsilon_{i}\zeta$ $\dot{\tau}\dot{\delta}\nu$ $\pi\lambda\eta\sigma\dot{\delta}\sigma\nu$ $\sigma\delta\nu$ $\dot{\omega}\zeta$ $\sigma\epsilon a\nu\dot{\tau}\dot{\delta}\nu$, $\kappa a\lambda\ddot{\omega}\zeta$ $\pi\delta\iota\epsilon\dot{\epsilon}\tau\epsilon$ your neighbour as yourself; 9 but, as soon as you show προσωπολημπτεῖτε, \dot{a} μαρτίαν \dot{e} ογάζεσ ϑ ε, prejudice, you commit sin and are convicted by the Law as έλεγχόμενοι ὑπὸ τοῦ νόμου ὡς παραβάται. το ὅστις γὰρ ὅλον sinners. 10 For, whoever keeps the whole Law but trips up on τὸν νόμον τηρήση, πταίση δὲ ἐν ἑνί, γέγονεν πάντων a single point is still guilty of it all. 11 For, he who said, "You ένοχος. 11 $\dot{\delta}$ $\gamma \dot{\alpha} \varrho$ εἰπών, $M \dot{\eta}$ μοιχεύσης, εἶπεν καί, $M \dot{\eta}$ must not commit adultery" said also, "You must not kill." φονεύσης· εἰ δὲ οὐ μοιχεύεις, φονεύεις δέ, γέγονας Now if you do not commit adultery but do commit murder, παραβάτης νόμου. 12 οὕτως λαλεῖτε καὶ οὕτως ποιεῖτε ώς you are a violator of the law. 12 Speak and act as people who διὰ νόμου ἐλευθερίας μέλλοντες κρίνεσθαι. 13 ή γὰρ κρίσις are to be judged by the law of freedom. 13 Whoever acts ἀνέλεος τῷ μὴ ποιήσαντι ἔλεος κατακαυχᾶται ἔλεος without mercy will be judged without mercy; but mercy triumphs over judgement.

¹⁴ Τί τὸ ὄφελος, ἀδελφοί μου, ἐὰν πίστιν λέγη τις ἔχειν, ¹⁴ What good is it, my brothers, if someone claims to have faith ἔργα δὲ μὴ ἔχη; μὴ δύναται ἡ πίστις σῶσαι αὐτόν; 15 ἐὰν but does not have works? Can faith save you? 15 If a brother or $\dot{a}\delta\epsilon\lambda\varphi\dot{o}\zeta\dot{\eta}\dot{\eta}\dot{a}\delta\epsilon\lambda\varphi\dot{\eta}\dot{\gamma}$ $\gamma\nu\mu\nu\dot{o}\dot{i}$ $\dot{\nu}\pi\dot{a}\varrho\chi\omega\sigma\nu$ $\kappa\dot{a}\dot{i}$ $\lambda\epsilon\imath\pi\dot{o}\mu\epsilon\nu\dot{o}\iota$ $\tau\tilde{\eta}\zeta$ sister needs clothes and lacks daily food, \dot{i}^6 and one of you says $\dot{\epsilon}\varphi\eta\mu\dot{\epsilon}\varrho o \tau \tau \varrho o \varphi \tilde{\eta} \varsigma$, $\dot{\tau}^{i\delta} \epsilon \ddot{n} \eta \delta \dot{\epsilon} \tau \iota \varsigma a \dot{\nu} \tau o \tilde{\iota} \varsigma \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\xi} \dot{\nu} \mu \tilde{\omega} \nu$, $\Upsilon \pi \dot{a} \gamma \epsilon \tau \epsilon$ to them, "I wish you well; keep yourself warn and eat plenty," έν εἰρήνη, θερμαίνεσθε καὶ χορτάζεσθε, μὴ δῶτε δὲ αὐτοῖς without giving them these bare necessities of life, then what is go with it, it is quite dead.

⁸ The *NIB* has 'supreme' in place of 'royal'. The verse quotes Lv 19:18.

⁹ The *NJB* has 'class distinction' in place of 'prejudice'.

¹⁰ Before 'it all', the NJB adds 'breaking'.

¹¹ This verse quotes Ex 20:13–14 or Dt 5:17–18.

¹² The NRSV has 'freedom' in place of 'liberty'.

¹³ The NJB ends with, "but mercy can afford to laugh at judgement."

¹⁴ After 'brothers', the NRSV adds 'and sisters'.

