Βαρναβα Επιστολη † THE LETTER OF BARNABAS

INTRODUCTION

The Greek and English texts here presented are based on those published in: "<u>The Apostolic Fathers, Volume 2. Lake, Kirsopp, editor. (London: William Heinemann Ltd.; New York: The Macmillan Company, 1912).</u>" These were gleaned from the <u>Scaife Viewer website</u> (numerous minor corrections have been made). We also present the 1891 translation by J.B. Lightfoot (published posthumously) in a <u>separate file</u>, as also the <u>Greek text</u> of Lightfoot's transcription. Significant differences between the published Lake texts and Lightfoot's are noted. On the sources/provenance of the texts presented, and their accuracy, please refer to the notes in <u>this document</u>.

The core message of the *Letter of Barnabas* is that the Hebrew Scriptures were, from the days of their origin, written for use by Christians rather than by Jews; the author asserts that the Israelites had misinterpreted their own Law by applying it literally – its true meaning lies in its symbolic prophecies that foreshadow the coming of Jesus of Nazareth.

The *Letter of Barnabas*, like the (First) Letter of Clement and the Shepherd of Hermas, was held as canonical by some early Christian communities: Clement of Alexandria quotes it as Scripture and Origien refers to it as a 'Catholic Epistle'.

The significant extant manuscripts are as follows:

- 1. The Greek *Codex Sinaiticus* (the complete letter).
- 2. The Greek *Codex Constantinopolitanus* (11th Century, complete).
- 3. A series of nine Greek *MSS*, dependent on *Codex Vaticanus Gr. 859*, which also contain parts of the *Letter of Polycarp* (early 5th Century, lacking Chs 1–5a).
- 4. The Latin Codex Petropolitanus (9th/10th Century, lacking Chs 18-21).
- 5. Quotations by Clement of Alexandria.

AUTHORSHIP AND DATES

Clement of Alexandria (late 2nd Century) ascribes the work to 'Barnabas the Apostle' but nowhere in the letter itself does its author claim to be this apostle. It was almost certainly written in Alexandria, between 70 and 132 CE, most likely towards the early part of that period.



άγαπήσαντος ἡμᾶς, ἐν εἰρήνη.

γνῶσιν.

BARNABAS 1

¹Χαίρετε, νἱοὶ καὶ θυγατέρες, ἐν ὀνόματι κυρίου τοῦ ¹ Hail, sons and daughters, in the name of the Lord who loved us, in peace.

²Μενάλων μὲν ὄντων καὶ πλουσίων τῶν τοῦ θεοῦ ² Exceedingly and abundantly do I rejoice over your blessed δικαιωμάτων είς ὑμᾶς, ὑπέρ τι καὶ καθ' ὑπερβολήν and glorious spirit for the greatness and richness of God's ύπερευφραίνομαι ἐπὶ τοῖς μακαρίοις καὶ ἐνδόξοις ὑμῶν ordinances towards you; so innate is the grace of the gift of the πνεύμασιν· οὕτως ἔμφυτον τῆς δωρεᾶς πνευματικῆς χάριν spirit have you received. ³ Wherefore I congratulate myself the εἰλήφατε. ³διὸ καὶ μᾶλλον συγχαίρω ἐμαυτῷ ἐλπίζων more in my hope of salvation, because I truly see in you that σωθῆναι, ὅτι ἀληθῶς βλέπω ἐν ὑμῖν ἐκκεχυμένον ἀπὸ τοῦ the Spirit has been poured out upon you from the Lord, who πλουσίου τῆς πηγῆς κυρίου πνεῦμα ἐφ' ὑμᾶς. οὕτω με is rich in his bounty, so that the sight of you, for which I longed, ἐξέπληξεν ἐπὶ ὑμῶν ἡ ἐμοὶ ἐπιποθήτη ὄψις ὑμῶν. amazed me. ⁴ Being persuaded then of this, and being $4\pi \epsilon \pi \epsilon i \sigma \mu \epsilon v \circ \phi \tilde{v} v \circ \tilde{v}$ λαλήσας πολλὰ ἐπίσταμαι, ὅτι ἐμοὶ συνώδευσεν ἐν ὁδῷ understanding because the Lord has travelled with me in the δικαιοσύνης κύριος, καὶ πάντως ἀναγκάζομαι κάγὼ εἰς way of righteousness, I am above all constrained to this, to love τοῦτο, ἀγαπᾶν ὑμᾶς ὑπὲρ τὴν ψυχήν μου, ὅτι μεγάλη πίστις you above my own life, because great faith and love dwell in καὶ ἀγάπη ἐγκατοικεῖ ἐν ὑμῖν ἐπ' ἐλπίδι ζωῆς αὐτοῦ. you in the hope of his life. ⁵ I have therefore reckoned that, if I ⁵λογισάμενος οὖν τοῦτο, ὅτι ἐὰν μελήση μοι περὶ ὑμῶν τοῦ make it my care in your behalf to communicate somewhat of μέρος τι μεταδοῦναι ἀφ' οὖ ἔλαβον, ὅτι ἔσται μοι τοιούτοις that which I received, it shall bring me the reward of having πνεύμασιν ὑπηρετήσαντι εἰς μισθόν, ἐσπούδασα κατὰ μικρὸν ministered to such spirits, and I hasten to send you a short ύμῖν πέμπειν, ἴνα μετὰ τῆς πίστεως ὑμῶν τελείαν ἔχητε τὴν letter in order that your knowledge may be perfected along with your faith.

- In his usual style, Lightfoot opens with the first word in block capitals, XAIPETE.
- For οὕτως, here following the *Latin MS*, *Codex Sinaiticus* has ουτο and *Codex Constantinopolitanus* has οὖ τό.
- Lightfoot lacks ἐμοὶ before ἐπιποθήτη. The literal translation of 'bounty' is 'spring'.
- Lightfoot lacks $\dot{\epsilon}\pi$ ' before $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\pi i\delta\iota$.
- Lightfoot includes the opening part of this verse ('considering this therefore, that') as part of v. 4.

⁶Τρία οὖν δόγματά ἐστιν κυρίου· ζωῆς ἐλπίς, ἀρχὴ καὶ τέλος ⁶ There are then three doctrines of the Lord: the hope of life is όλίγα, δι' ὧν ἐν τοῖς παροῦσιν εὐφρανθήσεσθε.

πίστεως ἡμῶν· καὶ δικαιοσύνη, κρίσεως ἀρχὴ καὶ τέλος· the beginning and end of our faith; and righteousness is the άγάπη εὐφροσύνης καὶ ἀγαλλιάσεως ἔργων δικαιοσύνης beginning and end of judgment; love of joy and of gladness is μαρτυρία. $^7 ἐγνώρισεν γὰρ ἡμῖν ὁ δεσπότης διὰ τῶν the testimony of the works of righteousness. <math>^7$ For, the Lord προφητῶν τὰ παρεληλυθότα καὶ τὰ ἐνεστῶτα, καὶ τῶν made known to us by his prophets things past and things μελλόντων δοὺς ἀπαρχὰς ἡμῖν γεύσεως, ὧν τὰ καθ' ἕκαστα present, giving us the first fruits of the taste of things to come; βλέποντες ἐνεργούμενα, καθώς ἐλάλησεν, ὀφείλομεν and, seeing these things coming to pass, as he said, we ought πλουσιώτερον καὶ ὑψηλότερον προσάγειν τῷ φόβῳ αὐτοῦ. to make a richer and deeper offering for fear of him. 8 But I will ⁸ ἐγὼ δὲ οὐχ ὡς διδάσκαλος, ἀλλ' ὡς εἶς ἐξ ὑμῶν ὑποδείξω show you a few things, not as a teacher but as one of yourselves, in which you shall rejoice at this present time.

The text of v. 6 is confused: the *Latin MS* has just tres sunt ergo constitutiones domini, vitae spes initium et consummatio and *Codex Sinaiticus* has τρία οὖν δόγματά ἐστιν κυρίου, ζωή, πίστις, ἐλπίς, ἀρχὴ καὶ τέλος ἡμῶν, καὶ δικεοσύνη κρίσεως ἀρχή, καὶ τέλος ἀγάπη, εὐφροσύνη, καὶ ἀγαλλιάσεως ἔργων ἐν δικαιοσύναις μαρτυρία. The text given here is that of Codex Constantinopolitanus, which gives the best sense, though it is doubtful if it is more than a correction of an early corruption.

Lake has 'through the prophets' in place of 'by his prophets', here following Lightfoot.

Lightfoot ends with, "in the present circumstances."

BARNABAS 2

¹ Ήμερῶν οὖν οὖσῶν πονηρῶν καὶ αὐτοῦ τοῦ ἐνεργοῦντος ¹ Seeing, then, that the days are evil and that the worker of evil έχοντος την έξουσίαν, ὀφείλομεν έαυτοῖς προσέχοντες himself is in power, we ought to give heed to ourselves and ἐκζητεῖν τὰ δικαιώματα κυρίου. ² τῆς οὖν πίστεως ἡμῶν εἰσιν seek out the ordinances of the Lord. ² Fear then, and patience βοηθοί φόβος καὶ ὑπομονή, τὰ δὲ συμμαχοῦντα ἡμῖν are the aids of our faith, and long-suffering and continence are μακροθυμία καὶ ἐγκράτεια· ³ τούτων οὖν μενόντων τὰ πρὸς our allies. ³ So, while, these things remain in holiness towards κύριον άγνῶς, συνευφραίνονται αὐτοῖς σοφία, σύνεσις, the Lord, wisdom, prudence, understanding, and knowledge ἐπιστήμη, γνῶσις. ⁴πεφανέρωκεν γὰρ ἡμῖν διὰ πάντων τῶν rejoice with them. ⁴ For, he has made plain to us through all προφητῶν, ὅτι οὔτε θυσιῶν οὔτε ὁλοκαυτωμάτων οὔτε the prophets that he needs neither sacrifices nor burnt προσφορῶν χρήζει, λέγων ὅτε μέν· 5 Τί μοι πλῆθος τῶν offerings nor oblations, saying in one place, 5 "What is the θυσιῶν ὑμῶν; λέγει κύριος. πλήρης εἰμὶ ὁλοκαυτωμάτων, multitude of your sacrifices to me? says the Lord. I am full of καὶ στέαρ ἀρνῶν καὶ αἶμα ταύρων καὶ τράγων οὐ βούλομαι, burnt offerings and desire not the fat of lambs and the blood of οὐδ' ἂν ἔρχησθε ὀφθῆναί μοι. τίς γὰρ ἐξεζήτησεν ταῦτα ἐκ bulls and goats, not even when you come to appear before me. τῶν χειρῶν ὑμῶν; πατεῖν μου τὴν αὐλὴν οὐ προσθήσεσθε. For, who has required these things at your hands? You shall ἐὰν φέρητε σεμίδαλιν, μάταιον· θυμίαμα βδέλυγμά μοί ἐστιν· tread my court no more. If you bring flour, it is vain. Incense is τὰς νεομηνίας ὑμῶν καὶ τὰ σάββατα οὐκ ἀνέχομαι. ⁶ταῦτα an abomination to me. I cannot stand your new moons and οὖν κατήργησεν, ἵνα ὁ καινὸς νόμος τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν Ἰησοῦ sabbaths." 6 These things, then, he annulled, so the new law of Χριστοῦ, ἄνευ ζυγοῦ ἀνάγκης ὤν, μὴ ἀνθρωποποίητον ἔχη our Lord Jesus Christ, free from the yoke of necessity, might τὴν προσφοράν. ⁷λέγει δὲ πάλιν πρὸς αὐτούς· Μὴ ἐγώ have its oblation not made by man. ⁷ Nay, but this was my

- Throughout his work, Lightfoot capitalizes *Kupiou* and its derivative forms when the title is used of God.
- Lake has 'helpers' in place of 'aids'.
- Lightfoot lacks *οὖν* before *μενόντων*.
- ⁴ For 'in one place', Lightfoot has 'at one time'.
- Lightfoot ends, "your new moons and your Sabbaths I cannot away with."
- ⁶ Lake has 'abolished' in place of 'annulled', here following Lightfoot.
- Lake opens the verse, here following Lightfoot, with, "Nay, but rather did I command them this."

κυρίω καρδία έκσφενδονήση ήμας ἀπὸ τῆς ζωῆς ἡμῶν.

ἐνετειλάμην τοῖς πατράσιν ὑμῶν ἐκπορευομένοις ἐκ γῆς command to them, 'Let none of you cherish any evil in his Αἰγύπτου, προσενέγκαι μοι ὁλοκαυτώματα καὶ θυσίας; 8 άλλ' heart against his neighbour and love not a false oath.'" 8 And ἢ τοῦτο ἐνετειλάμην αὐτοῖς· ἕκαστος ὑμῶν κατὰ τοῦ πλησίον again, he said to them, "Did I command your fathers when ἐν τῆ καρδία ἑαυτοῦ κακίαν μὴ μνησικακείτω, καὶ ὅρκον they came out of the land of Egypt to offer me burnt offerings ψευδῆ μὴ ἀγαπᾶτε. ⁹αἰσθάνεσθαι οὖν ὀφείλομεν, μὴ ὄντες and sacrifices? ⁹ We ought then to understand, if we are not ἀσύνετοι, τὴν γνώμην τῆς ἀγαθωσύνης τοῦ πατρὸς ἡμῶν, ὅτ' foolish, the loving intention of our Father, for he speaks to us, ἡμῖν λέγει, θέλων ἡμᾶς μὴ ὁμοίως πλανωμένους ἐκείνοις wishing that we should not err like them, but seek how we may ζητεῖν, πῶς προσάγωμεν αὐτῷ. 10 ἡμῖν οὖν οὕτως λέγει· make our offering to him. 10 To us then he speaks thus, Θυσία τῷ κυρίω καρδία συντετριμμένη, ὀσμή εὐωδίας τῷ "Sacrifice for the Lord is a broken heart, a smell of sweet δοξάζουσα τὸν πεπλακότα αὐτήν. savour to the Lord is a heart that glorifies him that made it." άκριβεύεσθαι οὖν ὀφείλομεν, άδελφοί, περὶ τῆς σωτηρίας We ought, therefore, brethren, carefully to enquire concerning ήμῶν, ἵνα μὴ ὁ πονηρὸς παρείσδυσιν πλάνης ποιήσας ἐν ἡμῖν our salvation, in order that the evil one may not achieve a deceitful entry into us and hurl us away from our life.

Lightfoot starts ἕκαστος with an uppercase *epsilon*.

Lightfoot has an *ano teleia* in place of the comma after πατρὸς ἡμῶν.

¹⁰ In place of τῷ κυρίω, here following Codex Constantinopolitanus and the Latin MS (and Lake), Codex Sinaiticus (and Lightfoot) has τῷ Θεῷ. The 1st part of this quotation is from Ps 51:19; the 2nd part, according to a note in *Codex Constantinopolitanus*, is from the Apocalypse of Adam.

¹Λέγει οὖν πάλιν περὶ τούτων πρὸς αὐτούς· Ἱνατί μοι ¹ To them he says then again concerning these things, "Why do

BARNABAS 3

νηστεύετε, λέγει κύριος, ώς σήμερον ἀκουσθῆναι ἐν κραυγῆ you fast for me, says the Lord, so that your voice is heard this την φωνην ύμῶν; οὐ ταύτην την νηστείαν ἐγὼ ἐξελεξάμην, day with a cry! This is not the fast that I chose, saith the Lord, λέγει κύριος, οὐκ ἄνθρωπον ταπεινοῦντα τὴν ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ, not a man humbling his soul; 2 nor, though you bend your neck ²οὐδ' ἂν κάμψητε ὡς κρίκον τὸν τράχηλον ὑμῶν καὶ σάκκον as a hoop, and put on sackcloth, and make your bed of ashes, ένδύσησθε καὶ σποδὸν ὑποστρώσητε, οὐδ' οὕτως καλέσετε not even so shall you call it an acceptable fast." ³ But to us he νηστείαν δεκτήν. ³πρὸς ἡμᾶς δὲ λέγει· Ἰδοὺ αὕτη ἡ νηστεία, says, "Behold! This is the fast that I chose, saith the Lord, loose ήν έγω έξελεξάμην, λέγει κύριος· λύε πάντα σύνδεσμον every bond of wickedness, set loose the fastenings of harsh άδικίας, διάλυε στραγγαλιάς βιαίων συναλλαγμάτων, agreements, send away the bruised in forgiveness, and tear up ἀπόστελλε τεθραυσμένους ἐν ἀφέσει καὶ πᾶσαν ἄδικον every unjust contract, give to the hungry thy bread; and, if you συγγραφήν διάσπα. διάθρυπτε πεινῶσιν τὸν ἄρτον σου, καὶ see a naked man, clothe him, bring the homeless into your γυμνὸν ἐὰν ἴδης περίβαλε· ἀστέγους εἴσαγε εἰς τὸν οἶκον σου, house and, if you see a humble man, despise him not, neither καὶ ἐὰν ἴδης ταπεινόν, οὐχ ὑπερόψη αὐτόν, οὐδὲ ἀπὸ τῶν vou nor any of the household of your seed. ⁴ Then shall your οἰκείων τοῦ σπέρματός σου. ⁴τότε ῥαγήσεται πρώϊμον τὸ φῶς light break forth as the dawn, and your robes shall rise quickly, σου, καὶ τὰ ἱμάτιά σου ταχέως ἀνατελεῖ, καὶ προπορεύσεται and your righteousness shall go before thee, and the glory of ἔμπροσθέν σου ἡ δικαιοσύνη, καὶ ἡ δόξα τοῦ θεοῦ περιστελεῖ God shall surround you. ⁵ Then you shall cry and God shall σε. ⁵ τότε βοήσεις, καὶ ὁ θεὸς ἐπακούσεταί σου, ἔτι λαλοῦντός hear you; while you are still speaking, he shall say, 'Lo I am σου ἐρεῖ· Ἰδοὺ πάρειμι· ἐὰν ἀφέλης ἀπὸ σοῦ σύνδεσμον καὶ here'; if you put away from you bondage, and violence, and χειροτονίαν καὶ ἡῆμα γογγυσμοῦ, καὶ δῷς πεινῶντι τὸν the word of murmuring, and give to the poor your bread with

- In place of Ἰνατί, Lightfoot reads Ἰνα τί and he lacks ἐγὼ before ἐξελεξάμην.
- ² Lightfoot ends the verse, "shall ye call a fast that is acceptable."
- For πάντα σύνδεσμον, Lightfoot has πᾶν σύνδεσμον.
- Here, ἱμάτιά follows Codex Constantinopolitanus and the Latin MS; Codex Sinaiticus has ἰάματά; this 'correction', which Lightfoot accepts, is no doubt what Barnabas meant but the MSS evidence suggests that it is not what he wrote.
- Throughout his work, Lightfoot capitalizes $\Theta \varepsilon \delta \zeta$ and its derivative forms.