¹⁵ Here, the term 'brother or sister' is explicit in the Greek text (ἀδελφὸς ἢ ἀδελφὴ).

¹⁶ A more literal translation of 'bare necessities of life' is 'what is necessary for the body'.

¹⁷ The literal translation of 'it is quite dead' is 'it is dead by itself'.

έργων νεκρά έστιν.

¹⁸ Άλλ' ἐρεῖ τις, Σὑ πίστιν ἔχεις κἀγὼ ἔργα ἔχω. δεῖξόν 18 But someone may say, "You have faith and I have deeds?" μοι τὴν πίστιν σου χωρὶς τῶν ἔργων, κἀγώ σοι δείξω ἐκ Show me your faith without deeds and, by my deeds, I will ἐστιν; καλῶς ποιεῖς· καὶ τὰ δαιμόνια πιστεύουσιν καὶ well; but even the demons believe that and they tremble with φρίσσουσιν. ²⁰ θέλεις δε γνῶναι, ὧ ἄνθρωπε κενέ, ὅτι ἡ fear. ²⁰ Fool! Would you not like to know that faith without πίστις χωρὶς τῶν ἔργων ἀργή ἐστιν; ²¹ Ἀβραὰμ ὁ πατὴρ deeds is useless? ²¹ Was not Abraham our father justified by ἡμῶν οὐκ ἐξ ἔργων ἐδικαιώθη, ἀνενέγκας Ἰσαὰκ τὸν υἱὸν his deed, when he offered his son Isaac on the altar? 22 So, you αὐτοῦ ἐπὶ τὸ θυσιαστήριον; ²² βλέπεις ὅτι ἡ πίστις συνήργει can see that his faith was working together with his deeds; his τοῖς ἔργοις αὐτοῦ καὶ ἐκ τῶν ἔργων ἡ πίστις ἐτελειώθη, faith became perfect by what he did. 23 Thus, the scripture was 23 καὶ ἐπληρώ 9 η ἡ γρα 9 η ἡ λέγουσα, Ἐπίστευσεν δὲ fulfilled: Abraham put his faith in God and this was Αβοαάμ τῷ θεῷ, καὶ ἐλογίσθη αὐτῷ εἰς δικαιοσύνην, καὶ considered as making him upright; and he received the name, φίλος θεοῦ ἐκλήθη. ²⁴ ὁρᾶτε ὅτι ἐξ ἔργων δικαιοῦται 'Friend of God'. ²⁴ You see now that it is by deeds, and not by ἄνθρωπος καὶ οὐκ ἐκ πίστεως μόνον. 25 ὁμοίως δὲ καὶ Ῥαὰβ faith alone, that someone is justified. 25 There is another $\dot{\eta}$ πόρνη οὐκ ἐξ ἔργων ἐδικαιώ ϑ η, ὑποδεξαμένη τοὺς example of the same kind: Rahab the prostitute, was she not ἀγγέλους καὶ ἑτέρα ὁδῷ ἐκβαλοῦσα; ²⁶ ὥσπερ γὰρ τὸ σῷμα justified by her deeds because she welcomed the messengers χωρίς πνεύματος νεκρόν ἐστιν, οὕτως καὶ ἡ πίστις χωρίς and showed them a different way to leave? ²⁶ As a body without spirit is dead, so faith without deeds is dead.

¹⁸ There is considerable doubt about where the words of the 'someone' end and where James' reply begins; some see the quotation running to the end of v. 18, others to the end of v. 19. However, most punctuate as shown here.

¹⁹ In place of 'you do well', the NJB has 'that is credible enough'.

²⁰ The literal translation of 'Fool' is 'O empty man'.

²¹ The *NRSV* has 'ancestor' in place of 'father'.

²² In place of 'working together with', the NRSV has 'active along with'.

²³ The quotation is from Gn 15:6.

²⁴ The NJB has 'only by believing' in place of 'by faith alone'.

²⁵ In place of 'messengers', some MSS read 'spies'.

²⁶ The NJB ends with, "so is faith without deeds."

 $^{\it t}$ $M\dot{\eta}$ πολλοὶ διδάσκαλοι γίνεσ $^{\it t}$ ε, ἀδελφοί μου, εἰδότες ὅτι $^{\it t}$ Only a few of you, my brothers, should be teachers, knowing μικρον μέλος έστιν και μεγάλα αύχει.

JAMES 3

μείζον κρίμα λημψόμεθα. ² πολλά γὰρ πταίομεν ἄπαντες. that we shall receive a stricter judgement. ² For, we all trip up εἴ τις ἐν λόγω οὐ πταίει, οὖτος τέλειος ἀνήρ, δυνατὸς in many ways. One who does not trip up in speech has reached χαλιναγωγήσαι καὶ ὅλον τὸ σῶμα. ³ εἰ δὲ τῶν ἵππων τοὺς perfection and is able to keep the whole body on a tight rein. χαλινούς είς τὰ στόματα βάλλομεν είς τὸ πείθεσθαι αὐτούς 3 Once we put a bit in the horse's mouth, to make it do what ήμῖν, καὶ ὅλον τὸ σῶμα αὐτῶν μετάγομεν. ⁴ ἰδοὺ καὶ τὰ we want, we have the whole animal under our control. πλοῖα, τηλικαῦτα ὄντα καὶ ὑπὸ ἀνέμων σκληρῶν ⁴ Behold the ships: no matter how big they are, even if a gale is έλαυνόμενα, μετάγεται ὑπὸ ἐλαχίστου πηδαλίου ὅπου ἡ driving them, they are directed by a tiny rudder wherever the δομή τοῦ εὐθύνοντος βούλεται· 5 οὕτως καὶ ἡ γλῶσσα whim of the pilot decides. 5 So, the tongue is only a tiny part of the body but its boasts are great.

Ἰδοὺ ἡλίχον πῦρ ἡλίχην ὕλην ἀνάπτει· 6 καὶ ἡ γλῶσσα πῦρ, Think how small a flame can set fire to a huge forest. 6 And the δ κόσμος $\tau \tilde{\eta}$ ς δ δικίας, $\tilde{\eta}$ $\gamma \lambda \tilde{\omega}$ σσα καθίσταται έν τοῖς tongue is a flame, too. Among all the parts of the body, the μέλεσιν ήμῶν, ή σπιλοῦσα ὅλον τὸ σῶμα καὶ φλογίζουσα tongue is a whole world of iniquity: it infects the whole body; τὸν τροχὸν τῆς γενέσεως καὶ φλογιζομένη ὑπὸ τῆς γεέννης. catching fire itself from hell, it sets fire to the whole wheel of $7\pi\tilde{a}\sigma a \gamma \dot{a}\varrho \varphi \dot{\nu}\sigma \iota \varsigma \Im g \dot{\omega} \nu \tau \epsilon \kappa a \dot{\iota} \pi \epsilon \tau \epsilon \iota \nu \tilde{\omega} \nu \dot{\epsilon}\varrho \pi \epsilon \tau \tilde{\omega} \nu \tau \epsilon \kappa a \dot{\iota}$ creation. 7 For, every kind of wild animal, and birds, and έναλίων δαμάζεται καὶ δεδάμασται τῆ φύσει τῆ reptiles, and sea creatures, can all be tamed, and have been

- After 'brothers', the NRSV & NETB add 'and sisters'.
- The literal translation of 'trip up' (as NJB) is 'fail'.
- Some *MSS* open with 'Look!' in place of 'Once'.
- 4 'Behold', from iồoù, means look at, take notice, observe, see, or gaze at; it is often used as an interjection.
- The NRSV ends the 1st sentence with, "it boasts of great exploits."
- An alternative reading for the opening is, "The tongue is a fire, a whole wicked world in itself." A more literal translation of 'hell' is 'Gehenna'.
- The NJB has 'fish' in place of 'sea creatures' and 'humans' in place of 'the human species'.

άμπελος σύκα; ούτε άλυκον γλυκύ ποιήσαι ύδωρ.

13 Τίς σοφὸς καὶ ἐπιστήμων ἐν ὑμῖν; δειξάτω ἐκ τῆς καλῆς 13 Whoever is wise or understanding among you should, by a