μή προσρησσώμεθα ώς ἐπήλυτοι τῷ ἐκείνων νόμῳ.

ἄρτον σου ἐκ ψυχῆς σου καὶ ψυχὴν τεταπεινωμένην a cheerful heart and pity the soul that is abased." 6 So then, έλεήσης. είς τοῦτο οὖν, ἀδελφοί, ὁ μακρόθυμος προβλέψας, brethren, the long-suffering one foresaw that the people whom ώς ἐν ἀκεραιοσύνη πιστεύσει ὁ λαός, ὃν ἡτοίμασεν ἐν τῷ he prepared in his Beloved should believe in guilelessness and ηγαπημένω αὐτοῦ, προεφανέρωσεν ἡμῖν περὶ πάντων, ἵνα made all things plain to us beforehand that we should not be shipwrecked by conversion to their law.

In place of ἐπήλυτοι, here following *Codex Sinaiticus*, *Codex Constantinopolitanus* has προσήλυτοι and the *Latin MS* has proselytae; the use of the words in Philo suggests that they both mean proselytes, so that the evidence of the *Latin MS* is ambiguous.

κεράτων. ⁶συνιέναι οὖν ὀφείλετε. ἔτι δὲ καὶ τοῦτο ἐρωτῶ ⁶ You ought then to understand. And this also I ask you, as

BARNABAS 4

 $^{1}\Delta \varepsilon \tilde{i}$ \tilde{ovv} $\tilde{h}u\tilde{\alpha}\zeta$ $\pi \varepsilon \tilde{\rho}\tilde{i}$ $\tau \tilde{\omega}v$ $\tilde{\varepsilon}v\varepsilon \sigma \tau \tilde{\omega}\tau \omega v$ $\tilde{\varepsilon}\pi i\pi \tilde{o}\lambda v$ $\tilde{\varepsilon}\rho\alpha v \tilde{\omega}v\tau \alpha \zeta$ 1 It behoves us, therefore, to investigate earnestly into the ἐκζητεῖν τὰ δυνάμενα ἡμᾶς σώζειν. φύγωμεν οὖν τελείως things that now are, and to seek out those that are able to save ἀπὸ πάντων τῶν ἔργων τῆς ἀνομίας, μήποτε καταλάβη ἡμᾶς us. Let us, therefore, utterly flee from all the works of τὰ ἔργα τῆς ἀνομίας· καὶ μισήσωμεν τὴν πλάνην τοῦ νῦν lawlessness, lest the works of lawlessness overcome us; and let καιροῦ, ἵνα εἰς τὸν μέλλοντα ἀγαπηθῶμεν. 2 μὴ δῶμεν τῆ us hate the error of this present time, that we may be loved in έαυτῶν ψυχῆ ἄνεσιν, ὥστε ἔχειν αὐτὴν ἐξουσίαν μετὰ that which is to come. ² Let us give no freedom to our souls to άμαρτωλῶν καὶ πονηρῶν συντρέχειν, μήποτε ὁμοιωθῶμεν have power to walk with sinners and wicked men, lest we be αὐτοῖς. ³τὸ τέλειον σκάνδαλον ἤγγικεν, περὶ οὖ γέγραπται, made like them. ³ The final stumbling block is at hand, of ώς Ἐνώχ λέγει. Εἰς τοῦτο γὰρ ὁ δεσπότης συντέτμηκεν τοὺς which it was written, as Enoch says, "For to this end the Lord καιρούς καὶ τὰς ἡμέρας, ἴνα ταχύνη ὁ ἠγαπημένος αὐτοῦ καὶ has cut short the times and the days, that his beloved should ἐπὶ τὴν κληρονομίαν ήξη, ⁴λέγει δὲ οὕτως καὶ ὁ προφήτης· make haste and come to his inheritance." ⁴ And the Prophet Βασιλεῖαι δέκα ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς βασιλεύσουσιν, καὶ also says thus, "Ten kingdoms shall reign upon the earth and έξαναστήσεται ὅπισθεν μικρὸς βασιλεύς, ὅς ταπεινώσει τρεῖς there shall rise up after them a little king, who shall subdue ύφ' εν τῶν βασιλέων. 5 ὁμοίως περὶ τοῦ αὐτοῦ λέγει Δανιήλ· three of the kings under one." 5 Daniel says likewise Καὶ εἶδον τὸ τέταρτον θηρίον τὸ πονηρὸν καὶ ἰσχυρὸν καὶ concerning the same, "And I beheld the fourth Beasts wicked χαλεπώτερον παρὰ πάντα τὰ θηρία τῆς θαλάσσης, καὶ ὡς ἐξ and powerful and fiercer than all the beasts of the sea, and that αὐτοῦ ἀνέτειλεν δέκα κέρατα, καὶ ἐξ αὐτῶν μικρὸν κέρας ten horns sprang from it, and out of them a little excrescent παραφυάδιον, καὶ ὡς ἐταπείνωσεν ὑφ' εν τρία τῶν μεγάλων horn, and that it subdued under one three of the great horns."

- In place of ἐραυνῶντας, here following Codex Sinaiticus, Codex Constantinopolitanus has ἐρευνῶντας.
- ² Lightfoot has 'relaxation' in place of 'freedom'.
- ³ Lightfoot ends the verse with a full stop in place of the comma.
- In place of ὅπισθεν, here following Codex Constantinopolitanus and the Latin MS, Codex Sinaiticus (and Theodotion) has ὅπισθεν αὐτῶν.
- For θαλάσσης, here following *Codex Constantinopolitanus* and the *Latin MS* (and Lake), *Codex Sinaiticus* (and Lightfoot) has γῆς.
- For ὅτι ἡ διαθήκη ἐκείνων καὶ ἡμῶν, Lightfoot has ὅτι ἡ διαθήκη ἡμῶν μένει ἐκείνοις.

ύμᾶς ὡς εἶς ἐξ ὑμῶν ὤν, ἰδίως δὲ καὶ πάντας ἀγαπῶν ὑπὲρ being one of yourselves, and especially as loving you all above την ψυχήν μου, προσέχειν νῦν ἑαυτοῖς καὶ μη ὁμοιοῦσθαί my own life; take heed to yourselves now, and be not made τισιν ἐπισωρεύοντας ταῖς ἀμαρτίαις ὑμῶν λέγοντας, ὅτι ἡ like unto some, heaping up your sins and saving that the διαθήκη ἐκείνων καὶ ἡμῶν. ⁷ἡμῶν μέν· ἀλλ' ἐκεῖνοι οὕτως covenant is both theirs and ours. ⁷ It is ours: but in this way did είς τέλος ἀπώλεσαν αὐτὴν λαβόντος ἤδη τοῦ Μωϋσέως. they finally lose it when Moses had just received it; for, the λέγει γὰρ ἡ γραφή· Καὶ ἦν Μωϋσῆς ἐν τῷ ὄρει νηστεύων Scripture says: And Moses was in the mount fasting forty days ἡμέρας τεσσαράκοντα καὶ νύκτας τεσσαράκοντα, καὶ ἔλαβεν and forty nights, and he received the covenant from the Lord, την διαθήκην ἀπὸ τοῦ κυρίου, πλάκας λιθίνας γεγραμμένας tables of stone written with the finger of the hand of the Lord. τῷ δακτύλῳ τῆς χειρὸς τοῦ κυρίου. ⁸ ἀλλὰ ἐπιστραφέντες ἐπὶ ⁸ But they turned to idols and lost it. For, thus said the Lord, τὰ εἴδωλα ἀπώλεσαν αὐτήν. λέγει γὰρ οὕτως κύριος. Μωϋσῆ "Moses, Moses, go down quickly; for, your people, whom you Μωϋσῆ, κατάβηθι τὸ τάχος, ὅτι ἠνόμησεν ὁ λαός σου, οὓς brought forth out of the land of Egypt, have broken the Law." έξήγαγες ἐκ γῆς Αἰγύπτου, καὶ συνῆκεν Μωϋσῆς καὶ ἔριψεν And Moses understood and cast the two tables out of his τὰς δύο πλάκας ἐκ τῶν χειρῶν αὐτοῦ· καὶ συνετρίβη αὐτῶν hands, and their covenant was broken, in order that the ή διαθήκη, ἴνα ή τοῦ ἠγαπημένου Ἰησοῦ ἐγκατασφραγισθῆ covenant of Jesus the Beloved should be sealed in our hearts in εἰς τὴν καρδίαν ἡμῶν ἐν ἐλπίδι τῆς πίστεως αὐτοῦ. 9πολλὰ the hope that springs from faith in him. 9 (And, though I wish δὲ θέλων γράφειν, οὐχ ὡς διδάσκαλος, ἀλλ' ὡς πρέπει to write much, I hasten to write in devotion to you, not as a ἀγαπῶντι ἀφ' ὧν ἔχομεν μὴ ἐλλείπειν, γράφειν ἐσπούδασα, teacher, but as it becomes one who loves to leave out nothing περίψημα ὑμῶν. διὸ προσέχωμεν ἐν ταῖς ἐσχάταις ἡμέραις· of that which we have.) Therefore, let us pay heed in the last οὐδὲν γὰρ ώφελήσει ἡμᾶς ὁ πᾶς χρόνος τῆς πίστεως ἡμῶν, days; for, the whole time of our life and faith will profit us ἐὰν μὴ νῦν ἐν τῷ ἀνόμω καιρῷ καὶ τοῖς μέλλουσιν nothing, unless we resist, as becomes the sons of God in this σκανδάλοις, ώς πρέπει υἱοῖς θεοῦ, ἀντιστῶμεν, ἵνα μὴ σχῆ present evil time, against the offences that are to come, that the παρείσδυσιν ὁ μέλας. 10 φύγωμεν ἀπὸ πάσης ματαιότητος, Black One may have no opportunity of entry. 10 Let us flee

Lightfoot includes ἡμῶν μέν· ἀλλ' ἐκεῖνοι οὕτως εἰς τέλος ἀπώλεσαν αὐτήν, λαβόντος ἤδη τοῦ Μωϋσέως as part of v. 6.

In place of 'in the hope that springs from faith in him', here following Lightfoot', Lake ends with 'in hope of his faith'.

For τῆς πίστεως ἡμῶν, here following Codex Sinaiticus, Codex Constantinopolitanus has τῆς ζωῆς ἡμῶν and the Latin MS has vitae nostrae et fidei. In place of $iv\alpha$, here following Codex Sinaiticus, Codex Constantinopolitanus has iva $o\bar{v}v$; the Latin MS omits the text, $iv\alpha$ $[o\bar{v}v]$... $\mu \hat{\epsilon} \lambda \alpha \zeta$.

¹⁰ Note that Lightfoot capitalizes $M\dot{\eta}$ καθ'.

γέγραπται, πολλοί κλητοί, όλίγοι δὲ ἐκλεκτοὶ εύρεθῶμεν.

μισήσωμεν τελείως τὰ ἔργα τῆς πονηρᾶς ὁδοῦ. μὴ καθ' from all vanity, let us utterly hate the deeds of the path of έαυτους ἐνδύνοντες μονάζετε ώς ἤδη δεδικαιωμένοι, ἀλλ' wickedness. Do not by retiring apart live alone as if you were ἐπὶ τὸ αὐτὸ συνερχόμενοι συνζητεῖτε περὶ τοῦ κοινῆ already made righteous but come together and seek out the συμφέροντος. ¹¹λέγει γὰρ ἡ γραφή· Οὐαὶ οἱ συνετοὶ ἑαυτοῖς common good. ¹¹ For, the Scripture says, "Woe to them who καὶ ἐνώπιον ἑαυτῶν ἐπιστήμονες. γενώμεθα πνευματικοί, are prudent for themselves and understanding in their own γενώμεθα ναὸς τέλειος τῷ θεῷ. ἐφ' ὄσον ἐστὶν ἐν ἡμῖν, sight. Let us be spiritual, let us be a temple consecrated to God, μελετῶμεν τὸν φόβον τοῦ θεοῦ καὶ φυλάσσειν ἀγωνιζώμεθα so far as in us lies let us exercise ourselves in the fear of God, τὰς ἐντολὰς αὐτοῦ, ἴνα ἐν τοῖς δικαιώμασιν αὐτοῦ and let us strive to keep his commandments in order that we εὐφρανθῶμεν. 12 ὁ κύριος ἀπροσωπολήμπτως κρινεῖ τὸν may rejoice in his ordinances." 12 The Lord will judge the κόσμον. ἕκαστος καθώς ἐποίησεν κομιεῖται. ἐὰν $\tilde{\eta}$ ἀγαθός, $\hat{\eta}$ world without respect of persons. Each will receive according δικαιοσύνη αὐτοῦ προηγήσεται αὐτοῦ· ἐὰν $\tilde{\eta}$ πονηρός, δ to his deeds. If he is good, his righteousness will lead him; if μισθὸς τῆς πονηρίας ἔμπροσθεν αὐτοῦ· ¹³ ἵνα μήποτε he is evil, the reward of iniquity is before him. ¹³ Let us neverἐπαναπαύομενοι ὡς κλητοὶ ἐπικαθυπνώσωμεν ταῖς rest as though we were 'called' and slumber in our sins, lest άμαρτίαις ήμῶν, καὶ ὁ πονηρὸς ἄρχων λαβὼν τὴν καθ' ἡμῶν the wicked ruler gain power over us and thrust us out from the έξουσίαν ἀπώσηται ἡμᾶς ἀπὸ τῆς βασιλείας τοῦ κυρίου. 14 ἔτι Kingdom of the Lord. 14 Moreover, consider this also, my δὲ κἀκεῖνο, ἀδελφοί μου, νοεῖτε· ὅταν βλέπετε μετὰ brethren, when you see that, after such great signs and τηλικαῦτα σημεῖα καὶ τέρατα γεγονότα ἐν τῷ Ἰσραήλ, καὶ wonders were wrought in Israel, they were even then finally οὕτως ἐγκαταλελεῖφθαι αὐτούς· προσέχωμεν, μήποτε, ὡς abandoned; let us take heed lest as it was written we be found many called but few chosen.

¹¹ Lightfoot has the καὶ after Θεοῦ in brackets.

¹² In place of 'will judge', Lightfoot has 'judges'.

¹³ Here, 'called' is apparently a loose expression confiding in our call.

¹⁴ Lightfoot opens this verse with an uppercase *epsilon*.

BARNABAS 5

¹Εἰς τοῦτο γὰρ ὑπέμεινεν ὁ κύριος παραδοῦναι τὴν σάρκα εἰς ¹ For, it was for this reason that the Lord endured to deliver up καταφθοράν, ἵνα τῆ ἀφέσει τῶν ἁμαρτιῶν ἁγνισθῶμεν, ὅ his flesh to corruption, that we should be sanctified by the ἐστιν ἐν τῷ αἴματι τοῦ ῥαντίσματος αὐτοῦ. ²γέγραπται γὰρ remission of sin, that is, by his sprinkled blood. ² For, the περὶ αὐτοῦ $\ddot{\alpha}$ μὲν πρὸς τὸν Ἰσραήλ, $\ddot{\alpha}$ δὲ πρὸς ἡμᾶς, λέγει δὲ scripture concerning him relates partly to Israel, partly to us, οὕτως· Ἐτραυματίσθη διὰ τὰς ἀνομίας ἡμῶν καὶ and it speaks thus, "He was wounded for our transgressions μεμαλάκισται διὰ τὰς ἁμαρτίας ἡμῶν· τῷ μώλωπι αὐτοῦ and bruised for our iniquities, by his stripes we were healed. ἡμεῖς ἰάθημεν· ὡς πρόβατον ἐπὶ σφαγὴν ἤχθη, καὶ ὡς ἀμνὸς He was brought as a sheep to the slaughter, and as a lamb ἄφωνος ἐναντίον τοῦ κείραντος αὐτόν. ³οὐκοῦν ὑπερευ- dumb before its shearer." ³ Therefore, we ought to give great χαριστεῖν ὀφείλομεν τῷ κυρίῳ, ὅτι καὶ τὰ παρεληλυθότα thanks to the Lord that he has given us knowledge of the past, ἡμῖν ἐγνώρισεν καὶ ἐν τοῖς ἐνεστῶσιν ἡμᾶς ἐσόφισεν, καὶ εἰς and wisdom for the present, and that we are not without τὰ μέλλοντα οὐκ ἐσμὲν ἀσύνετοι. ⁴λέγει δὲ ἡ γραφή· Οὐκ understanding for the future. ⁴ And the Scripture says, "Not ἀδίκως ἐκτείνεται δίκτυα πτερωτοῖς. τοῦτο λέγει, ὅτι δικαίως unjustly are the nets spread out for the birds." This means that ἀπολεῖται ἄνθρωπος, δς ἔχων ὁδοῦ δικαιοσύνης γνῶσιν a man deserves to perish who has a knowledge of the way of έαυτὸν εἰς ὁδὸν σκότους ἀποσυνέχει. ⁵ ἔτι δὲ καὶ τοῦτο, righteousness but turns aside into the way of darkness. άδελφοί μου· εἰ ὁ κύριος ὑπέμεινεν παθεῖν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς 5 Moreover, my brethren, if the Lord endured to suffer for our ήμῶν, ὢν παντὸς τοῦ κόσμου κύριος ὧ εἶπεν ὁ θεὸς ἀπὸ life, though he is the Lord of all the world, to whom God said καταβολῆς κόσμου· Ποιήσωμεν ἄνθρωπον κατ' εἰκόνα καὶ before the foundation of the world, "Let us make man in our καθ' ὁμοίωσιν ἡμετέραν· πωζ οὖν ὑπέμεινεν ὑπὸ χειρὸς image and likeness," how, then, did he endure to suffer at the ἀνθρώπων παθεῖν; ⁶μάθετε. οἱ προφῆται, ἀπ' αὐτοῦ ἔχοντες hand of man? ⁶ Learn: The Prophets who received grace from

- ¹ For αἵματι τοῦ ῥαντίσματος αὐτοῦ, here following Codex Sinaiticus, Codex Constantinopolitanus and the Latin MS read ῥαντίσματι αὐτοῦ τού αἵματος, a natural correction of the more difficult phrase.
- Lightfoot has a comma in place of the *ano teleia* after ἀμαρτίας ἡμῶν.
- Lightfoot adds a comma after ἐγνώρισεν.
- Lightfoot lacks the comma after τοῦτο λέγει.
- Lightfoot opens this verse with an uppercase epsilon.
- Lightfoot includes μάθετε as part of v. 5.

την χάριν, εἰς αὐτὸν ἐπροφήτευσαν· αὐτὸς δέ, ἵνα καταργήση him prophesied of him, and he, so he might destroy death, and τὸν θάνατον καὶ τὴν ἐκ νεκρῶν ἀνάστασιν δείξη, ὅτι ἐν σαρκὶ show forth the Resurrection from the dead, because he needs ἔδει αὐτὸν φανερωθῆναι, ὑπέμεινεν, ⁷ἴνα τοῖς πατράσιν τὴν must be made manifest in the flesh endured ⁷ in order to fulfil ἐπαγγελίαν ἀποδῶ, καὶ αὐτὸς ἑαυτῶ τὸν λαὸν τὸν καινὸν the promise made to the fathers, and himself prepare for έτοιμάζων ἐπιδείξη ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς ὤν, ὅτι τὴν ἀνάστασιν αὐτὸς himself the new people and show while he was on earth that ποιήσας κρινεῖ. ⁸πέρας γέ τοι διδάσκων τὸν Ἰσραὴλ καὶ he himself will raise the dead and judge the risen. τηλικαῦτα τέρατα καὶ σημεῖα ποιῶν ἐκήρυσσεν, καὶ 8 Furthermore, while teaching Israel and doing such great ύπερηγάπησεν αὐτόν. ⁹ότε δὲ τοὺς ἰδίους ἀποστόλους τοὺς signs and wonders he preached to them and loved them μέλλοντας κηρύσσειν τὸ εὐαγγέλιον αὐτοῦ ἐξελέξατο, ὄντας greatly; 9 but, when he chose out his own Apostles who were ύπὲρ πᾶσαν ἀμαρτίαν ἀνομωτέρους, ἴνα δείξη, ὅτι οὐκ ἦλθεν to preach his Gospel, he chose those who were iniquitous καλέσαι δικαίους, ἀλλὰ ἀμαρτωλούς, τότε ἐφανέρωσεν above all sin, to show that he came not to call the righteous but έαυτὸν εἶναι υἱὸν θεοῦ. 10 εἰ γὰρ μὴ ἦλθεν ἐν σαρκί, οὐδ' ἄν sinners, then he manifested himself as God's Son. 10 For, if he πως οἱ ἄνθρωποι ἐσώθησαν βλέποντες αὐτόν, ὅτε τὸν had not come in the flesh, men could in no way have been μέλλοντα μη εἶναι ήλιον, ἔργον τῶν χειρῶν αὐτοῦ saved by beholding him; seeing that they have not the power ύπάρχοντα, ἐμβλέποντες οὐκ ἰσχύουσιν εἰς τὰς ἀκτῖνας when they look at the sun to gaze straight at its rays, though it αὐτοῦ ἀντοφθαλμῆσαι; ¹¹οὐκοῦν ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ θεοῦ εἰς τοῦτο ἐν is destined to perish, and is the work of his hands. ¹¹ So then, σαρκὶ ἦλθεν, ἵνα τὸ τέλειον τῶν ἀμαρτιῶν ἀνακεφαλαιώση the Son of God came in the flesh for this reason, to sum up the τοῖς διώξασιν ἐν θανάτω τοὺς προφήτας αὐτοῦ. 12 οὐκοῦν εἰς complete tale of their sins against those who persecuted his τοῦτο ὑπέμεινεν. λέγει γὰρ ὁ θεὸς τὴν πληγὴν τῆς σαρκὸς prophets to death. 12 For this cause, therefore, he endured. For, αὐτοῦ ὅτι ἐξ αὐτῶν· Ὅταν πατάξωσιν τὸν ποιμένα ἑαυτῶν, God says of the wounds of his flesh that it is from them, "When τότε ἀπολεῖται τὰ πρόβατα τῆς ποίμνης. 13 αὐτὸς δὲ ἡθέλησεν they shall smite their shepherd, then the sheep of the flock

⁷ In place of ἵνα τοῖς, Lightfoot opens with ἵνα καὶ τοῖς.

Lightfoot opens, "Yea and further."

Throughout his work, Lightfoot capitalizes *Θεοῦ* and its derivative forms.

¹⁰ For οὐδ' ἄν πως, here following *Codex Sinaiticus*, *Codex Constantinopolitanus* has οὐδ' ἄν and the *Latin MS* reads πως ἄν. Lightfoot opens the verse with an uppercase *epsilon*.

¹¹ In place of 'sum up the complete tale of their sins against those', here following Lightfoot, Lake has 'complete the total of the sins of those'.

¹² Lake has 'chastisement' in place of 'wounds'.

οὕτω παθεῖν· ἔδει γάρ, ἵνα ἐπὶ ξύλου πάθη. λέγει γὰρ ὁ shall be destroyed." 13 And he was willing to suffer thus, for it προφητεύων ἐπ' αὐτῷ. Φεῖσαί μου τῆς ψυχῆς ἀπὸ ῥομφαίας, καί· Καθήλωσόν μου τὰς σάρκας, ὅτι πονηρευομένων συναγωγαὶ ἐπανέστησάν μοι. 14 καὶ πάλιν λέγει· 'Ιδού, τέθεικά μου τὸν νῶτον εἰς μάστιγας, τὰς δὲ σιαγόνας εἰς ραπίσματα. τὸ δὲ πρόσωπόν μου ἔθηκα ώς στερεὰν πέτραν.

was necessary that he should suffer on a tree; for, the Prophet says of him, "Spare my soul from the sword;" and, "Pierce my flesh with nails; for, the synagogues of the wicked have risen against me." 14 And, again, he says, "Behold, I have given my back to scourges, and my cheeks to strokes, and I have set my face as a solid rock."

¹³ Lightfoot opens the verse with an uppercase *alpha* and lacks the word, νέστησάν.

¹⁴ Lightfoot adds μου before εἰς ῥαπίσματα.

BARNABAS 6

¹ Ότε οὖν ἐποίησεν τὴν ἐντολήν, τί λέγει; Τίς ὁ κρινόμενός ¹ When, therefore, he made the commandment what does he say? μοι; ἀντιστήτω μοι· ἢ τίς ὁ δικαιούμενός μοι; ἐγγισάτω τ $\tilde{\omega}$ "Who is he that comes into court! with me? Let him oppose me;" παιδί κυρίου. ²οὐαὶ ὑμῖν, ὅτι ὑμεῖς πάντες ὡς ἱμάτιον or, "Who is he that seeks justice against me? Let him draw near παλαιωθήσεσθε, καὶ σής καταφάγεται ὑμᾶς. καὶ πάλιν to the Lord's servant. ² Woe to you! For, you shall all wax old as λέγει ὁ προφήτης, ἐπεὶ ὡς λίθος ἰσχυρὸς ἐτέθη εἰς a garment and the moth shall eat you up." And again, the συντριβήν· Ἰδού, ἐμβαλῶ εἰς τὰ θεμέλια Σιών λίθον Prophet says that he was placed as a strong stone for crushing, πολυτελῆ, ἐκλεκτόν, ἀκρογωνιαῖον, ἔντιμον. ³εἶτα τί "Lo, I will place for the foundations of Zion a precious stone, λέγει; Καὶ ὃς ἐλπίσει ἐπ' αὐτὸν ζήσεται εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα. ἐπὶ chosen out, a chief corner stone, honourable." ³ Then what does λ ίθον οὖν ἡμῶν ἡ ἐλπίς; μὴ γένοιτο· ἀλλ' ἐπεὶ ἐν ἰσχύϊ he say? "And he that hopes on it shall live for ever." Is then our τέθεικεν την σάρκα αὐτοῦ κύριος. λέγει γάρ· Καὶ ἔθηκέ με hope on a stone? God forbid. But he means that the Lord placed ώς στερεὰν πέτραν. ⁴λέγει δὲ πάλιν ὁ προφήτης· Λίθον ὃν his flesh in strength. For, he says, "And he placed me as a solid ἀπεδοκίμασαν οἱ οἰκοδομοῦντες, οὖτος ἐγενήθη εἰς rock." ⁴ And again, the Prophet says, "The stone that the builders κεφαλήν γωνίας. καὶ πάλιν λέγει· Αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ ἡμέρα ἡ rejected, this has become the head of the corner," and again he μεγάλη καὶ θαυμαστή, ἣν ἐποίησεν ὁ κύριος. ⁵ ἀπλού- says, "This is the great and wonderful day that the Lord made." στερον ὑμῖν γράφω, ἵνα συνιῆτε· ἐγὼ περίψημα τῆς 5 I write to you the more simply, so that you may understand: I ἀγάπης ὑμῶν. ⁶τί οὖν λέγει πάλιν ὁ προφήτης; Περιέσχεν am devoted to your love. ⁶ What, then, does the Prophet say με συναγωγή πονηρευομένων, ἐκύκλωσάν με ώσεὶ again? "The synagogue of the sinners compassed me around; μέλισσαι κηρίον, καί· Ἐπὶ τὸν ἱματισμόν μου ἔβαλον they surrounded me as bees surround the honeycomb;" and,

- Throughout his work, Lightfoot capitalizes *Kupíou* and its derivative forms, when the title is used of God.
- Lake here reads 'Sion' for 'Zion'.
- In place of δς ἐλπίσει ἐπ' αὐτὸν, here following the *Vaticanus MSS*, *Codex Sinaiticus*, *Codex Constantinopolitanus* and the *Latin MS* have ὁ πιστεύων εἰς αὐτόν, probably owing to the influence of the LXX. ἐλπίσει is covered by ἐλπίς later in the sentence.
- ⁴ For 'head of the corner', Lightfoot has 'head and the corner'.
- Lightfoot opens the verse with an uppercase alpha.
- 6 Lightfoot has an *ano teleia* in place of the comma after κηρίον.

ἐποίησεν ἡμᾶς ἄλλον τύπον, ώς παιδίων ἔχειν τὴν ψυχήν,

κλῆρον. ⁷ ἐν σαρκὶ οὖν αὐτοῦ μέλλοντος φανεροῦσθαι καὶ "They cast lots for my clothing." ⁷ Since, then, he was destined to πάσχειν, προεφανερώθη τὸ πάθος. λέγει γὰρ ὁ προφήτης be manifest and to suffer in the flesh his Passion was foretold. ἐπὶ τὸν Ἰσραήλ· Οὐαὶ τῆ ψυχῆ αὐτῶν, ὅτι βεβούλευνται For, the Prophet says concerning Israel, "Woe unto their soul, for βουλήν πονηράν καθ' έαυτῶν, εἰπόντες· Δήσωμεν τὸν they have plotted an evil plot against themselves, saying, 'Let us δίκαιον, ὅτι δύσχρηστος ἡμῖν ἐστίν. 8τί λέγει ὁ ἄλλος bind the Just one; for, he is unprofitable to us.'" 8 What does the προφήτης Μω \ddot{v} σης α \dot{v} τοῖς; Ἰδού, τάδε λ έγει κύριος ὁ θ εός· other Prophet, Moses, say to them? "Behold these things, says the Εἰσέλθατε εἰς τὴν γῆν τὴν ἀγαθήν, ἣν ὤμοσεν κύριος τῷ Lord God, 'Enter into the good land that the Lord swore that he Άβραὰμ καὶ Ἰσαὰκ καὶ Ἰακώβ, καὶ κατακληρονομήσατε would give to Abraham, to Isaac, and to Jacob, and inherit it, a αὐτήν, γῆν ῥέουσαν γάλα καὶ μέλι. ⁹τί δὲ λέγει ἡ γνῶσις; land flowing with milk and honey.'" ⁹ But learn what knowledge μάθετε. ἐλπίσατε, φησίν, ἐπὶ τὸν ἐν σαρκὶ μέλλοντα says. Hope, it says, on that Jesus who will be manifested to you φανεροῦσθαι ὑμῖν Ἰησοῦν. ἄνθρωπος γὰρ γῆ ἐστιν in the flesh. For, man is earth, which suffers; for, the creation of πάσχουσα· ἀπὸ προσώπου γὰρ τῆς γῆς ἡ πλάσις τοῦ Ἀδὰμ Adam was from the face of the earth. 10 What, then, is the έγένετο. 10 τί οὖν λέγει· Εἰς τὴν γῆν τὴν ἀγαθήν, γῆν meaning of 'into the good land, a land flowing with milk and ρέουσαν γάλα καὶ μέλι; εὐλογητὸς ὁ κύριος ἡμῶν, ἀδελφοί, honey'? Blessed be our Lord, brethren, who has placed in us ὁ σοφίαν καὶ νοῦν θέμενος ἐν ἡμῖν τῶν κρυφίων αὐτοῦ· wisdom and understanding of his secrets. For, the prophet λέγει γὰρ ὁ προφήτης παραβολὴν κυρίου· τίς νοήσει, εἰ μὴ speaks a parable of the Lord: Who shall understand save he who σοφὸς καὶ ἐπιστήμων καὶ ἀγαπῶν τὸν κύριον αὐτοῦ; 11 ἐπεὶ is wise, and learned, and a lover of his Lord? 11 Since, then, he οὖν ἀνακαινίσας ἡμᾶς ἐν τῆ ἀφέσει τῶν ἁμαρτιῶν, made us new by the remission of sins, he made us another type, that we should have the soul of children, as though he were ώς ἂν δὴ ἀναπλάσσοντος αὐτοῦ ἡμᾶς. 12 λέγει γὰρ ἡ γραφὴ creating us afresh. 12 For, it is concerning us that the scripture περὶ ἡμῶν, ὡς λέγει τῷ νἱῷ· Ποιήσωμεν κατ' εἰκόνα καὶ says that he says to the Son, "Let us make man after our image

Lightfoot opens with 'Forasmuch' in place of 'Since'.

Lightfoot lacks 'that he would give'.

⁹ The word, φησίν, is omitted by the *Vaticanus MSS*.

¹⁰ Lightfoot opens his translation, "What then saith He? 'Into the good land, a land flowing with milk and honey."

¹¹ Lightfoot opens with an uppercase *epsilon*.

¹² Lake lacks the 2nd instance of 'after our'.

καθ' ὁμοίωσιν ἡμῶν τὸν ἄνθρωπον, καὶ ἀρχέτωσαν τῶν and after our likeness, and let them rule the beasts of the earth, θηρίων τῆς γῆς καὶ τῶν πετεινῶν τοῦ οὐρανοῦ καὶ τῶν and the birds of heaven, and the fishes of the sea." And the Lord ίχθύων τῆς θαλάσσης, καὶ εἶπεν κύριος, ἰδὼν τὸ καλὸν said, when he saw our fair creation, "Increase and multiply and πλάσμα ἡμῶν· Αὐξάνεσθε καὶ πληθυνέσθε καὶ πληρώσατε fill the earth;" these things were spoken to the Son. 13 Again, I will τὴν γῆν. ταῦτα πρὸς τὸν υἱόν. 13 πάλιν σοι ἐπιδείξω, πῶς show you how he speaks to us. In the last days he made a second πρὸς ἡμᾶς λέγει. δευτέραν πλάσιν ἐπ' ἐσχάτων ἐποίησεν. creation; and the Lord says, "See, I make the last things as the λέγει δὲ κύριος Ἰδού, ποιῶ τὰ ἔσχατα ὡς τὰ πρῶτα. εἰς first." To this, then, the Prophet referred when he proclaimed, τοῦτο οὖν ἐκήρυξεν ὁ προφήτης· Εἰσέλθατε εἰς γῆν "Enter into a land flowing with milk and honey, and rule over ρέουσαν γάλα καὶ μέλι καὶ κατακυριεύσατε αὐτῆς. 14 ίδε it." 14 See, then, we have been created afresh, as he says again in οὖν, ἡμεῖς ἀναπεπλάσμεθα, καθώς πάλιν ἐν ἑτέρω another Prophet, "See, says the Lord, I will take out from them προφήτη λέγει· Ἰδού, λέγει κύριος, έξελ $\tilde{\omega}$ τούτων, (that is those whom the Spirit of the Lord foresaw) the hearts of τουτέστιν ὧν προέβλεπεν τὸ πνεῦμα κυρίου, τὰς λιθίνας stone and I will put in hearts of flesh." Because he himself was καρδίας καὶ ἐμβαλῶ σαρκίνας· ὅτι αὐτὸς ἐν σαρκὶ ἔμελλεν going to be manifest in the flesh and to dwell among us. 15 For, φανεροῦσθαι καὶ ἐν ἡμῖν κατοικεῖν. 15 ναὸς γὰρ ἄγιος, my brethren, the habitation of our hearts is a shrine holy to the άδελφοί μου, τῷ κυρίῳ τὸ κατοικητήριον ἡμῶν τῆς Lord. 16 For, the Lord says again, "And wherewith shall I appear καρδίας. 16 λέγει γὰρ κύριος πάλιν· Καὶ ἐν τίνι ὀφθήσομαι before the Lord my God and be glorified?" He says, "I will $τ\tilde{\omega}$ κυρί ω $τ\tilde{\omega}$ θ ε $\tilde{\omega}$ μου καὶ δοξασθήσομαι; λέγει confess to you in the assembly of my brethren and will sing to Ἐξομολογήσομαί σοι ἐν ἐκκλησία ἀδελφῶν μου, καὶ ψαλῶ you in the midst of the assembly of saints." We, then, are they σοι ἀνάμεσον ἐκκλησίας ἁγίων. οὐκοῦν ἡμεῖς ἐσμέν, οὓς whom he brought into the good land. 17 What, then, is the milk εἰσήγαγεν εἰς τὴν γῆν τὴν ἀγαθήν. ¹⁷τί οὖν τὸ γάλα καὶ τὸ and the honey? Because a child is first nourished with honey, and μέλι; ὅτι πρῶτον τὸ παιδίον μέλιτι, εἶτα γάλακτι afterwards with milk. Thus, therefore, we also, being nourished ζωοποιεῖται· οὕτως οὖν καὶ ἡμεῖς τῇ πίστει τῆς ἐπαγγελίας on the faith of the promise and by the word, shall live and possess

¹³ After ἡμᾶς λέγει, Codex Sinaiticus adds κύριος.

¹⁴ Lightfoot lacks the comma after the opening $i\delta\varepsilon$ $o\tilde{i}v$.

¹⁵ For this short verse, Lightfoot reads, "For, a holy temple unto the Lord, my brethren, is the abode of our heart."