 $\dot{a}\nu\partial_{\theta}\omega\pi\dot{i}\nu\eta$. \dot{a} $\dot{\gamma}\lambda\tilde{\omega}\sigma\sigma a\nu$ $\dot{o}\dot{u}\partial\dot{z}\dot{i}\zeta$ $\dot{\delta}a\mu\dot{a}\sigma a\iota$ $\dot{\delta}\dot{\nu}\nu a\tau a\iota$ tamed, by the human species; \dot{a} but nobody can tame the άνθρώπων άκατάστατον κακόν, μεστή ἰοῦ θανατηφόρου. tongue – it is a restless evil, full of deadly poison. 9 We use it ⁹ ἐν αὐτῆ εὐλογοῦμεν τὸν κύριον καὶ πατέρα, καὶ ἐν αὐτῆ to bless the Lord and Father but we also use it to curse people καταρώμεθα τοὺς ἀνθρώπους τοὺς καθ' ὁμοίωσιν θεοῦ who are made in the image of God: 10 the blessing and theγεγονότας· το ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ στόματος ἐξέρχεται εὐλογία καὶ curse come out of the same mouth. My brothers, this must be κατάρα. οὐ χρή, ἀδελφοί μου, ταῦτα οὕτως γίνεσθαι. wrong! 11 Does any spring produce a flow of both fresh water 11 $\mu\dot{\eta}\tau_l$ $\dot{\eta}$ $\pi\eta\gamma\dot{\eta}$ $\dot{\epsilon}\varkappa$ $\tau\ddot{\eta}\varsigma$ $a\dot{v}\tau\ddot{\eta}\varsigma$ $\delta\pi\ddot{\eta}\varsigma$ $\beta\varrho\dot{v}\epsilon_l$ $\tau\dot{\delta}$ $\gamma\lambda\nu\dot{\nu}\dot{\nu}$ $\kappa\dot{a}\dot{l}$ $\tau\dot{\delta}$ and salt water out of the same opening? 12 Can a fig tree yield πικρόν; 12 μη δύναται, άδελφοί μου, συκή έλαίας ποιήσαι η olives, my brothers, or a grapevine yield figs? No more can sea water yield fresh water.

 $\dot{a}\nu a\sigma \tau \varrho o\varphi \tilde{\eta} \zeta \ \tau \dot{a} \ \tilde{\epsilon}\varrho \gamma a \ a\dot{\upsilon} \tau o\tilde{\upsilon} \ \dot{\epsilon} \nu \ \pi \varrho a\ddot{\upsilon} \tau \eta \tau \iota \ \sigma o\varphi i a \zeta.$ ¹⁴ $\varepsilon i \ \delta \dot{\varepsilon} \ good life, show deeds done in the gentleness of wisdom. ¹⁴ But$ ζηλον πικρὸν ἔχετε καὶ ἐριθείαν ἐν τῆ καρδία ὑμῶν, μὴ if, at heart, you have bitter envy or selfish ambition, do not beκατακαυχᾶσθε καὶ ψεύδεσθε κατὰ τῆς ἀληθείας. 15 οὐκ boastful or hide the truth with lies; 15 this is not the wisdom ἔστιν αὕτη ἡ σοφία ἄνωθεν κατερχομένη, ἀλλὰ ἐπίγειος, that comes from above but earthly, mortal, and devilish. 16 For, ψυχική, δαιμονιώδης τό ὅπου γὰρ ζῆλος καὶ ἐριθεία, ἐκεῖ where there is envy and ambition, there is also disorder and \dot{a} καταστασία καὶ πᾶν φαῦλον πρᾶγμα. ¹⁷ ἡ δὲ ἄνωθεν wickedness of every kind; ¹⁷ but the wisdom from above is first

In place of 'restless', many MSS read 'uncontrollable' (ἀκατασχετόν), while most of the more significant MSS have ἀκατάστατον. Externally, the latter reading should be preferred but, internally, things are more complex.

⁹ The *NRSV* has 'likeness' in place of 'image'.

¹⁰ After 'brothers', the NRSV & NETB add 'and sisters'.

¹¹ In place of 'spring ... opening', the NJB has 'water supply ... pipe'.

¹² After 'brothers', the NRSV & NETB add 'and sisters'.

¹³ The NJB has 'give evidence of in place of 'show'.

¹⁴ In place of 'bitter envy', the NJB has 'the bitterness of jealousy'.

¹⁵ For 'mortal', the NJB has 'human', the NRSV has 'unspiritual', and NETB has 'natural'.

¹⁶ The NIB has 'disharmony' in place of 'disorder'.

¹⁷ Before 'from above', the NJB adds 'that comes down'.

τοῖς ποιοῦσιν εἰρήνην.

σοφία πρῶτον μὲν ἁγνή ἐστιν, ἔπειτα εἰρηνική, ἐπιεικής, pure, then peaceable, kindly, and considerate; it is full of εὐπειθής, μεστὴ ἐλέους καὶ καρπῶν ἀγαθῶν, ἀδιάκριτος, mercy and shows itself by doing good; there is no trace of ἀνυπόκριτος· 18 καρπὸς δὲ δικαιοσύνης ἐν εἰρήνη σπείρεται partiality or hypocrisy in it. 18 The peace sown by peacemakers brings a harvest of justice.