¹⁶ In place of λέγει· Ἐξομολογήσομαί, Lightfoot reads just ἐξομολογήσομαί.

¹⁷ Lightfoot has a full stop in place of the *ano teleia* after ζωοποιεῖται.

τελειωθῶμεν κληρονόμοι τῆς διαθήκης κυρίου γενέσθαι.

καὶ τῷ λόγω ζωοποιούμενοι ζήσομεν κατακυριεύοντες τῆς the earth. 18 And we have said above, "And let them increase and γῆς. 18 προειρήκαμεν δὲ ἐπάνω. Καὶ αὐξανέσθωσαν καὶ multiply and rule over the fishes." Who, then, is it who is now $\pi\lambda\eta\theta\nu\nu\dot{\epsilon}\sigma\theta\omega\sigma\alpha\nu$ καὶ ἀρχ $\dot{\epsilon}\tau\omega\sigma\alpha\nu$ $\tau\tilde{\omega}\nu$ $\dot{i}\chi\theta\dot{\nu}\omega\nu$. $\tau\dot{i}\zeta$ $\delta\dot{\nu}$ δ able to rule over beasts or fishes or the birds of heaven? For, we δυνάμενος νῦν ἄρχειν θηρίων ἢ ἰχθύων ἢ πετεινῶν τοῦ ought to understand that to rule implies authority, so that one οὐρανοῦ; αἰσθάνεσθαι γὰρ ὀφείλομεν, ὅτι τὸ ἄρχειν may give commandments and have domination. 19 If then, this έξουσίας ἐστίν, ἴνα τις ἐπιτάξας κυριεύση. 19 εἰ οὖν οὐ does not happen at present, he has assuredly told us the time γίνεται τοῦτο νῦν, ἄρα ἡμῖν εἴρηκεν, πότε· ὅταν καὶ αὐτοὶ when it will: when we ourselves also have been made perfect as heirs of the covenant of the Lord.

¹⁸ In place of προειρήκαμεν, here following Codex Sinaiticus, Codex Constantinopolitanus has προείρπηε; the Latin MS omits the whole sentence.

¹⁹ Lake lacks the word, 'assuredly'.

BARNABAS 7

¹Οὐκοῦν νοεῖτε, τέκνα εὐφροσύνης, ὅτι πάντα ὁ καλὸς κύριος ¹ Understand therefore, children of gladness, that the good προεφανέρωσεν ἡμῖν, ἵνα γνῶμεν, ὧ κατὰ πάντα Lord made all things plain beforehand to us, that we should εὐχαριστοῦντες ὀφείλομεν αἰνεῖν. ² εἰ οὖν ὁ νίὸς τοῦ θεοῦ, ὢν know him to whom we ought to give thanks and praise for κύριος καὶ μέλλων κρίνειν ζῶντας καὶ νεκρούς, ἔπαθεν, ἵνα everything. 2 If then, the Son of God, though he was the Lord ή πληγή αὐτοῦ ζωοποιήση ἡμᾶς· πιστεύσωμεν, ὅτι ὁ νίὸς τοῦ and was destined to judge the living and the dead suffered in θεοῦ οὐκ ἠδύνατο παθεῖν εἰ μὴ δι' ἡμᾶς. ³ἀλλὰ καὶ order that his wounding might make us alive, let us believe σταυρωθείς ἐποτίζετο ὄξει καὶ χολῆ. ἀκούσατε, πῶς περὶ that the Son of God could not suffer except for our sakes. 3 But, τούτου πεφανέρωκαν οἱ ἱερεῖς τοῦ ναοῦ. γεγραμμένης moreover, when he was crucified, he was given to drink ἐντολῆς· ὑος ἄν μὴ νηστεύση τὴν νηστείαν, θανάτω vinegar and gall. Listen how the priests of the Temple foretold έξολεθρευθήσεται, ένετείλατο κύριος, έπεὶ καὶ αὐτὸς ὑπὲρ this. The commandment was written, "Whoever does not keep τῶν ἡμετέρων ἀμαρτιῶν ἔμελλεν τὸ σκεῦος τοῦ πνεύματος the fast shall die the death," and the Lord commanded this προσφέρειν θυσίαν, ἴνα καὶ ὁ τύπος ὁ γενόμενος ἐπὶ Ἰσαὰκ because he himself was going to offer the vessel of the spirit as τοῦ προσενεχθέντος ἐπὶ τὸ θυσιαστήριον τελεσθῆ. 4 τί οὖν a sacrifice for our sins, in order that the type established in λέγει ἐν τῷ προφήτη; Καὶ φαγέτωσαν ἐκ τοῦ τράγου τοῦ Isaac, who was offered upon the altar, might be fulfilled. προσφερομένου τῆ νηστεία ὑπὲρ πασῶν τῶν ἀμαρτιῶν. ⁴ What then does he say in the Prophet? "And let them eat of προσέχετε ἀκριβῶς· Καὶ φαγέτωσαν οἱ ἱερεῖς μόνοι πάντες τὸ the goat that is offered in the fast for all their sins." Attend ἔντερον ἄπλυτον μετὰ ὄξους. ⁵πρὸς τί; ἐπειδή ἐμὲ ὑπὲρ carefully, "And let all the priests alone eat the entrails άμαρτιῶν μέλλοντα τοῦ λαοῦ μου τοῦ καινοῦ προσφέρειν unwashed with vinegar." 5 Why? Because you are going to την σάρκα μου μέλλετε ποτίζειν χολην μετὰ ὄξους, φάγετε give to me gall and vinegar to drink when I am on the point of ύμεῖς μόνοι, τοῦ λαοῦ νηστεύοντος καὶ κοπτομένου ἐπὶ offering my flesh for my new people, therefore you alone shall

- Lightfoot lacks the comma after γνῶμεν.
- ² Lightfoot lacks the comma after ἔπαθεν and has a comma in place of the *ano teleia* after ἡμᾶς.
- Lightfoot lacks the *ano teleia* after $\dot{\epsilon}v\tau o\lambda \tilde{\eta}\zeta$ and opens the verse with an uppercase alpha.
- Lightfoot does not here capitalize 'Prophet'.
- ⁵ Lightfoot has an *ano teleia* in place of the full stop after σποδοῦ.

σάκκου καὶ σποδοῦ. ἴνα δείξη, ὅτι δεῖ αὐτὸν παθεῖν ὑπ' αὐτῶν. eat, while the people fast and mourn in sackcloth and ashes. 6 ά ἐνετείλατο, προσέχετε· Λάβετε δύο τράγους καλούς καὶ Το show that he must suffer for them. 6 Note what was όμοίους καὶ προσενέγκατε, καὶ λαβέτω ὁ ἱερεὺς τὸν ἕνα εἰς commanded: Take two goats, goodly and alike, and offer them, όλοκαύτωμα \dot{v} πὲρ ἀμαρτιῶν. \dot{v} τὸν δὲ ἕνα τί ποιήσωσιν; and let the priest take the one as a burnt offering for sins. \dot{v} But Επικατάρατος, φησιν, ὁ εἶς. προσέχετε, πῶς ὁ τύπος τοῦ what are they to do with the other? The other, he says, isἸησοῦ φανεροῦται· ⁸Καὶ ἐμπτύσατε πάντες καὶ accursed. Notice how the type of Jesus is manifested, ⁸ "And κατακεντήσατε καὶ περίθετε τὸ ἔριον τὸ κόκκινον περὶ τὴν do you all spit on it, and goad it, and bind the scarlet wool κεφαλήν αὐτοῦ, καὶ οὕτως εἰς ἔρημον βληθήτω. καὶ ὅταν about its head, and so let it be cast into the desert. And when γένηται οὕτως, ἄγει ὁ βαστάζων τὸν τράγον εἰς τὴν ἔρημον it is so done, he who takes the goat into the wilderness drives καὶ ἀφαιρεῖ τὸ ἔριον καὶ ἐπιτίθησιν αὐτὸ ἐπὶ φρύγανον τὸ it forth, and takes away the wool, and puts it upon a shrub that λεγόμενον ραχήλ, οὖ καὶ τοὺς βλαστοὺς εἰώθαμεν τρώγειν is called Rachel, of which we are accustomed to eat the shoots έν τῆ χώρα εὐρίσκοντες· οὕτω μόνης τῆς ῥαχοῦς οἱ καρποὶ when we find them in the country." Thus, of Rachel alone is γλυκεῖς εἰσιν. •τί οὖν τοῦτό ἐστιν; προσέχετε· Τὸν μὲν ἕνα ἐπὶ the fruit sweet. • What does this mean? Listen: the first goat is τὸ θυσιαστήριον, τὸν δὲ ἕνα ἐπικατάρατον, καὶ ὅτι τὸν for the altar, but the other is accursed, and note that the one ἐπικατάρατον ἐστεφανωμένον; ἐπειδὴ ὄψονται αὐτὸν τότε that is accursed is crowned, because then they will see him on τῆ ἡμέρα τὸν ποδήρη ἔχοντα τὸν κόκκινον περὶ τὴν σάρκα that day with the long scarlet robe down to the feet on his καὶ ἐροῦσιν· Οὐχ οὖτός ἐστιν, ὄν ποτε ἡμεῖς ἐσταυρώσαμεν body, and they will say, "Is not this he whom we once crucified έξουθενήσαντες καὶ κατακεντήσαντες καὶ ἐμπτύσαντες; and rejected and pierced and spat upon? Of a truth it was he $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\eta\theta\tilde{\omega}\zeta$ $o\tilde{b}\tau o\zeta$ $\tilde{\eta}v$, \dot{b} $\tau \acute{o}\tau \epsilon$ $\lambda \acute{e}\gamma\omega v$ $\dot{\epsilon}\alpha v \tau \acute{o}v$ $v \acute{b}ov$ $\theta \epsilon o\tilde{v}$ $\epsilon \tilde{i}v\alpha l$. ¹⁰ $\pi\tilde{\omega}\zeta$ who then said that he was the Son of God." ¹⁰ But how is he γάρ ὅμοιος ἐκείνω; εἰς τοῦτο ὁμοίους τοὺς τράγους, καλούς, like to the goat? For this reason: the goats shall be alike,

Lightfoot opens his translation, "Attend ye to the commandments which He gave."

In place of ποιήσωσιν, here following Codex Sinaiticus, Codex Constantinopolitanus has ποιήσουσιν.

For ῥαχήλ, here following *Codex Sinaiticus*, *Codex Constantinopolitanus* has ῥαχή and the *Vaticanus MSS* have ῥαχίλ. For ῥαχοῦς, following *Codex* Sinaiticus (and Lake), Codex Constantinopolitanus has ῥαχῆς and Lightfoot has ῥάχου; τῆς ῥαχοῦς can scarcely be right but, in the face of the evidence, can hardly be rejected.

For έξουθενήσαντες καὶ κατακεντήσαντες καὶ ἐμπτύσαντες, Lightfoot has καὶ ἐξουθενήσαμεν ἐμπτύσαντες (probably following Codex Sinaiticus).

¹⁰ Lightfoot lacks the comma after iνα.

ἴσους, ἵνα, ὅταν ἴδωσιν αὐτὸν τότε ἐρχόμενον, ἐκπλαγῶσιν beautiful, and a pair, in order that when they see him come at παθόντες λαβεῖν με.

ἐπὶ τῆ ὁμοιότητι τοῦ τράγου. οὐκοῦν ἴδε τὸν τύπον τοῦ that time they may be astonished at the likeness of the goat. μέλλοντος πάσχειν Ἰησοῦ. ¹¹τί δέ, ὅτι τὸ ἔριον μέσον τῶν See, then, the type of Jesus destined to suffer. ¹¹ But why is it $\dot{\alpha}$ κανθῶν τιθέασιν; τύπος ἐστὶν τοῦ Ἰησοῦ τῆ ἐκκλησία that they put the wool in the middle of the thorns? It is a type θέμενος, ὅτι ὃς ἐὰν θέλη τὸ ἔριον ἆραι τὸ κόκκινον, δεῖ αὐτὸν of Jesus placed in the Church, because whoever wishes to take πολλά παθεῖν διὰ τὸ εἶναι φοβερὰν τὴν ἄκανθαν, καὶ away the scarlet wool must suffer much because the thorns are θλιβέντα κυριεῦσαι αὐτοῦ. οὕτω, φησίν, οἱ θέλοντές με ἰδεῖν terrible and he can gain it only through pain. Thus, he says, καὶ ἄψασθαί μου τῆς βασιλείας ὀφείλουσιν θλιβέντες καὶ "Those who will see me and attain to my kingdom must lay hold of me through pain and suffering."

Lightfoot opens the 2nd sentence with an uppercase *omicron* (O \mathring{v} τ ω).

BARNABAS 8

¹Τίνα δὲ δοκεῖτε τύπον εἶναι, ὅτι ἐντέταλται τῷ Ἰσραἡλ ¹ But what do you think that it typifies, that the commandment προσφέρειν δάμαλιν τοὺς ἄνδρας, ἐν οἶς εἰσὶν ἁμαρτίαι has been given to Israel that the men in whom sin is complete τέλειαι, καὶ σφάξαντας κατακαίειν, καὶ αἴρειν τότε τὴν offer a heifer and slay it and burn it, and that boys then take the σποδὸν παιδία καὶ βάλλειν εἰς ἄγγη καὶ περιτιθέναι τὸ ἔριον ashes and put them into vessels and bind scarlet wool on sticks τὸ κόκκινον ἐπὶ ξύλον (ἴδε πάλιν ὁ τύπος ὁ τοῦ σταυροῦ καὶ (see again the type of the Cross and the scarlet wool) and τὸ ἔριον τὸ κόκκινον) καὶ τὸ ὕσσωπον, καὶ οὕτως ῥαντίζειν hyssop, and that the boys all sprinkle the people thus one by τὰ παιδία καθ' ἔνα τὸν λαόν, ἴνα ἀγνίζωνται ἀπὸ τῶν one in order that they all be purified from their sins? 2 Observe άμαρτιῶν; ²νοεῖτε, πῶς ἐν ἀπλότητι λέγει ὑμῖν. ὁ μόσχος ὁ how plainly he speaks to you. The calf is Jesus; the sinful men Ἰησοῦς ἐστίν, οἱ προσφέροντες ἄνδρες ἀμαρτωλοὶ οἱ offering it are those who brought him to be slain. Then there are προσενέγκαντες αὐτὸν ἐπὶ τὴν σφαγήν. εἶτα οὐκέτι ἄνδρες, no longer men, no longer the glory of sinners. ³ The boys who οὐκέτι ἁμαρτωλῶν ἡ δόξα. 3 οί ῥαντίζοντες παῖδες οἱ sprinkle are they who preached to us the forgiveness of sins, εὐαγγελισάμενοι ἡμῖν τὴν ἄφεσιν τῶν ἁμαρτιῶν καὶ τὸν and the purification of the heart, to whom he gave the power of άγνισμον τῆς καρδίας, οἶς ἔδωκεν τοῦ εὐαγγελίου τὴν the Gospel to preach, and there are twelve as a testimony to the έξουσίαν (οὖσιν δεκάδυο εἰς μαρτύριον τῶν φυλῶν ὅτι tribes, because there are twelve tribes of Israel. ⁴ But why are δεκάδυο φυλαὶ τοῦ Ἰσραήλ), εἰς τὸ κηρύσσειν. δεὶ there three boys who sprinkle? As a testimony to Abraham, τρεῖς παῖδες οἱ ῥαντίζοντες; εἰς μαρτύριον Ἀβραάμ, Ἰσαάκ, Isaac, and Jacob, for these are great before God. 5 And why was Ἰακώβ, ὅτι οὖτοι μεγάλοι τῷ θεῷ. ⁵ ὅτι δὲ τὸ ἔριον ἐπὶ τὸ the wool put on the wood? Because the kingdom of Jesus is on ξύλον; ὅτι ἡ βασιλεία Ἰησοῦ ἐπὶ ξύλου, καὶ ὅτι οἱ ἐλπίζοντες the wood, and because those who hope on him shall live for ἐπ' αὐτὸν ζήσονται εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα. 6 διὰ τί δὲ ἄμα τὸ ἔριον καὶ ever. 6 But why are the wool and the hyssop together? Because,

- Lightfoot lacks the comma after τοὺς ἄνδρας.
- ² The Latin MS omits εἶτα οὐκέτι ἄνδρες, οὐκέτι ἁμαρτωλῶν ἡ δόξα and Lightfoot surrounds the text with dagger symbols.
- In Lightfoot's text, only ὅτι δεκαδύο φυλαὶ τοῦ Ἰσραήλ is parenthesised, and this verse opens with an uppercase *omicron*.
- Lightfoot opens with $\delta \iota \alpha \tau i$ in place of $\delta \iota \dot{\alpha} \tau i$.
- In place of ξύλου, here following *Codex Sinaiticus*, *Codex Constantinopolitanus* has ξύλω. Lightfoot opens the verse with an uppercase *omicron*.
- Lightfoot opens with $\Delta \iota \alpha \tau i$ in place of $\delta \iota \dot{\alpha} \tau i$.

σκοτεινά, ὅτι οὐκ ἤκουσαν φωνῆς κυρίου.

τὸ ὕσσωπον; ὅτι ἐν τῆ βασιλεία αὐτοῦ ἡμέραι ἔσονται in his kingdom, there shall be evil and foul days, in which we πονηραί καὶ ρυπαραί, ἐν αἷς ἡμεῖς σωθησόμεθα· ὅτι καὶ ὁ shall be saved, for he also who has pain in his flesh is cured by άλγῶν σάρκα διὰ τοῦ ῥύπου τοῦ ὑσσύπου ἰᾶται. ⁷καὶ διὰ the foulness of the hyssop. ⁷ And, for this reason, the things that τοῦτο οὕτως γενόμενα ἡμῖν μέν ἐστιν φανερά, ἐκείνοις δὲ were thus done are plain to us but obscure to them, because they did not hear the Lord's voice.

Throughout his work, Lightfoot capitalizes *Kupíou* when the title is used of God.

¹Λέγει γὰρ πάλιν περὶ τῶν ἀτίων, πῶς περιέτεμεν ἡμῶν ¹ For, he speaks again concerning the ears, how he circumcised

BARNABAS 9

την καρδίαν. λέγει κύριος ἐν τῷ προφήτη· Εἰς ἀκοὴν ἀτίου our hearts; for, the Lord says in the Prophet, "In the hearing of ὑπήκουσάν μου. καὶ πάλιν λέγει· ἀκοῆ ἀκούσονται οἱ the ear, they obey me." And again, he says, "They who are afar πόρρωθεν, $\ddot{\alpha}$ ἐποίησα γνώσονται. καί· Περιτμήθητε, λέγει off shall hear clearly, they shall perceive what I have done, and κύριος, τὰς καρδίας ὑμῶν. ²καὶ πάλιν λέγει· Ἄκουε Ἰσραήλ, circumcise your hearts, says the Lord." 2 And again, he says, ὅτι τάδε λέγει κύριος ὁ θεός σου. καὶ πάλιν τὸ πνεῦμα κυρίου "Hear, O Israel, thus says the Lord your God, and again the προφητεύει· Τίς ἐστιν ὁ θέλων ζῆσαι εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα; ἀκοῆ Spirit of the Lord prophesies, 'Who is he that will live for ever? ἀκουσάτω τῆς φωνῆς τοῦ παιδός μου. ³καὶ πάλιν λέγει· Let him hear the voice of my servant.'' ³ And again, he says, "Άκουε οὐρανέ, καὶ ἐνωτίζου γῆ, ὅτι κύριος ἐλάλησεν ταῦτα "Hear, O heaven, and give ear, O earth; for, the Lord has spoken είς μαρτύριον. καὶ πάλιν λέγει· ἀκούσατε λόγον κυρίου, these things for a testimony." And again, he says, "Hear the ἄρχοντες τοῦ λαοῦ τούτου. καὶ πάλιν λέγει· ἀκούσατε, word of the Lord, you rulers of this people." And again, he says, τέκνα, φωνῆς βοῶντος ἐν τῆ ἐρήμω. οὐκοῦν περιέτεμεν "Hear, O children, a voice of one crying in the wilderness." So, ἡμῶν τὰς ἀκοάς, ἵνα ἀκούσαντες λόγον πιστεύσωμεν ἡμεῖς. he circumcised our ears so we should hear the word and believe. ⁴ ἀλλὰ καὶ ἡ περιτομή, ἐφ' ἦ πεποίθασιν, κατήργηται. ⁴ But, moreover, the circumcision in which they trusted has been περιτομήν γὰρ εἴρηκεν οὐ σαρκὸς γενηθῆναι· ἀλλὰ abolished. For, he declared that circumcision was not of the παρέβησαν, ὅτι ἄγγελος πονηρὸς ἐσόφιζεν αὐτούς. ⁵λέγει flesh, but they erred because an evil angel misled them. ⁵ He πρὸς αὐτούς· Τάδε λέγει κύριος ὁ θεὸς ὑμῶν (ὧδε εὑρίσκω said to them, "Thus says the Lord your God (so I find the commἐντολήν)· Μὴ σπείρητε ἐπ' ἀκάνθαις, περιτμήθητε τῷ κυρίω andment), 'Sow not among thorns, be circumcised to your ύμῶν. καὶ τί λέγει; Περιτμήθητε τὴν σκληροκαρδίαν ὑμῶν, Lord.'" And what does he say? "Circumcise the hardness of

- Lightfoot has an *ano teleia* in place of the full stop after γνώσονται.
- ² Codex Sinaiticus & Codex Constantinopolitanus (and Lake) omit καὶ πάλιν τὸ πνεῦμα κυρίου προφητεύει, here following the Latin MS & the Vaticanus MSS (and Lake).
- 3 Lightfoot includes οὐκοῦν περιέτεμεν ἡμῶν τὰς ἀκοάς, ἵνα ἀκούσαντες λόγον πιστεύσωμεν ἡμεῖς as part of v. 4.
- Lightfoot starts the 1st $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\lambda\dot{\alpha}$ with an uppercase alpha.
- ⁵ Lightfoot has ἀπερίτμητα in brackets.

ἀπ' ἐμοῦ λόγον· ἀλλὰ οἶδα, ὅτι ἄξιοί ἐστε ὑμεῖς.

καὶ τὸν τράχηλον ὑμῶν οὐ σκληρυνεῖτε. λάβε πάλιν· Ἰδού, your heart and stiffen not your neck." Take it again, "Behold, λέγει κύριος, πάντα τὰ ἔθνη ἀπερίτμητα ἀκροβυστίαν, ὁ δὲ saith the Lord, all the heathens are uncircumcised in the foreλαὸς οὖτος ἀπερίτμητος καρδίας. ⁶ἀλλ' ἐρεῖς· Καὶ μὴν skin but this people is uncircumcised in heart." ⁶ But you will περιτέτμηται ὁ λαὸς εἰς σφραγῖδα. ἀλλὰ καὶ πᾶς Σύρος καὶ say, "Surely the people have received circumcision as a seal?" "Αραψ καὶ πάντες οἱ ἱερεῖς τῶν εἰδώλων. ἄρα οὖν κἀκεῖνοι Yes, but likewise every Syrian and Arab and all priests of the ἐκ τῆς διαθήκης αὐτῶν εἰσίν; ἀλλὰ καὶ οἱ Αἰγύπτιοι ἐν idols; are then these also within their covenant? Indeed, even περιτομῆ εἰσίν. ⁷μάθετε οὖν, τέκνα ἀγάπης, περὶ πάντων the Egyptians belong to the circumcision. ⁷ Learn fully, then, πλουσίως, ὅτι ಏβραάμ, πρῶτος περιτομὴν δούς, ἐν πνεύματι children of love, concerning all things; for, Abraham, who first προβλέψας είς τὸν Ἰησοῦν περιέτεμεν, λαβών τριῶν circumcised, looked forward in the spirit to Jesus, and received γραμμάτων δόγματα. ⁸ λέγει γάρ· Καὶ περιέτεμεν Άβραὰμ ἐκ the doctrines of three letters. ⁸ For, it says, "And Abraham τοῦ οἴκου αὐτοῦ ἄνδρας δεκαοκτώ καὶ τριακοσίους. τίς οὖν circumcised from his house three hundred and eighteen men." ή δοθεῖσα αὐτῷ γνῶσις; μάθετε, ὅτι τοὺς δεκαοκτὼ What then was the knowledge that was given to him? Notice πρώτους, καὶ διάστημα ποιήσας λέγει τριακοσίους. τὸ that he first mentions the eighteen, and after a pause the three δεκαοκτώ ί δέκα, η΄ ὀκτώ· ἔχεις Ἰησοῦν. ὅτι δὲ ὁ σταυρὸς ἐν hundred. The eighteen is I (ten) and H (eight) – you have Jesus; τω ταυ ήμελλεν έχειν την χάριν, λέγει καὶ τοὺς τριακοσίους. and, because the cross was destined to have grace in the T, he δηλοῖ οὖν τὸν μὲν Ἰησοῦν ἐν τοῖς δυσὶν γράμμασιν, καὶ ἐν says and three hundred. So, he indicates Jesus in the two letters $\tau\tilde{\omega}$ ένὶ τὸν σταυρόν. $\tilde{\sigma}$ οἶδεν ὁ τὴν ἔμφυτον δωρεὰν τῆς and the cross in the other. $\tilde{\sigma}$ He knows this who placed the gift διδαχῆς αὐτοῦ θέμενος ἐν ἡμῖν. οὐδεὶς γνησιώτερον ἔμαθεν of his teaching in our hearts. No one has heard a more excellent lesson from me, but I know that you are worthy.

Here, 'their covenant' refers to that of the Jews.

Lightfoot opens this verse with an uppercase *mu*.

⁸ In place of i and η' , Lightfoot has just uppercase letters, and has I δέκα, H ὀκτώ in brackets; and, in place of the word, $\tau \alpha \tilde{v}$ (the name of the letter), Lightfoot has just an uppercase tau. Note that in Greek, the number, 318, is represented with the letters TIH.

In place of διδαχῆς, Lightfoot has διαθήκης.

¹ Ὅτι δὲ Μωϋσῆς εἶπεν· Οὐ φάγεσθε χοῖρον οὔτε ἀετὸν οὔτε ¹ Now, in that Moses said, "You shall not eat swine, nor an eagle,

BARNABAS 10

ὀξύπτερον οὔτε κόρακα οὔτε πάντα ἰχθύν, ὃς οὐκ ἔχει nor a hawk, nor a crow, nor any fish which has no scales on λεπίδα ἐν ἑαυτῷ, τρία ἔλαβεν ἐν τῇ συνέσει δόγματα. itself," he included three doctrines in his understanding. ²πέρας γέ τοι λέγει αὐτοῖς ἐν τῷ Δευτερονομίῳ· Καὶ ² Moreover, he says to them in Deuteronomy, "And I will make διαθήσομαι πρὸς τὸν λαὸν τοῦτον τὰ δικαιώματά μου. ἄρα a covenant of my ordinances with this people." So then, the οὖν οὐκ ἔστιν ἐντολή θεοῦ τὸ μὴ τρώγειν, Μωϋσῆς δὲ ἐν ordinance of God is not abstinence from eating, but Moses spoke πνεύματι ἐλάλησεν. ³τὸ οὖν χοιρίον πρὸς τοῦτο εἶπεν· οὐ in the spirit. ³ He mentioned the swine for this reason: you shall κολληθήση, φησίν, ἀνθρώποις τοιούτοις, οἵτινές εἰσιν not consort, he means, with men who are like swine, that is to ὅμοιοι χοίρων· τουτέστιν ὅταν σπαταλῶσιν, ἐπιλαν- say, when they have plenty they forget the Lord, but when they θάνονται τοῦ κυρίου, ὅταν δὲ ὑστεροῦνται, ἐπιγινώσ- are in want they recognise the Lord, just as the swine when it eats κουσιν τὸν κύριον, ὡς καὶ ὁ χοῖρος ὅταν τρώγει τὸν κύριον does not know its master, but when it is hungry it cries out, and οὐκ οἶδεν, ὅταν δὲ πεινῷ κραυγάζει, καὶ λαβών πάλιν after receiving food is again silent. 4 "Neither shall you eat the σιωπᾶ. 4 Οὐδὲ φάγη τὸν ἀετὸν οὐδὲ τὸν ὀξύπτερον οὐδὲ τὸν eagle nor the hawk nor the kite nor the crow." You shall not, he ἰκτῖνα οὐδὲ τὸν κόρακα· οὐ μή, φησίν, κολληθήση οὐδὲ means, join yourself or make yourself like such men, as do not όμοιωθήση ἀνθρώποις τοιούτοις, οἴτινες οὐκ οἴδασιν διὰ know how to gain their food by their labour and sweat, but κόπου καὶ ἱδρῶτος πορίζειν ἑαυτοῖς τὴν τροφήν, ἀλλὰ plunder other people's property in their iniquity, and lay wait for άρπάζουσιν τὰ ἀλλότρια ἐν ἀνομία αὐτῶν καὶ ἐπιτηροῦσιν it, though they seem to walk in innocence, and look round to see ώς ἐν ἀκεραιοσύνη περιπατοῦντες καὶ περιβλέπονται, τίνα whom they may plunder in their covetousness, just as these birds ἐκδύσωσιν διὰ τὴν πλεονεξίαν, ὡς καὶ τὰ ὄρνεα ταῦτα alone provide no food for themselves, but sit idle and seek how μόνα ξαυτοῖς οὐ προίζει τὴν τροφήν, ἀλλὰ ἀργὰ καθήμενα they may devour the flesh of others, and become pestilent in their ἐκζητεῖ, πῶς ἀλλοτρίας σάρκας καταφάγη, ὄντα λοιμὰ τῆ iniquity. 5 "You shall not eat," he says, "the lamprey nor the

- Lightfoot adds a comma after κόρακα.
- Lightfoot ends, "that they should not bite with their teeth, but Moses spoke it in spirit."
- In place of χοίρων, here following *Codex Sinaiticus*, the other *Greek MSS* have χοίρως.
- Lightfoot has ίδρῶτος ἑαυτοῖς πορίζειν for ἱδρῶτος πορίζειν ἑαυτοῖς and σάρκας φάγη for σάρκας καταφάγη. He opens with Οὔτε in place of Οὐδὲ.
- Codex Sinaiticus & Codex Constantinopolitanus (and Lightfoot) lack κολλώμενος, here following the Vaticanus MSS and the Latin MS.

πονηρία αὐτῶν. ⁵Καὶ οὐ φάγη, φησίν, σμύραιναν οὐδὲ polypus nor the cuttlefish." You shall not, he means, consort with πολύποδα οὐδὲ σηπίαν· οὐ μή, φησίν, ὁμοιωθήση or become like such men who are utterly ungodly and who are κολλώμενος ἀνθρώποις τοιούτοις, οἵτινες εἰς τέλος εἰσὶν already condemned to death, just as these fish alone are accursed, ἀσεβεῖς καὶ κεκριμένοι ἤδη τῷ θανάτω, ὡς καὶ ταῦτα τὰ and float in the deep water, not swimming like the others but ἰχθύδια μόνα ἐπικατάρατα ἐν τῷ βυθῷ νήχεται, μὴ living on the ground at the bottom of the sea. 6 Again, you shall κολυμβῶντα ὡς τὰ λοιπά, ἀλλ' ἐν τῆ γῆ κάτω τοῦ βυθοῦ not eat the hare. Why so? Because you shall not, he means, κατοικεῖ. ⁶ ἀλλὰ καὶ τὸν δασύποδα οὐ φάγη, πρὸς τί; οὐ μὴ become a corruptor of the young, or become like such men; for, γένη, φησίν, παιδοφθόρος οὐδὲ ὁμοιωθήση τοῖς τοιούτοις, the hare gains one passage in the body every year; for, it has as ὅτι ὁ λαγωὸς κατ' ἐνιαυτὸν πλεονεκτεῖ τὴν ἀφόδευσιν· ὅσα many orifices as it lives years. ⁷ Again, "You shall not eat the γὰρ ἔτη ζῆ, τοσαύτας ἔχει τρύπας. ⁷ἀλλὰ οὐδὲ τὴν ὕαιναν hyaena." You shall not, he means, become an adulterer or a φάγη· οὐ μή, φησίν, γένη μοιχὸς οὐδὲ φθορεὺς οὐδὲ corruptor nor shall you become like such men. Why so? Because όμοιωθήση τοῖς τοιούτοις. πρὸς τί; ὅτι τὸ ζῶον τοῦτο παρ' this animal changes its nature year by year and becomes now ένιαυτὸν ἀλλάσσει τὴν φύσιν καὶ ποτὲ μὲν ἄρρεν, ποτὲ δὲ male now female. 8 Again, he abhors the weasel rightly. "You θῆλυ γίνεται. δάλλὰ καὶ τὴν γαλῆν ἐμίσησεν καλῶς. οὐ μή, shall not," he says, "become such as men we hear committing φησίν, γενηθῆς τοιοῦτος, οἴους ἀκούομεν ἀνομίαν lawlessness in their mouths because of uncleanliness; nor shall ποιοῦντας ἐν τῷ στόματι δι' ἀκαθαρσίαν, οὐδὲ κολληθήση you cleave to impure women who commit lawlessness in their ταῖς ἀκαθάρτοις ταῖς τὴν ἀνομίαν ποιούσαις ἐν τῷ mouths. For, this animal gives birth with its mouth. 9 Moses στόματι. τὸ γὰρ ζῶον τοῦτο τῷ στόματι κύει. ⁹περὶ μὲν τῶν received three doctrines concerning food and thus spoke of them βρωμάτων λαβών Μωϋσῆς τρία δόγματα οὕτως ἐν in the Spirit; but they received them as really referring to food, πνεύματι ἐλάλησεν· οἱ δὲ κατ' ἐπιθυμίαν τῆς σαρκὸς ὡς owing to the lust of their flesh. 10 But David received knowledge

Lightfoot opens each of vv. 6–8 with an uppercase alpha.

The translation for vv. 6–8 loosely follows Lightfoot. Lake has the Old Latin: 6 Sed nec 'leporem manducabis.' Non eris, inquit, corruptor puerorum nec similabis talibus. Quia lepus singulis annis facit ad adsellandum singula foramina; et quotquot annis vivit, totidem foramina facit. 7 Sed 'nec beluam, inquit, manducabis'; hoc est non eris moecus aut adulter, nec corruptor, nec similabis talibus. Quia haec bestia alternis annis mutat naturam et fit modo masculus, modo femina. 8 Sed et quod dicit mustelam odibis. Non eris, inquit, talis, qui audit iniquitatem et loquitur immunditiam. Non inquit adhaerebis immundis qui iniquitatem faciunt ore suo.

See #6 & #7.

Lightfoot has a comma in place of the *ano teleia* after ἐλάλησεν.

¹⁰ Lightfoot opens the verse with an uppercase *lambda*.

συνιῶμεν ταῦτα.

περὶ βρώσεως προσεδέξαντο. 10 λαμβάνει δὲ τῶν αὐτῶν concerning the same three doctrines, and says, "Blessed is the τριῶν δογμάτων γνῶσιν Δαυείδ καὶ λέγει· Μακάριος ἀνήρ, man who has not gone in the counsel of the ungodly as the fish ος οὐκ ἐπορεύθη ἐν βουλῆ ἀσεβῶν, καθώς καὶ οἱ ἰχθύες go in darkness in the deep waters, and has not stood in the way πορεύονται ἐν σκότει εἰς τὰ βάθη· καὶ ἐν ὁδῷ ἀμαρτωλῶν of sinners like those who seem to fear the Lord, but sin like the οὐκ ἔστη, καθώς οἱ δοκοῦντες φοβεῖσθαι τὸν κύριον swine, and has not sat in the seat of the scorners like the birds άμαρτάνουσιν ώς ὁ χοῖρος, καὶ ἐπὶ καθέδραν λοιμῶν οὐκ who sit and wait for their prey." Grasp fully the doctrines ἐκάθισεν, καθώς τὰ πετεινὰ καθήμενα εἰς ἁρπαγήν. ἔχετε concerning food. 11 Moses says again, "Eat of every animal that is τελείως καὶ περὶ τῆς βρώσεως. ¹¹πάλιν λέγει Μωϋσῆς· cloven-hoofed and ruminant." What does he mean? That he who Φάγεσθε πᾶν διχηλοῦν καὶ μαρυκώμενον. τί λέγει; ὅτι τὴν receives food knows him who feeds him, and rests on him and τροφήν λαμβάνων οἶδεν τὸν τρέφοντα αὐτὸν καὶ ἐπ' αὐτῶ seems to rejoice. Well did he speak with regard to the ἀναπαυόμενος εὐφραίνεσθαι δοκεῖ. καλῶς εἶπεν βλέπων commandment. What then does he mean? Consort with those την ἐντολήν. τί οὖν λέγει; κολλᾶσθε μετὰ τῶν who fear the Lord, with those who meditate in their heart on the φοβουμένων τὸν κύριον, μετὰ τῶν μελετώντων ὁ ἔλαβον meaning of the word which they have received, with those who διάσταλμα ἡήματος ἐν τῆ καρδία, μετὰ τῶν λαλούντων τὰ speak of and observe the ordinances of the Lord, with those who διδαιώματα κυρίου καὶ τηρούντων, μετὰ τῶν εἰδότων, ὅτι know that meditation is a work of gladness, and who ruminate ή μελέτη ἐστὶν ἔργον εὐφροσύνης, καὶ ἀναμαρυκωμένων on the word of the Lord. But what does the cloven-hoofed mean? τὸν λόγον κυρίου. τί δὲ τὸ διχηλοῦν; ὅτι ὁ δίκαιος καὶ ἐν That the righteous both walks in this world and looks forward to τούτω τῶ κόσμω περιπατεῖ καὶ τὸν ἄγιον αἰῶνα ἐκδέχεται. the holy age. See how well Moses legislated. 12 But how was it βλέπετε, πῶς ἐνομοθέτησεν Μωϋσῆς καλῶς. 12 ἀλλὰ πόθεν possible for them to understand or comprehend these things? But ἐκείνοις ταῦτα νοῆσαι ἢ συνιέναι; ἡμεῖς δὲ δικαίως we having a righteous understanding of them announce the νοήσαντες τὰς ἐντολὰς λαλοῦμεν, ὡς ἠθέλησεν ὁ κύριος. commandments as the Lord wished. For this cause, he διὰ τοῦτο περιέτεμεν τὰς ἀκοὰς ἡμῶν καὶ τὰς καρδίας, ἵνα circumcised our hearing and our hearts that we should comprehend these things.