¹⁸ Other readings for 'by' are 'for' and 'among'.

JAMES 4

τ Πόθεν πόλεμοι καὶ πόθεν μάχαι ἐν ὑμῖν; οὐκ ἐντεῦθεν, ἐκ 1 Where do the wars and battles among you first start? Is it not τῶν ἡδονῶν ὑμῶν τῶν στρατευομένων ἐν τοῖς μέλεσιν from the desires that fight within you? 2 You want something ύμῶν; ² ἐπιθυμεῖτε, καὶ οὐκ ἔχετε· φονεύετε καὶ ζηλοῦτε, and you lack it; so, you will kill. You covet what you cannot καὶ οὐ δύνασθε ἐπιτυχεῖν· μάχεσθε καὶ πολεμεῖτε. οὐκ obtain; so, you fight to get your way by force. You do not have ἔχετε διὰ τὸ μὴ αἰτεῖσθαι ὑμᾶς· ³ αἰτεῖτε καὶ οὐ because you do not ask; ³ if you do ask and do not receive, you λαμβάνετε, διότι κακῶς αἰτεῖσθε, ἵνα ἐν ταῖς ἡδοναῖς ὑμῶν asked wrongly, to indulge your passions. 4 Adulterers! Do you δαπανήσητε. 4 μοιχαλίδες, οὐκ οἰδατε ὅτι ἡ φιλία τοῦ not realize that love for the world is hatred for God? Anyone κόσμου ἔχθοα τοῦ θεοῦ ἐστιν; $\ddot{ο}$ ς ἐαν οὖν βουληθη φίλος who chooses the world for a friend is constituted an enemy of εἶναι τοῦ κόσμου, ἐχθρὸς τοῦ θεοῦ καθίσταται. 5 ἢ δοκεῖτε God. 5 Can you not see the point of the saying in scripture, "He ὅτι κενῶς ἡ γραφὴ λέγει, Πρὸς φθόνον ἐπιποθεῖ τὸ πνεῦμα years jealously for the spirit he made to dwell in us?" ⁶ But he δὶ κατώκισεν ἐν ἡμῖν; ⁶ μείζονα δὲ δίδωσιν χάριν· διὸ λέγει, has given us an even greater grace, as scripture says: God Ο θεὸς ὑπερηφάνοις ἀντιτάσσεται, ταπεινοῖς δὲ δίδωσιν opposes the proud but he accords his favour to the humble. χάριν. 7 ὑποτάγητε οὖν τῷ 9 Εῷ· ἀντίστητε δὲ τῷ διαβόλω, 7 Give in to God, then; resist the devil and he will flee from καὶ φεύξεται ἀφ' ὑμῶν· 8 ἐγγίσατε τῷ 9 εῷ, καὶ ἐγγιεῖ you. 8 The nearer you go to God, the nearer God will come to ύμῖν. καθαρίσατε χεῖρας, άμαρτωλοί, καὶ άγνίσατε you. Clean your hands, you sinners, and clear your minds, you

- ¹ For the 2nd question, the NIB reads, "Is it not precisely in the desires fighting inside your own selves?"
- Some emend the text of this verse to read, "You want something and you lack it; you are envious and jealous and you cannot get it; you fight to get your way by force."
- ³ The NJB has 'pray[ed]' in place of 'ask[ed]'.
- ⁴ The word translated 'Adulterers' is feminine and recalls the imagery of Israel as the unfaithful wife of Yahweh (cf. Ho 1:2, Is 1:21, Jr 3:6–10).
- The quotation here is hard to identify.
- ⁶ The quotation here is from Pr 3:34 (*LXX*).
- The NJB has 'run away' in place of 'flee'.
- In place of 'double-minded', the NJB has 'waverers'.

ύψώσει ύμᾶς.

ποιεῖν καὶ μὴ ποιοῦντι, ἁμαρτία αὐτῷ ἐστιν.

καρδίας, δίψυχοι. ⁹ ταλαιπωρήσατε καὶ πενθήσατε καὶ double-minded. ⁹ Lament and mourn and weep. Your κλαύσατε· ὁ γέλως ὑμῶν εἰς πένθος μετατραπήτω καὶ ἡ laughter must be turned into mourning, your happiness into χαρὰ εἰς κατήφειαν. το ταπεινώθητε ἐνώπιον κυρίου, καὶ dejection. 10 Humble yourselves before the Lord and he will exalt you.