¹¹ Lightfoot adds a comma after τρέφοντα αὐτόν.

¹² Lightfoot adds a comma after ἐντολάς.

¹ Ζητήσωμεν δέ, εἰ ἐμέλησεν τῷ κυρίω προφανερῷσαι περὶ ¹ But let us enquire whether the Lord took pains to signify

BARNABAS 11

τοῦ ὕδατος καὶ περὶ τοῦ σταυροῦ. περὶ μὲν τοῦ ὕδατος beforehand concerning the water of baptism and the cross. γέγραπται ἐπὶ τὸν Ἰσραήλ, πῶς τὸ βάπτισμα τὸ φέρον Concerning the water, it has been written with regard to Israel ἄφεσιν άμαρτιῶν οὐ μὴ προσδέξονται, ἀλλ' ἑαυτοῖς that they will not receive the baptism that brings the remission οἰκοδομήσουσιν. ²λέγει γὰρ ὁ προφήτης· Ἐκστηθι οὐρανέ, of sins but will build for themselves. ² For, the Prophet says, "Be καὶ ἐπὶ τούτω πλεῖον φριξάτω ἡ γῆ, ὅτι δύο καὶ πονηρὰ astonished O heaven, and let the earth tremble the more at this, ἐποίησεν ὁ λαὸς οὖτος· ἐμὲ ἐγκατέλιπον, πηγὴν ζωῆς, καὶ that this people has committed two evils: they have deserted me, έαυτοῖς ὤρυξαν βόθρον θανάτου. ³Μὴ πέτρα ἔρημός ἐστιν the spring of life, and they have dug for themselves a cistern of τὸ ὄρος τὸ ἄγιόν μου Σινᾶ; ἔσεσθε γὰρ ὡς πετεινοῦ νοσσοὶ death. ³ Is my holy mountain Sinai a desert rock? For, you shall ἀνιπτάμενοι νοσσιᾶς ἀφηρημένοι. ⁴καὶ πάλιν λέγει ὁ be as the fledgling birds, fluttering about when they are taken προφήτης Έγω πορεύσομαι ἔμπροσθέν σου καὶ ὄρη ὁμαλιῶ away from the nest." ⁴ And again, the Prophet says, "I will go καὶ πύλας χαλκᾶς συντρίψω καὶ μοχλούς σιδηροῦς before you and I will make mountains level, and I will break συγκλάσω, καὶ δώσω σοι θησαυρούς σκοτεινούς, ἀποκρύ- gates of brass, and I will shatter bars of iron, and I will give you φους, ἀοράτους, ἴνα γνῶσιν ὅτι ἐγὼ κύριος ὁ θεός. 5καί· treasures of darkness, secret, invisible, that they may know that Κατοικήσεις ἐν ὑψηλῷ σπηλαίω πέτρας ἰσχυρᾶς. καί· τὸ I am the Lord God." 5 And, "You shall dwell in a lofty cave of a ὕδωρ αὐτοῦ πιστόν· βασιλέα μετὰ δόξης ὄψεσθε, καὶ ἡ ψυχὴ strong rock." And, "His water is sure, you shall see the King in ύμῶν μελετήσει φόβον κυρίου. ⁶καὶ πάλιν ἐν ἄλλω his glory, and your soul shall meditate on the fear of the Lord." προφήτη λέγει· Καὶ ἔσται ὁ ταῦτα ποιῶν ὡς τὸ ξύλον τὸ 6 And again, he says in another Prophet, "And he who does πεφυτευμένον παρὰ τὰς διεξόδους τῶν ὑδάτων, δ τὸν these things shall be as the tree, which is planted at the partings

- Throughout his work, Lightfoot capitalizes $Kvpi\omega$ and its variants when the title is used of God.
- Lightfoot lacks the comma after ἐγκατέλιπον.
- ³ Lightfoot ends, "which flutter aloft when deprived of their nest."
- See #5.
- Lightfoot includes καί· Κατοικήσεις ἐν ὑψηλῶ σπηλαίω πέτρας ἰσχυρᾶς as part of v. 4.
- Lightfoot lacks the comma after καὶ πάντα.

καρπὸν αὐτοῦ δώσει ἐν καιρῶ αὐτοῦ, καὶ τὸ φύλλον αὐτοῦ of the waters, which shall give its fruit in its season, and its leaf οὐκ ἀπορυήσεται, καὶ πάντα, ὅσα ἂν ποιῆ, κατευοδωθή- shall not fade, and all things, whatsoever he doeth, shall σεται. 7 ούχ οὕτως οἱ ἀσεβεῖς, οὐχ οὕτως, ἀλλ' ἢ ώς ὁ χνοῦς, prosper. 7 It is not so with the wicked, it is not so; but they are ον ἐκρίπτει ὁ ἄνεμος ἀπὸ προσώπου τῆς γῆς. διὰ τοῦτο οὐκ even as the chaff that the wind drives away from the face of the ἀναστήσονται ἀσεβεῖς ἐν κρίσει οὐδὲ ἀμαρτωλοὶ ἐν βουλῆ earth. Therefore, the wicked shall not rise up in judgment, nor δικαίων, ὅτι γινώσκει κύριος ὁδὸν δικαίων, καὶ ὁδὸς sinners in the counsel of the righteous; for, the Lord knows the ἀσεβῶν ἀπολεῖται. ⁸αἰσθάνεσθε, πῶς τὸ ὕδωρ καὶ τὸν way of the righteous, and the way of the ungodly shall perish." σταυρὸν ἐπὶ τὸ αὐτὸ ὥρισεν. τοῦτο γὰρ λέγει· μακάριοι, οἱ 8 Mark how he described the water and the cross together. For, ἐπὶ τὸν σταυρὸν ἐλπίσαντες κατέβησαν εἰς τὸ ὕδωρ, ὅτι τὸν he means this: blessed are those who hoped on the cross and μὲν μισθὸν λέγει ἐν καιρῶ αὐτοῦ· τότε, φησίν, ἀποδώσω. descended into the water. For, he speaks of their reward in hisνῦν δὲ ὁ λέγει· τὰ φύλλα οὐκ ἀπορυήσεται, τοῦτο λέγει· ὅτι season, "At that time," he says, "I will repay." But now, when πᾶν ῥῆμα, ὁ ἐὰν ἐξελεύσεται ἐξ ὑμῶν διὰ τοῦ στόματος he says, "Their leaves shall not fade," he means that every word ύμῶν ἐν πίστει καὶ ἀγάπη, ἔσται εἰς ἐπιστροφὴν καὶ ἐλπίδα which shall come forth from your mouth in faith and love, shall πολλοῖς. 9καὶ πάλιν ἔτερος προφήτης λέγει. Καὶ ἦν ἡ γῆ τοῦ be for conversion and hope for many. 9 And again, another Ἰακώβ ἐπαινουμένη παρὰ πᾶσαν τὴν γῆν. τοῦτο λέγει· τὸ Prophet says, "And the land of Jacob was praised above every σκεῦος τοῦ πνεύματος αὐτοῦ δοξάζει. 10 εἶτα τί λέγει; Καὶ ἦν land." He means to say that he is glorifying the vessel of his ποταμὸς ἕλκων ἐκ δεξιῶν, καὶ ἀνέβαινεν ἐξ αὐτοῦ δένδρα Spirit. 10 What does he say next? "And there was a river flowing ώραῖα· καὶ ος ἂν φάγη ἐξ αὐτῶν, ζήσεται εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα. on the right hand, and beautiful trees grew out of it, and ¹¹ τοῦτο λέγει ὅτι ἡμεῖς μὲν καταβαίνομεν εἰς τὸ ὕδωρ whoever shall eat of them shall live for ever. ¹¹ He means to say γέμοντες άμαρτιῶν καὶ ὁύπου, καὶ ἀναβαίνομεν καρπο- that we go down into the water laden with sins and foulness, φοροῦντες ἐν τῆ καρδία τὸν φόβον καὶ τὴν ἐλπίδα εἰς τὸν and we come up from it bearing the fruit of fear in our hearts, Ἰησοῦν ἐν τῷ πνεύματι ἔχοντες. Καὶ ος ἂν φάγη ἀπὸ and having hope on Jesus in the Spirit. "And whoever shall eat

After ἀναστήσονται, Lightfoot adds οί in brackets.

For λέγει· ὅτι πᾶν ῥῆμα, ὃ ἐὰν, Lightfoot reads λέγει ὅτι πᾶν ῥῆμα ὃ ἐὰν.

Lightfoot has an *ano teleia* in place of the full stop after προφήτης λέγει.

¹⁰ Lightfoot lacks the comma after $\dot{\epsilon}\xi$ αὐτῶν.

¹¹ Before τὸν φόβον, Lightfoot adds καὶ in brackets.

αἰῶνα.

τούτων, ζήσεται εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα, τοῦτο λέγει· δς ἄν, φησίν, of these shall live for ever." He means this, "Whoever," said he, ἀκούση τούτων λαλουμένων καὶ πιστεύση, ζήσεται εἰς τὸν "shall hear these things spoken and shall believe shall live for ever.

BARNABAS 12

1 Όμοίως πάλιν περὶ τοῦ σταυροῦ ὁρίζει ἐν ἄλλω προφήτη 1 Similarly, again, he describes the cross in another Prophet, who λέγοντι· Καὶ πότε ταῦτα συντελεσθήσεται; λέγει κύριος· says, "And when shall all these things be accomplished? saith the ὅταν ξύλον κλιθῆ καὶ ἀναστῆ, καὶ ὅταν ἐκ ξύλου αἶμα Lord. When the tree shall fall and rise, and when blood shall flow στάξη. ἔχεις πάλιν περὶ τοῦ σταυροῦ καὶ τοῦ σταυροῦσθαι from the tree." Here again you have a reference to the cross, and μέλλοντος. ²λέγει δὲ πάλιν τῷ Μωϋσῆ, πολεμουμένου τοῦ to him who should be crucified. ² And he says again to Moses, Ἰσραήλ ὑπὸ τῶν ἀλλοφύλων, καὶ ἵνα ὑπομνήση αὐτοὺς when Israel was warred upon by strangers, and in order to πολεμουμένους, ὅτι διὰ τὰς άμαρτίας αὐτῶν παρεδόθησαν remind those who were warred upon that they were delivered εἰς θάνατον· λέγει εἰς τὴν καρδίαν Μωϋσέως τὸ πνεῦμα, unto death by reason of their sins – the Spirit speaks to the heart ἴνα ποιήση τύπον σταυροῦ καὶ τοῦ μέλλοντος πάσχειν, ὅτι, of Moses to make a representation of the cross, and of him who $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{\alpha}v$ $\mu\dot{\eta}$, $\phi\eta\sigma\dot{i}v$, $\dot{\epsilon}\lambda\pi\dot{i}\sigma\omega\sigma\dot{i}v$ $\dot{\epsilon}\pi'$ $\alpha\dot{v}\tau\ddot{\phi}$, $\dot{\epsilon}\dot{i}\zeta$ $\tau\dot{o}v$ $\alpha\dot{i}\tilde{\omega}v\alpha$ should suffer, because, he says, unless they put their trust in him, πολεμηθήσονται. τίθησιν οὖν Μωϋσῆς ε̈ν ἐφ' ε̈ν ὅπλον ἐν they shall suffer war for ever. Moses, therefore, placed one shield μέσω τῆς πυγμῆς, καὶ ὑψηλότερος σταθεὶς πάντων upon another in the midst of the fight, and standing there raised ἐξέτεινεν τὰς χεῖρας, καὶ οὕτως πάλιν ἐνίκα ὁ Ἰσραήλ. above them all kept stretching out his hands, and so Israel again εἶτα, ὁπόταν καθεῖλεν, ἐθανατοῦντο. ³πρὸς τί; ἵνα γνῶσιν began to be victorious: then, whenever he let them drop, they ὅτι οὐ δύνανται σωθῆναι, ἐὰν μὴ ἐπ' αὐτῷ ἐλπίσωσιν. ⁴καὶ began to perish. ³ Why? That they may know that they cannot be πάλιν ἐν ἑτέρω προφήτη λέγει· Όλην τὴν ἡμέραν saved if they do not hope on him. ⁴ And again, he says in another έξεπέτασα τὰς χεῖράς μου πρὸς λαὸν ἀπειθῆ καὶ Prophet, "I stretched out my hands the whole day to a ἀντιλέγοντα ὁδῶ δικαία μου. ⁵πάλιν Μωϋσῆς ποιεῖ τύπον disobedient people and one that refuses my righteous way." τοῦ Ἰησοῦ, ὅτι δεῖ αὐτὸν παθεῖν, καὶ αὐτὸς ζωοποιήσει, ὃν 5 Again, Moses makes a representation of Jesus, showing that he

- Note that Lighfoot spell "Όταν with an uppercase *omicron*.
- For τῷ Μωῦσῆ, here following *Codex Sinaiticus* & *Codex Constantinopolitanus*, the *Latin MS* and the *Vaticanus MSS* have ἐν τῷ Μωϋσῆ; Lightfoot has $\dot{\epsilon}v$ in brackets.
- ³ For the short, opening question, Lightfoot has, "Wherefore was this?"
- For ἀπειθῆ, here following Codex Sinaiticus, Codex Constantinopolitanus (following the LXX) has ἀπειθοῦντα.
- The literal translation of 'the fall' is 'the transgression'.

δόξουσιν ἀπολωλεκέναι, ἐν σημείω πίπτοντος τοῦ Ἰσραήλ, must suffer, and shall himself give life, though they will believe (ἐποίησεν γὰρ κύριος πάντα ὄφιν δάκνειν αὐτούς, καὶ that he has been put to death, by the sign given when Israel was ἀπέθνησκον ἐπειδή ή παράβασις διὰ τοῦ ὄφεως ἐν Εὔα falling (for, the Lord made every serpent bite them, and they ἐγένετο), ἵνα ἐλέγξῃ αὐτούς. ὅτι διὰ τὴν παράβασιν αὐτῶν were perishing; for, the fall took place in Eve through the είς θλῖψιν θανάτου παραδοθήσονται. ⁶πέρας γέ τοι αὐτὸς serpent), in order to convince them that they will be delivered Μωϋσῆς ἐντειλάμενος· Οὐκ ἔσται ὑμῖν οὔτε χωνευτὸν over to the affliction of death because of their transgression. οὔτε γλυπτὸν εἰς θεὸν ὑμῖν, αὐτὸς ποιεῖ, ἵνα τύπον τοῦ 6 Moreover, though Moses commanded them, "You shall have Ἰησοῦ δείξη. ποιεῖ οὖν Μωϋσῆς χαλκοῦν ὄφιν καὶ τίθησιν neither graven nor molten image for your God," yet he makes ἐνδόξως καὶ κηρύγματι καλεῖ τὸν λαόν. ⁷ ἐλθόντες οὖν ἐπὶ one himself to show a type of Jesus. Moses, therefore, makes a τὸ αὐτὸ ἐδέοντο Μωϋσέως, ἴνα περὶ αὐτῶν ἀνενέγκη graven serpent, and places it in honour and calls the people by a δέησιν περὶ τῆς ἰάσεως αὐτῶν. εἶπεν δὲ πρὸς αὐτοὺς proclamation. 7 So, they came together and besought Moses that Μωϋσῆς· Όταν, φησίν, δηχθῆ τις ὑμῶν, ἐλθέτω ἐπὶ τὸν he would offer prayer on their behalf for their healing. But Moses ὄφιν τὸν ἐπὶ τοῦ ξύλου ἐπικείμενον καὶ ἐλπισάτω said to them, "Whenever one of you," he said, "is bitten, let him πιστεύσας, ὅτι αὐτὸς ὢν νεκρὸς δύναται ζωοποιῆσαι, καὶ come to the serpent that is placed upon the tree, and let him hope, παραχρῆμα σωθήσεται. καὶ οὕτως ἐποίουν. ἔχεις πάλιν καὶ in faith that it though dead is able to give life, and he shall ἐν τούτοις τὴν δόξαν τοῦ Ἰησοῦ, ὅτι ἐν αὐτῷ πάντα καὶ εἰς straightway be saved." And they did so. In this also you have αὐτόν. ⁸τί λέγει πάλιν Μωϋσῆς Ἰησοῦ, νἱῷ Νανή, ἐπιθεὶς again the glory of Jesus, for all things are in him and for him. αὐτῶ τοῦτο τὸ ὄνομα, ὄντι προφήτη, ἵνα μόνον ἀκούση πᾶς 8 Again, why does Moses say to Jesus, the son of Naue, when he ὁ λαός; ὅτι πάντα ὁ πατήρ φανεροῖ περὶ τοῦ υἱοῦ Ἰησοῦ. gives him, prophet as he is, this name, that the whole people ⁹λέγει οὖν Μωϋσῆς Ἰησοῦ, νἱῷ Νανή, ἐπιθεὶς τοῦτο τὸ should listen to him alone? Because the Father was revealing ὄνομα, ὁπότε ἔπεμψεν αὐτὸν κατάσκοπον τῆς γῆς· Λάβε everything concerning his Son Jesus. 9 Moses, therefore, says to βιβλίον εἰς τὰς χεῖράς σου καὶ γράψον, ἃ λέγει κύριος, ὅτι Jesus the son of Naue, after giving him this name, when he sent ἐκκόψει ἐκ ῥιζῶν τὸν οἶκον πάντα τοῦ Ἀμαλήκ ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ him to spy out the land, "Take a book in your hands and write

In place of 'graven', Lightfoot has 'brazen'.