¹¹ Μή καταλαλεῖτε ἀλλήλων, ἀδελφοί· ὁ καταλαλῶν ¹¹ Brothers, do not slander one another. Whoever slanders a άδελφοῦ ἢ κρίνων τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ καταλαλεῖ νόμου καὶ brother, or condemns one, speaks against the Law and judges κρίνει νόμον· εἰ δὲ νόμον κρίνεις, οὐκ εἶ ποιητής νόμου ἀλλὰ the Law. But, if you judge the Law, you are not subject to it but κριτής. 12 εἶς ἐστιν νομοθέτης καὶ κριτής, ὁ δυνάμενος a judge. 12 There is only one lawgiver and judge, who is able to σωσαι καὶ ἀπολέσαι· σὺ δὲ τίς εἶ, ὁ κοίνων τὸν πλησίον; save or to destroy. So, who are you to judge your neighbour? 13 Άγε νῦν οἱ λέγοντες, Σήμερον ἢ αὕριον πορευσόμε 9 α εἰς 13 Well now, you who say, "Today or tomorrow, we are off to τήνδε τὴν πόλιν καὶ ποιήσομεν ἐκεῖ ἐνιαυτὸν καὶ this or that town and spend a year there, doing business, and έμπορευσόμεθα καὶ κερδήσομεν· 14 οἵτινες οὐκ ἐπίστασθε make money." 14 You do not know what your life will be $\tau \tilde{\eta} \zeta \ a \tilde{\nu} \varrho i \varrho v \pi o i a \ \dot{\eta} \ \zeta \omega \dot{\eta} \ \dot{\nu} \mu \tilde{\omega} v. \ \dot{a} \tau \mu \dot{i} \zeta \ \gamma \dot{a} \varrho \ \dot{e} \sigma \tau \varepsilon \ \pi \varrho \dot{o} \zeta \ \dot{o} \lambda \dot{i} \gamma o v$ tomorrow; for, you are a mist that appears for a little while and φαινομένη, ἔπειτα καὶ ἀφανιζομένη· 15 ἀντὶ τοῦ λέγειν then vanishes. 15 Instead of this, you should say, "If it is the ύμᾶς, Ἐὰν ὁ κύριος θέλη, καὶ ζήσομεν καὶ ποιήσομεν τοῦτο Lord's will, we shall still be alive to do this or that." 16 But, as $\mathring{\eta}$ ἐκεῖνο. 16 νῦν δὲ καυχᾶσθε ἐν ταῖς ἀλαζονείαις ὑμῶν· it is, how boastful and loud-mouthed you are! All such πᾶσα καύχησις τοιαύτη πονηρά ἐστιν. ¹⁷ εἰδότι οὖν καλὸν boasting is evil. ¹⁷ Anyone, then, who knows the right thing to do and fails to do it commits a sin.

⁹ For the 1st sentence, here following the *NRSV*, the *NJB* has, "*Appreciate your wretchedness and weep for it in misery*."

¹⁰ The NJB has 'lift you up' in place of 'exalt you'.

¹¹ After 'brothers', the NRSV adds 'and sisters'.

¹² Some *MSS* open with, "There is only one – the lawgiver."

¹³ In place of 'doing business', the NJB has 'trading'.

¹⁴ The NRSV opens, "You do not know what tomorrow will bring. What is your life?"

¹⁵ Literally translated, the verse opens, "Instead of your saying."

¹⁶ Another option for 'loud-mouthed' is 'arrogant'.

¹⁷ Literally translated, the verse ends, "to him it is sin."

¹ Άγε νῦν οἱ πλούσιοι, κλαύσατε ὀλολύζοντες ἐπὶ ταῖς ¹ Well now, you rich! Weep and wail for the miseries that are έφονεύσατε τὸν δίκαιον. οὐκ ἀντιτάσσεται ὑμῖν.

 7 Μαχροθυμήσατε οὖν, ἀδελφοί, ἕως τῆς παρουσίας τοῦ 7 So, be patient, brothers, until the Lord's coming. See: The

JAMES 5

ταλαιπωρίαις ύμῶν ταῖς ἐπερχομέναις. ² ὁ πλοῦτος ύμῶν coming to you. ² Your wealth has rotted; your clothes are all σέσηπεν καὶ τὰ ἱμάτια ὑμῶν σητόβρωτα γέγονεν, ³ ὁ moth-eaten. ³ All your gold and your silver are rusting away, χουσὸς ὑμῶν καὶ ὁ ἄργυρος κατίωται, καὶ ὁ ἰὸς αὐτῶν εἰς and the same rust will be a witness against you and eat into μαρτύριον ὑμῖν ἔσται καὶ φάγεται τὰς σάρκας ὑμῶν ὡς your flesh like a fire. You have stored up treasure for the final πῦρ· ἐθησαυρίσατε ἐν ἐσχάταις ἡμέραις. Δίδου ὁ μισθὸς days. 4 Can you hear, crying out against you, the wages that των έργατων των άμησάντων τας χώρας υμων υ you kept back from the labourers mowing your fields? The ἀφυστερημένος ἀφ' ὑμῶν κράζει, καὶ αἱ βοαὶ τῶν cries of the reapers have reached the ears of the Lord Sabaoth. θερισάντων είς τὰ ὧτα κυρίου Σαβαὼθ είσελήλυθαν. <math>5 On earth, you have had a life of comfort and luxury; in the ⁵ ἐτρυφήσατε ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς καὶ ἐσπαταλήσατε, ἐθρέψατε τὰς time of slaughter, you went on eating to your heart's content. καρδίας ὑμῶν ἐν ἡμέρα σφαγῆς. 6 κατεδικάσατε, 6 It was you who condemned the upright and killed them; they offered you no resistance.

κυρίου. ἰδοὺ ὁ γεωργὸς ἐκδέχεται τὸν τίμιον καρπὸν τῆς farmer waits patiently for the precious fruit of the ground until $\gamma \tilde{\eta}$ ς, μαχροθυμῶν ἐπ' αὐτῷ ἕως λάβη πρόϊμον καὶ ὄψιμον. it has had the early and late rains! 8 You, too, must be patient; ⁸ μακροθυμήσατε καὶ ὑμεῖς, στηρίξατε τὰς καρδίας ὑμῶν, do not lose heart, because the coming of the Lord is at hand.

- ¹ In place of 'Weep and wail', the NJB has 'Lament, weep'.
- ² The *NJB* has 'is rotting' in place of 'has rotted'.
- The NJB interprets the end of this verse rather differently, reading, "...eat into your body. It is like a fire that you have stored up for the final days."
- ⁴ This is a very rare use of the term, 'Lord Sabaoth' (or 'Lord of Hosts') in the New Testament.
- For 'went on eating to your heart's content', the NRSV has 'fattened your hearts'.
- The Greek text of this verse is a list of verbs without connectives.
- In place of 'rains', some MSS have 'fruits'.
- For 'is at hand', the NJB has 'will be soon'.

ὅτι ἡ παρουσία τοῦ κυρίου ἤγγικεν. 9 μὴ στενάζετε, 9 Do not grumble against one another, brothers, so that you οίκτίομων.

 12 Πρὸ πάντων δέ, ἀδελφοί μου, μὴ ὀμνύετε, μήτε τὸν 12 Above all, my brothers, do not swear by heaven or by the τὸ Naì vaì καὶ τὸ Οὐ οὕ, ἵνα μὴ ὑπὸ κρίσιν πέσητε. 'no' be 'no', lest you fall into hypocrisy.

άδελφοί, κατ' άλλήλων, ἵνα μὴ κριθῆτε· ἰδοὺ ὁ κριτής πρὸ may not be judged. See, the Judge is waiting at the gates. 10 For $\tau \tilde{\omega} \nu \ \vartheta \nu \rho \tilde{\omega} \nu \ \tilde{\epsilon} \sigma \tau \eta \varkappa \epsilon \nu$. ¹⁰ $\dot{\nu} \pi \dot{\rho} \delta \epsilon i \gamma \mu a \ \lambda \dot{a} \beta \epsilon \tau \epsilon$, $\dot{a} \delta \epsilon \lambda \varphi o i$, $\tau \tilde{\eta} \epsilon$ your example, brothers, in suffering and patience, take the μακοπαθείας μαὶ τῆς μακροθυμίας τοὺς προφήτας, οί prophets who spoke in the Lord's name; 11 remember it is those έλάλησαν έν τῷ ὀνόματι κυρίου. ¹¹ ἰδοὺ μακαρίζομεν τοὺς who had perseverance that we say are the blessed ones. You $\dot{\nu}$ πομείναντας την $\dot{\nu}$ πομονην $\dot{I}\dot{\omega}\beta$ ηκούσατε, καὶ τὸ τέλος have heard of the perseverance of Job and understood the κυρίου είθετε, ὅτι πολύσπλαγχνός ἐστιν ὁ κύριος καὶ Lord's purpose, realising that the Lord is merciful and compassionate.