Lightfoot lacks the comma after Μωῦσέως.

Lightfoot lacks the question mark after $\lambda\alpha\delta\zeta$ but ends the verse with a question mark in place of the full stop.

For τοῦτο τὸ ὄνομα, Lightfoot reads just τοῦτο ὄνομα.

κύριον, καὶ υἱὸν οὐ λέγει.

θεοῦ ἐπ' ἐσχάτων τῶν ἡμερῶν. ¹⁰ἴδε πάλιν Ἰησοῦς, οὐχὶ what the Lord said, that the Son of God shall in the last day tear υίὸς ἀνθρώπου, ἀλλὰ υίὸς τοῦ θεοῦ, τύπω δὲ ἐν σαρκὶ up by the roots the whole house of Amalek." 10 See again Jesus, φανερωθείς. ἐπεὶ οὖν μέλλουσιν λέγειν, ὅτι Χριστὸς νἱὸς not as son of man, but as Son of God, but manifested in a type in Δαυείδ ἐστιν, αὐτὸς προφητεύει Δαυείδ, φοβούμενος καὶ the flesh. Since, therefore, they are going to say that the Christ is συνίων την πλάνην τῶν ἀμαρτωλῶν· Εἶπεν κύριος τῷ David's son, David himself prophesies, fearing and κυρίω μου· Κάθου ἐκ δεξιῶν μου, ἔως ἂν θῶ τοὺς ἐχθρούς understanding the error of the sinners, "The Lord said to my σου ὑποπόδιον τῶν ποδῶν σου. 11 καὶ πάλιν λέγει οὕτως Lord 'Sit on my right hand until I make you enemies your Ἡσαΐας· Εἶπεν κύριος τῷ Χριστῷ μου κυρίῳ, οὖ ἐκράτησα footstool.'" 11 And again, Isaiah speaks thus, "The Lord said to τῆς δεξιᾶς αὐτοῦ, ἐπακοῦσαι ἔμπροσθεν αὐτοῦ ἔθνη, καὶ Christ my Lord, whose right hand I held, that the nations should ἰσχὺν βασιλέων διαρρήξω. ἴδε, πῶς Δαυείδ λέγει αὐτὸν obey before him, and I will shatter the strength of Kings." See how David calls him Lord and does not say Son.

¹⁰ In place of Χριστὸς νἱὸς Δαυείδ ἐστιν, here following Codex Sinaiticus, Codex Constantinopolitanus has ὁ Χριστὸς νἱός ἐστιν Δαυείδ.

¹¹ In Is 45:1, the 'anointed one' is generally considered to refer to Cyrus (who is named in the verse itself).

BARNABAS 13

¹ Ἰδωμεν δὲ εἰ οὖτος ὁ λαὸς κληρονομεῖ ἢ ὁ πρῶτος, καὶ εἰ ἡ 1 Now let us see if this people or the former people is the heir, διαθήκη εἰς ἡμᾶς ἢ εἰς ἐκείνους. ²ἀκούσατε οὖν περὶ τοῦ and if the covenant is for us or for them. ²Hear then what the λαοῦ τί λέγει ἡ γραφή· Ἐδεῖτο δὲ Ἰσαὰκ περὶ Ῥεβέκκας τῆς Scripture says about the people, "And Isaac prayed for Rebecca γυναικὸς αὐτοῦ, ὅτι στεῖρα ἦν· καὶ συνέλαβεν. εἶτα ἐξῆλθεν his wife, because she was barren, and she conceived. Then Ῥεβέκκα πυθέσθαι παρὰ κυρίου, καὶ εἶπεν κύριος πρὸς Rebecca went forth to enquire of the Lord and the Lord said to αὐτήν· Δύο ἔθνη ἐν τῆ γαστρί σου καὶ δύο λαοὶ ἐν τῆ κοιλία her, 'Two nations are in your womb, and two peoples in your σου, καὶ ὑπερέξει λαὸς λαοῦ καὶ ὁ μείζων δουλεύσει τῷ belly, and one people shall overcome a people, and the greater ἐλάσσονι. ³αἰσθάνεσθαι ὀφείλετε, τίς ὁ Ἰσαὰκ καὶ τίς ἡ shall serve the less.''' ³ You ought to understand who Isaac is Ῥεβέκκα, καὶ ἐπὶ τίνων δέδειχεν, ὅτι μείζων ὁ λαὸς οὖτος ἢ and who Rebecca is, and of whom he has shown that this people ἐκεῖνος. ⁴καὶ ἐν ἄλλη προφητεία λέγει φανερώτερον ὁ is greater than that people. ⁴ And, in another prophecy, Jacob Ἰακώβ πρὸς Ἰωσὴφ τὸν νἱὸν αὐτοῦ, λέγων· Ἰδού, οὐκ speaks more plainly to Joseph his son, saying, "Behold the Lord ἐστέρησέν με κύριος τοῦ προσώπου σου· προσάγαγέ μοι τοὺς has not deprived me of your presence; bring me your sons, that υἱούς σου, ἵνα εὐλογήσω αὐτούς. 5 καὶ προσήγαγεν Ἐφραὶμ I may bless them." 5 And he brought Ephraim and Manasses καὶ Μανασσῆ, τὸν Μανασσῆ θέλων ἵνα εὐλογηθῆ, ὅτι and wished that Manasses should be blessed, because he was πρεσβύτερος $\tilde{\eta}v$ ό γὰρ Ἰωσὴφ προσήγαγεν εἰς τὴν δεξιὰν the elder; for, Joseph brought him to the right hand of his father χεῖρα τοῦ πατρὸς Ἰακώβ. εἶδεν δὲ Ἰακώβ τύπον τῷ πνεύματι Jacob. But Jacob saw in the spirit a type of the people of the τοῦ λαοῦ τοῦ μεταξύ· καὶ τί λέγει; Καὶ ἐποίησεν Ἰακώβ future. And what does he say? "And Jacob crossed his hands ἐναλλὰξ τὰς χεῖρας αὐτοῦ καὶ ἐπέθηκεν τὴν δεξιὰν ἐπὶ τὴν and placed his right hand on the head of Ephraim, the second κεφαλήν Έφραίμ, τοῦ δευτέρου καὶ νεωτέρου, καὶ and younger son, and blessed him; and Joseph said to Jacob, εὐλόγησεν αὐτόν. καὶ εἶπεν Ἰωσὴφ πρὸς Ἰακώβ· Μετάθες 'Change your right hand on to the head of Manasses; for, he is

- In place of καὶ εἰ ἡ, Lightfoot has just καὶ ἡ.
- ² Lightfoot has a full stop in place of the *ano teleia* after στεῖρα $\tilde{\eta}$ *v*.
- Lightfoot ends with, "shown that the one people is greater than the other."
- Lightfoot opens this verse with an uppercase *kappa*.
- Lightfoot has a full stop in place of the *ano teleia* after τοῦ μεταξύ.

πιστεύσας ἐτέθη εἰς δικαιοσύνην; Ἰδού, τέθεικά σε, Ἀβραάμ, πατέρα έθνῶν τῶν πιστευόντων δι' ἀκροβυστίας τῷ θεῷ.

σου την δεξιαν ἐπὶ την κεφαλην Μανασσῆ, ὅτι πρωτότοκός my first-born son.' And Jacob said to Joseph, 'I know it, my μου υἱός ἐστιν. καὶ εἶπεν Ἰακώβ πρὸς Ἰωσήφ· Οἶδα, τέκνον, child, I know it; but the greater shall serve the less, and this one οἶδα· ἀλλ' ὁ μείζων δουλεύσει τῶ ἐλάσσονι, καὶ οὖτος δὲ shall indeed be blessed.'" 6 See who it is of whom he ordained εὐλογηθήσεται. ⁶βλέπετε, ἐπὶ τίνων τέθεικεν, τὸν λαὸν that this people is the first and heir of the covenant. ⁷ If then, τοῦτον εἶναι πρῶτον καὶ τῆς διαθήκης κληρονόμον. τεὶ οὖν besides this, he remembered it also in the case of Abraham, we ἔτι καὶ διὰ τοῦ Ἀβραὰμ ἐμνήσθη, ἀπέχομεν τὸ τέλειον τῆς reach the perfection of our knowledge. What then does he say γνώσεως ἡμῶν. τί οὖν λέγει τῷ ᾿Αβραάμ, ὅτε μόνος to Abraham, when he alone was faithful, and it was counted him for righteousness? "Behold I have made you, Abraham, the father of the Gentiles who believe in God in uncircumcision."

Lightfoot opens this verse with an uppercase beta.

Lightfoot lacks the comma after Ἰδού.

¹ Ναί. ἀλλὰ ἴδωμεν, εἰ ἡ διαθήκη, ἣν ὤμοσεν τοῖς πατράσιν ¹ So it is. But let us see whether the covenant that he swore to the

BARNABAS 14

δοῦναι τῷ λαῷ, εἰ δέδωκεν. δέδωκεν αὐτοὶ δὲ οὐκ fathers to give to the people – whether he has given it. He has έγένοντο ἄξιοι λαβεῖν διὰ τὰς ἁμαρτίας αὐτῶν. ²λέγει γὰρ given it. But they were not worthy to receive it because of their ὁ προφήτης· Καὶ ἦν Μωϋσῆς νηστεύων ἐν ὄρει Σινᾶ, τοῦ sins. ² For, the Prophet says, "And Moses was fasting on Mount λαβεῖν τὴν διαθήκην κυρίου πρὸς τὸν λαόν, ἡμέρας Sinai, to receive the covenant of the Lord for the people, forty τεσσεράκοντα καὶ νύκτας τεσσεράκοντα. καὶ ἔλαβεν days and forty nights. And Moses received from the Lord the two Μωϋσῆς παρὰ κυρίου τὰς δύο πλάκας τὰς γεγραμμένας τῷ tables, written by the finger of the hand of the Lord in the Spirit; δακτύλω τῆς χειρὸς κυρίου ἐν πνεύματι· καὶ λαβών and Moses took them, and carried them down to give them to the Μωϋσῆς κατέφερεν πρὸς τὸν λαὸν δοῦναι. ³καὶ εἶπεν people. ³ And the Lord said to Moses, 'Moses, Moses, go down κύριος πρὸς Μωϋσῆν. Μωϋσῆ Μωϋσῆ, κατάβηθι τὸ τάχος, quickly; for, your people whom you didst bring out of the land ὅτι ὁ λαός σου, ὃν ἐξήγαγες ἐκ γῆς Αἰγύπτου, ἠνόμησεν. καὶ of Egypt have broken the Law.' And Moses perceived that they συνῆκεν Μωϋσῆς, ὅτι ἐποίησαν ἑαυτοῖς πάλιν χωνεύματα, had made themselves again molten images, and he cast them out καὶ ἔρριψεν ἐκ τῶν χειρῶν, καὶ συνετρίβησαν αἱ πλάκες of his hands, and the tables of the covenant of the Lord were τῆς διαθήκης κυρίου. ⁴Μωϋσῆς μὲν ἔλαβεν, αὐτοὶ δὲ οὐκ broken." ⁴ Moses received it, but they were not worthy. But learn έγένοντο ἄξιοι. πως δὲ ἡμεῖς ἐλάβομεν, μάθετε. Μωϋσῆς how we received it. Moses received it when he was a servant, but θεράπων ὢν ἔλαβεν, αὐτὸς δὲ κύριος ἡμῖν ἔδωκεν εἰς λαὸν the Lord himself gave it to us, as the people of the inheritance, by κληρονομίας, δι' ἡμᾶς ὑπομείνας. ⁵ἐφανερώθη δέ, ἵνα suffering for our sakes. ⁵ And it was made manifest both that the κἀκεῖνοι τελειωθῶσιν τοῖς ἁμαρτήμασιν, καὶ ἡμεῖς διὰ τοῦ tale of their sins should be completed in their sins, and that we κληρονομοῦντος διαθήκην κυρίου Ἰησοῦ λάβωμεν, ος είς through Jesus, the Lord who inherits the covenant, should

- In place of εἰ δέδωκεν, here following Codex Sinaiticus, Codex Constantinopolitanus and the Latin MS read εἰ δέδωκεν ζητῶμεν; the grammar of the sentence is emended by the *Vaticanus MSS* to άλλὰ τὴν διαθήκην, ἤν ... λαῷ, εἰ δέδωκεν ζητῶμεν.
- ² Lightfoot places the 2nd instance of $Mω\ddot{v}σ\tilde{\eta}\varsigma$ in brackets.
- After τῶν χειρῶν, the Latin MS and the Vaticanus MSS add τὰς πλάκας.
- For the opening sentence, Lightfoot reads, "Moses received them, but they themselves were not found worthy."
- Lightfoot lacks the comma after άμαρτήμασιν.

τοῦτο τοὺς πενθοῦντας.

ήτοιμάσθη, ἵνα αὐτὸς φανείς, τὰς ἤδη receive it, for he was prepared for this purpose, that when he δεδαπανημένας ήμῶν καρδίας τῷ θανάτῳ καὶ appeared he might redeem from darkness our hearts that were παραδεδομένας τῆ τῆς πλάνης ἀνομία λυτρωσάμενος ἐκ already paid over to death, and given over to the iniquity of error, τοῦ σκότους, διάθηται ἐν ἡμῖν διαθήκην λόγω. ⁶γέγραπται and by his word might make a covenant with us. ⁶ For, it is γάρ, πῶς αὐτῷ ὁ πατὴρ ἐντέλλεται, λυτρωσάμενον ἡμᾶς written that the Father enjoins on him that he should redeem us ἐκ τοῦ σκότους ἑτοιμάσαι ἑαυτῷ λαὸν ἄγιον. ⁷λέγει οὖν ὁ from darkness and prepare a holy people for himself. ⁷ The προφήτης· Έγω κύριος, ὁ θεός σου, ἐκάλεσά σε ἐν Prophet therefore says, "I the Lord your God did call you in δικαιοσύνη καὶ κρατήσω τῆς χειρός σου καὶ ἐνισχύσω σε, righteousness, and I will hold your hands, and I will give you καὶ ἔδωκά σε εἰς διαθήκην γένους, εἰς φῶς ἐθνῶν ἀνοῖξαι strength, and I have given you for a covenant of the people, for a ὀφθαλμούς τυφλῶν καὶ ἐξαγαγεῖν ἐκ δεσμῶν light to the Gentiles, to open the eyes of the blind, and to bring πεπεδημένους καὶ ἐξ οἴκου φυλακῆς καθημένους ἐν forth from their fetters those that are bound and those that sit in σκότει. γινώσκομεν οὖν, πόθεν ἐλυτρώθημεν. *πάλιν ὁ darkness out of the prison house." We know, then, whence we προφήτης λέγει· Ἰδού, τέθεικά σε εἰς φῶς ἐθνῶν, τοῦ εἶναί have been redeemed. 8 Again, the Prophet says, "Lo, I have made σε είς σωτηρίαν ἔως ἐσχάτου τῆς γῆς, οὕτως λέγει κύριος you a light for the Gentiles, to be for salvation unto the ends of ὁ λυτρωσάμενός σε θεός. ⁹καὶ πάλιν ὁ προφήτης λέγει· the earth, thus says the Lord, the God who redeemed you." ⁹ And Πνεῦμα κυρίου ἐπ' ἐμέ, οὖ εἵνεκεν ἔχρισέν με again, the Prophet says, "The Spirit of the Lord is upon me, εὐαγγελίσασθαι ταπεινοῖς χάριν, ἀπέσταλκέν με ἰάσασθαι because he anointed me to preach the Gospel of grace to the τοὺς συντετριμμένους τὴν καρδίαν, κηρῦξαι αἰχμαλώτοις humble; he sent me to heal the broken-hearted, to proclaim ἄφεσιν καὶ τυφλοῖς ἀνάβλεψιν, καλέσαι ἐνιαυτὸν κυρίου delivery to the captives, and sight to the blind, to announce a year δεκτὸν καὶ ἡμέραν ἀνταποδόσεως, παρακαλέσαι πάντας acceptable to the Lord, and a day of recompense, to comfort all who mourn."

Lightfoot lacks the comma after σκότους.

Lightfoot lacks the comma after θεός σου and adds one after δικαιοσύνη.

Lightfoot has an *ano teleia* in place of the comma after $\tau \tilde{\eta} \zeta \gamma \tilde{\eta} \zeta$.

In place of ταπεινοῖς χάριν, here following the Vaticanus MSS, Codex Sinaiticus (and the LXX) has πτωχοῖς and the Latin MS reads ταπεινοῖς; *Codex Constantinopolitanus* omits the words.