οὐρανὸν μήτε τὴν γῆν μήτε ἄλλον τινὰ ὅρκον· ἤτω δὲ ὑμῶν earth, or by any oath at all. Let your 'yes', be 'yes' and your

 13 Καχοπαθεῖ τις ἐν ὑμῖν; προσευχέσθω· εὐθυμεῖ τις; 13 Is any among you suffering? He should pray. Is any ψαλλέτω. ¹⁴ ἀσθενεῖ τις ἐν ὑμῖν; προσκαλεσάσθω τοὺς cheerful? He should sing psalms. ¹⁴ Any one of you who is ill πρεσβυτέρους τῆς ἐκκλησίας, καὶ προσευξάσ ϑ ωσαν ἐπ' should send for the elders of the church, and they must anoint αὐτὸν ἀλείψαντες ἐλαίφ ἐν τῷ ὀνόματι [τοῦ] κυρίου· 15 καὶ the sick person with oil in the name of the Lord and pray over $\dot{\eta}$ εὐχ $\dot{\eta}$ τ $\ddot{\eta}$ ς πίστεως σώσει τὸν κάμνοντα, καὶ ἐγερεῖ αὐτὸν him. 15 The prayer of faith will save the sick and the Lord will δ κύριος· κὰν ἁμαρτίας $\mathring{\eta}$ πεποιηκώς, ἀφεθήσεται αὐτ $\tilde{\omega}$. raise him up; and, if he has committed sins, he will be forgiven. 16 έξομολογεῖσθε οὖν ἀλλήλοις τὰς ἁμαρτίας καὶ εὔχεσθε 16 So, confess your sins to one another and pray for one another

After 'brothers', NETB adds 'and sisters' (as also in v. 10).

¹⁰ The NRSV has 'beloved' in place of 'brothers' (as also in v. 9).

¹¹ The *NJB* has 'kind' in place of 'merciful'.

¹² In place of 'fall into hypocrisy' (as the WEBBE), the NJB, following the Textus Receptus, has 'make yourselves liable to judgement'.

¹³ The NJB does not use the question-answer structure of the Greek text, reading, "Anyone one among you ... should pray."

¹⁴ Some *MSS* omit 'of the Lord'.

¹⁵ Literally translated, the verse ends, "it will be forgiven him."

¹⁶ For 'works very powerfully', the NRSV has 'is powerful and effective'.

ύπερ ἀλλήλων, ὅπως ἰαθῆτε. πολύ ἰσχύει δέησις δικαίου to be cured; the heartfelt prayer of someone upright works ένεργουμένη.

17 Ἡλίας ἄνθοωπος ἦν ὁμοιοπαθής ἡμῖν, καὶ προσευχῆ προσηύξατο τοῦ μὴ βρέξαι, καὶ οὐκ έβρεξεν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς ένιαυτούς τρεῖς καὶ μῆνας ἕξ· 18 καὶ πάλιν προσηύξατο, καὶ ό οὐρανὸς ὑετὸν ἔδωκεν καὶ ἡ γῆ ἐβλάστησεν τὸν καρπὸν αὐτῆς.

19 Άδελφοί μου, έάν τις έν ύμῖν πλανηθή ἀπὸ τῆς ἀληθείας θανάτου καὶ καλύψει πληθος άμαρτιων.

very powerfully.

¹⁷ Elijah was a human being and frail, just like us - and he prayed earnestly that it would not rain and, for three years and six months, no rain fell; 18 and then he prayed again and the heavens gave rain and the earth yielded its harvest.

¹⁹ My brothers, if one of you strays away from the truth and καὶ ἐπιστρέψη τις αὐτόν, ²⁰ γινώσκετε ὅτι ὁ ἐπιστρέψας another brings him back to it, ²⁰ he may be sure that anyone άμαρτωλον έχ πλάνης όδοῦ αὐτοῦ σώσει ψυχὴν [αὐτοῦ] έχ who can bring back a sinner from his erring ways will be saving his soul from death and covering over many sins.

Although it is certainly true that Elijah was a 'man', $\alpha\nu\partial\rho\omega\pi\sigma\varsigma$ has here been translated as 'human being' because the emphasis in context is not on Elijah's masculine gender but on the common humanity he shared with the author and the readers.

¹⁸ NETB ends with 'and the land sprouted a harvest'.

¹⁹ After 'brothers', the NRSV & NETB add 'and sisters'.

²⁰ Some *MSS* open with 'you can be sure' in place of 'he may be sure'.