1 ετι οὖν καὶ περὶ τοῦ σαββάτου γέγραπται ἐν τοῖς δέκα 1 Furthermore, it was written concerning the Sabbath in the ten

BARNABAS 15

λόγοις, ἐν οἶς ἐλάλησεν ἐν τῷ ὄρει Σινᾶ πρὸς Μωϋσῆν κατὰ words that he spoke on Mount Sinai face to face to Moses, πρόσωπον· Καὶ άγιάσατε τὸ σάββατον κυρίου χερσὶν "Sanctify also the Sabbath of the Lord with pure hands and a καθαραῖς καὶ καρδία καθαρᾶ. ²καὶ ἐν ἑτέρω λέγει· Ἐὰν pure heart." ² And, in another place, he says, "If my sons keep φυλάξωσιν οἱ νἱοί μου τὸ σάββατον, τότε ἐπιθήσω τὸ ἔλεός the Sabbath, then will I bestow my mercy upon them." ³ He μου ἐπ' αὐτούς. ³τὸ σάββατον λέγει ἐν ἀρχῆ τῆς κτίσεως· speaks of the Sabbath at the beginning of the Creation, "And God Καὶ ἐποίησεν ὁ θεὸς ἐν εξ ἡμέραις τὰ ἔργα τῶν χειρῶν made in six days the works of his hands and on the seventh dayαὐτοῦ, καὶ συνετέλεσεν ἐν τῆ ἡμέρα τῆ ἑβδόμη καὶ he made an end and rested in it and sanctified it." ⁴ Notice, κατέπαυσεν έν αὐτῆ καὶ ἡγίασεν αὐτήν. ⁴προσέχετε, children, what is the meaning of He made an end in six days? He τέκνα, τί λέγει τὸ συνετέλεσεν ἐν εξ ἡμέραις. τοῦτο λέγει, means this: that the Lord will make an end of everything in six ὅτι ἐν ἑξακισχιλίοις ἔτεσιν συντελέσει κύριος τὰ thousand years; for, a day with him means a thousand years. σύμπαντα· ή γὰρ ἡμέρα παρ' αὐτῷ σημαίνει χίλια ἔτη. And he himself is my witness when he says, "Lo, the day of the αὐτὸς δέ μοι μαρτυρεῖ λέγων· Ἰδού, ἡμέρα κυρίου ἔσται ὡς Lord shall be as a thousand years." So then, children, in six days, χίλια ἔτη. οὐκοῦν, τέκνα, ἐν εξ ἡμέραις, ἐν τοῖς that is in six thousand years, everything will be completed. 5 And έξακισχιλίοις ἔτεσιν συντελεσθήσεται τὰ σύμπαντα. 5 Καὶ he rested on the seventh day. This means, when his Son comes, κατέπαυσεν τῆ ἡμέρα τῆ ἑβδόμη. τοῦτο λέγει· ὅταν ἐλθών he will destroy the time of the wicked one, and will judge the ὁ υἱὸς αὐτοῦ καταργήσει τὸν καιρὸν τοῦ ἀνόμου καὶ κρινεῖ godless, and will change the sun and the moon and the stars, and τοὺς ἀσεβεῖς καὶ ἀλλάξει τὸν ἥλιον καὶ τὴν σελήνην καὶ then he will truly rest on the seventh day. ⁶ Furthermore, he says, τοὺς ἀστέρας, τότε καλῶς καταπαύσεται ἐν τῇ ἡμέρα τῇ "You shall sanctify it with clean hands and a pure heart." If then,

- Throughout his work, Lightfoot capitalizes *Kupíou* and its variant forms, when the title is used of God.
- Lightfoot has 'observe' in place of 'keep'.
- Throughout his work, Lightfoot capitalizes $\Theta \varepsilon \dot{\delta} \zeta$ and its variant forms.
- Lightfoot has *σημαίνει* in brackets.
- In place of 'destroy', Lightfoot has 'abolish'.
- Lightfoot adds a comma after ἡγίασεν.

νεκρῶν καὶ φανερωθεὶς ἀνέβη εἰς οὐρανούς.

έβδόμη. ⁶πέρας γέ τοι λέγει· Άγιάσεις αὐτὴν χερσίν anyone has at present the power to keep holy the day which God καθαραῖς καὶ καρδία καθαρᾶ. εἰ οὖν ἣν ὁ θεὸς ἡμέραν made holy, by being pure in heart, we are altogether deceived. ἡγίασεν νῦν τις δύναται ἀγιάσαι καθαρὸς ὢν τῆ καρδία, ἐν ⁷ See that we shall indeed keep it holy at that time, when we πασιν πεπλανήμεθα. ⁷ίδε ὅτι ἄρα τότε καλῶς enjoy true rest, when we shall be able to do so because we have καταπαυόμενοι άγιάσομεν αὐτήν, ὅτε δυνησόμεθα αὐτοὶ been made righteous ourselves and have received the promise, δικαιωθέντες καὶ ἀπολαβόντες τὴν ἐπαγγελίαν, μηκέτι when there is no more sin, but all things have been made new by οὔσης τῆς ἀνομίας, καινῶν δὲ γεγονότων πάντων ὑπὸ the Lord: then we shall be able to keep it holy because we κυρίου· τότε δυνησόμεθα αὐτὴν άγιάσαι, αὐτοὶ ourselves have first been made holy. 8 Furthermore, he says to άγιασθέντες πρῶτον. ⁸πέρας γέ τοι λέγει αὐτοῖς· Τὰς them, "Your new moons and the sabbaths I cannot away with." νεομηνίας ύμῶν καὶ τὰ σάββατα οὐκ ἀνέχομαι. ὁρᾶτε, π ῶς Do you see what he means? The present sabbaths are not λέγει; οὐ τὰ νῦν σάββατα ἐμοὶ δεκτά, ἀλλὰ ὃ πεποίηκα, ἐν acceptable to me, but that which I have made, in which I will give $\tilde{\psi}$ καταπαύσας τὰ πάντα ἀρχὴν ἡμέρας ὀγδόης ποιήσω, \check{o} rest to all things and make the beginning of an eighth day, that ἐστιν ἄλλου κόσμου ἀρχήν. ⁹διὸ καὶ ἄγομεν τὴν ἡμέραν is the beginning of another world. ⁹ Therefore, we also celebrate την ὀγδόην εἰς εὐφροσύνην, ἐν $\tilde{\eta}$ καὶ ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἀνέστη ἐκ with gladness the eighth day in which Jesus also rose from the dead, and was made manifest, and ascended into Heaven.

In place of ἴδε ὅτι ἄρα, Lightfoot open s with εἰ δὲ οὖν ἄρα.

Lightfoot has *ἐμοὶ* in brackets.

Lightfoot has 'keep ... for rejoicing' in place of 'celebrate with gladness'.

BARNABAS 16

¹ Έτι δὲ καὶ περὶ τοῦ ναοῦ ἐρῶ ὑμῖν, ὡς πλανώμενοι οἱ ¹ I will also speak with you concerning the Temple and show ταλαίπωροι είς την οἰκοδομην ήλπισαν, καὶ οὐκ ἐπὶ τὸν how the wretched men were led astray by putting their hope on θεὸν αὐτῶν τὸν ποιήσαντα αὐτούς, ὡς ὄντα οἶκον θεοῦ. the building, and not on the God who made them, and is the true ² σχεδὸν γὰρ ὡς τὰ ἔθνη ἀφιέρωσαν αὐτὸν ἐν τῷ ναῷ. ἀλλὰ house of God. ² For, they consecrated him in the Temple almost πῶς λέγει κύριος καταργῶν αὐτόν, μάθετε· Τίς ἐμέτρησεν like the Gentiles. But learn how the Lord speaks, in bringing it τὸν οὐρανὸν σπιθαμῆ ἢ τὴν γῆν δρακί; οὐκ ἐγώ; λέγει to naught, "Who has measured the heaven with a span, or has κύριος 'Ο οὐρανός μοι θρόνος, $\dot{\eta}$ δὲ $\dot{\gamma}$ $\dot{\eta}$ $\dot{\nu}$ ποπόδιον $\dot{\tau}$ $\dot{\omega}$ ν ποδ $\dot{\omega}$ ν measured the earth with his outstretched hand? Have not I?" μου ποῖον οἶκον οἰκοδομήσετέ μοι, ἢ τίς τόπος τῆς says the Lord. "Heaven is my throne, and the earth is my καταπαύσεώς μου; ἐγνώκατε, ὅτι ματαία ἡ ἐλπὶς αὐτῶν. footstool, what house will you build for me, or what is the place ³πέρας γέ τοι πάλιν λέγει· Ἰδού, οἱ καθελόντες τὸν ναὸν of my rest?" You know that their hope was vain. ³ Furthermore, τοῦτον αὐτοὶ αὐτὸν οἰκοδομήσουσιν. ⁴γίνεται. διὰ γὰρ τὸ he says again, "Lo, they who destroyed this temple shall πολεμεῖν αὐτοὺς καθηρέθη ὑπὸ τῶν ἐχθρῶν· νῦν καὶ αὐτοὶ themselves build it." 4 That is happening now. For, owing to the οί τῶν ἐχθρῶν ὑπηρέται ἀνοικοδομήσουσιν αὐτόν. 5π άλιν war, it was destroyed by the enemy; at present, even the ώς ἔμελλεν ἡ πόλις καὶ ὁ ναὸς καὶ ὁ λαὸς Ἰσραὴλ servants of the enemy will build it up again. ⁵ Again, it was παραδίδοσθαι, ἐφανερώθη. λέγει γὰρ ἡ γραφή· Καὶ ἔσται ἐπ' made manifest that the city and the temple and the people of ἐσχάτων τῶν ἡμερῶν, καὶ παραδώσει κύριος τὰ πρόβατα Israel were to be delivered up. For, the Scripture says, "And it τῆς νομῆς καὶ τὴν μάνδραν καὶ τὸν πύργον αὐτῶν εἰς shall come to pass in the last days that the Lord shall deliver the καταφθοράν. καὶ ἐγένετο καθ' ἃ ἐλάλησεν κύριος. sheep of his pasture, and the sheepfold, and their tower to ⁶ζητήσωμεν δέ, εἰ ἔστιν ναὸς θεοῦ. ἔστιν, ὅπου αὐτὸς λέγει destruction." And it took place according to what the Lord said. ποιεῖν καὶ καταρτίζειν. γέγραπται γάρ· Καὶ ἔσται, τῆς 6 But let us inquire if a temple of God exists. Yes, it exists, where

- Lightfoot has $\pi \tilde{\omega} \zeta$ in place of $\dot{\omega} \zeta$.
- Lightfoot adds a comma after *σπιθαμ*ῆ.
- Lightfoot lacks the comma after Ἰδού but adds one after τοῦτον.
- Lightfoot has a full stop in place of the *ano teleia* after $\dot{\epsilon}\chi\theta\rho\tilde{\omega}\nu$.
- ⁵ Throughout his work, Lightfoot capitalizes Κύριος and its variants, when the title is used of God.
- Lightfoot lacks the comma after Καὶ ἔσται.

οἰκοδομούμενος τῷ κυρίω.

έβδομάδος συντελουμένης οἰκοδομηθήσεται ναὸς θεοῦ he himself said that he makes and perfects it. For, it is written, ἐνδόξως ἐπὶ τῷ ὀνόματι κυρίου. ⁷εὑρίσκω οὖν, ὅτι ἔστιν "And it shall come to pass when the week is ended that a temple ναός. πῶς οὖν οἰκοδομηθήσεται ἐπὶ τῷ ὀνόματι κυρίου, of God shall be built gloriously in the name of the Lord." ⁷ I find,μάθετε. πρὸ τοῦ ἡμᾶς πιστεῦσαι τῷ θεῷ ἦν ἡμῶν τὸ then, that a temple exists. Learn, then, how it will be built in the κατοικητήριον τῆς καρδίας φθαρτὸν καὶ ἀσθενές, ὡς name of the Lord. Before we believed in God, the habitation of $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\eta\theta\tilde{\omega}\zeta$ οἰκοδομητὸς ναὸς διὰ χειρός, ὅτι ἦν πλήρης μὲν our heart was corrupt and weak, like a temple really built with είδωλολατρείας καὶ ἦν οἶκος δαιμονίων διὰ τὸ ποιεῖν, ὅσα hands, because it was full of idolatry, and was the house of ἦν ἐναντία τῷ θεῷ. 8 Οἰκοδομηθήσεται δὲ ἐπὶ τῷ ὀνόματι demons through doing things that were contrary to God. 8 But it κυρίου. προσέχετε δέ, ἴνα ὁ ναὸς τοῦ κυρίου ἐνδόξως shall be built in the name of the Lord. Now give heed, in order οἰκοδομηθῆ. πῶς, μάθετε. λαβόντες τὴν ἄφεσιν τῶν that the temple of the Lord may be built gloriously. Learn in άμαρτιῶν καὶ ἐλπίσαντες ἐπὶ τὸ ὄνομα ἐγενόμεθα καινοί, what way. When we received the remission of sins, and put our πάλιν έξ ἀρχῆς κτιζόμενοι· διὸ ἐν τῷ κατοικητηρίω ἡμῶν hope on the Name, we became new, being created again from άληθῶς ὁ θεὸς κατοικεῖ ἐν ἡμῖν. $^9\pi$ ῶς; ὁ λόγος αὐτοῦ τῆς the beginning; therefore, God truly dwells in us, in the πίστεως, ή κλησις αὐτοῦ τῆς ἐπαγγελίας, ή σοφία τῶν habitation that we are. 9 How? His word of faith, the calling of δικαιωμάτων, α ί έντολαὶ τῆς διδαχῆς, α ύτὸς έν ἡμῖν his promise, the wisdom of the ordinances, the commands of the προφητεύων, αὐτὸς ἐν ἡμῖν κατοικῶν, τοὺς τῷ θανάτῳ teaching, himself prophesying in us, himself dwelling in us, by δεδουλωμένους ἀνοίγων ἡμῖν τὴν θύραν τοῦ ναοῦ, ὁ ἐστιν opening the door of the temple (that is the mouth) to us, giving στόμα, μετάνοιαν διδούς ήμῖν, εἰσάγει εἰς τὸν ἄφθαρτον repentance to us, and thus he leads us, who have been enslaved $v\alpha \dot{o}v$. 10 \dot{o} γαρ ποθων σωθηναι βλέπει οὐκ εἰς τὸν ἄνθρωπον, to death into the incorruptible temple. 10 For, he who desires to άλλ' εἰς τὸν ἐν αὐτῷ κατοικοῦντα καὶ λαλοῦντα, ἐπ' αὐτῷ be saved looks not at the man, but at him who dwells and speaks ἐκπλησσόμενος, ἐπὶ τῷ μηδέποτε μήτε τοῦ λέγοντος τὰ in him, and is amazed at him, for he has never either heard him ρήματα ἀκηκοέναι ἐκ τοῦ στόματος μήτε αὐτός ποτε speak such words with his mouth, nor has he himself ever ἐπιτεθυμηκέναι ἀκούειν. τοῦτό ἐστιν πνευματικὸς ναὸς desired to hear them. This is a spiritual temple being built for the Lord.

⁷ Throughout his work, Lightfoot capitalizes $\Theta \varepsilon \tilde{\omega}$ and its variant forms.

Lightfoot opens the verse with a lowercase *omicron*.

For τοὺς ... δεδουλωμένους, here as Codex Constantinopolitanus, Codex Sinaiticus has τοῖς ... δεδουλωμένους (correction of an unexpected accusative).

¹⁰ Lightfoot has $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\lambda\dot{\alpha}$ in place of $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\lambda'$.

τι τῶν ἀνηκόντων εἰς σωτηρίαν. ² ἐὰν γὰρ περὶ τῶν ένεστώτων ἢ μελλόντων γράφω ὑμῖν, οὐ μὴ νοήσητε διὰ τὸ ἐν παραβολαῖς κεῖσθαι. ταῦτα μὲν οὕτως.

BARNABAS 17

1 Ἐφ' ὅσον ἦν ἐν δυνατῷ καὶ ἀπλότητι δηλῶσαι ὑμῖν, 1 So far as possibility and simplicity allow an explanation to be έλπίζει μου ή ψυχή τῆ ἐπιθυμία μου μή παραλελοιπέναι given, my soul hopes that none of the things that are needed for salvation have been omitted, according to my desire. ² For, if I write to you about things present or future, you will not understand because they are hidden in parables. This then suffices.

The Vaticanus MSS lack τῆ ἐπιθυμίᾳ μου and τῶν ἀνηκόντων εἰς σωτηρίαν (Lightfoot has that text in brackets).

With the addition of the doxology the Latin version comes here to an end.

άνομίας.

BARNABAS 18

¹ Μεταβῶμεν δὲ καὶ ἐπὶ ἑτέραν γνῶσιν καὶ διδαχήν. Ὁδοὶ ¹ Now let us pass on to another lesson and teaching. There are δύο είσιν διδαχῆς καὶ έξουσίας, ἥ τε τοῦ φωτὸς καὶ ἡ τοῦ two Ways of teaching and power, one of Light and one of σκότους. διαφορὰ δὲ πολλή τῶν δύο ὁδῶν. ἐφ' ἦς μὲν γάρ Darkness. And there is a great difference between the two Ways. είσιν τεταγμένοι φωταγωγοὶ ἄγγελοι τοῦ θεοῦ, ἐφ' ἦς δὲ For, over the one are set light-bringing angels of God, but over ἄγγελοι τοῦ σατανᾶ. ²καὶ ὁ μέν ἐστιν κύριος ἀπὸ αἰώνων the other angels of Satan. ² And the one is Lord from eternity and καὶ εἰς τοὺς αἰῶνας, ὁ δὲ ἄρχων καιροῦ τοῦ νῦν τῆς to eternity, and the other is the ruler of the present time of iniquity.

Note that Lightfoot spells Σατανᾶ with an uppercase sigma.

² Lightfoot ends the verse, "is Lord of the season of iniquity that now is."

BARNABAS 19

1 Ἡ οὖν ὁδὸς τοῦ φωτός ἐστιν αὕτη· ἐάν τις θέλων ὁδὸν 1 The Way of Light is this: if any man desires to journey to the όδεύειν ἐπὶ τὸν ὡρισμένον τόπον, σπεύση τοῖς ἔργοις appointed place, let him be zealous in his works. Therefore, the αὐτοῦ. ἔστιν οὖν ἡ δοθεῖσα ἡμῖν γνῶσις τοῦ περιπατεῖν knowledge that is given to us of this kind that we may walk in it ἐν αὐτῆ τοιαύτη. ²ἀγαπήσεις τὸν ποιήσαντά σε, is as follows: ² You shall love him who made you; you shall fear φοβηθήση τόν σε πλάσαντα, δοξάσεις τόν σε him who created you; you shall glorify him who redeemed you λυτρωσάμενον ἐκ θανάτου· ἔση ἀπλοῦς τῆ καρδία καὶ from death, you shall be simple in heart, and rich in spirit; you πλούσιος τῷ πνεύματι· οὐ κολληθήση μετὰ τῶν shall not join yourself to those who walk in the way of death; you πορευομένων έν $\delta\delta\tilde{\omega}$ θανάτου, μισήσεις πᾶν, δ οὐκ ἔστιν shall hate all that is not pleasing to God; you shall hate all άρεστὸν τῷ θεῷ, μισήσεις πᾶσαν ὑπόκρισιν· οὐ μὴ hypocrisy; you shall not desert the commandments of the Lord. έγκαταλίπης έντολὰς κυρίου. 3 οὐχ ὑψώσεις σεαυτόν, ἔση 3 You shall not exalt yourself but shall be humble minded in all δὲ ταπεινόφρων κατὰ πάντα· οὐκ ἀρεῖς ἐπὶ σεαυτὸν things; you shall not take glory to yourself. You shall form no evil δόξαν. οὐ λήμψη βουλὴν πονηρὰν κατὰ τοῦ πλησίον σου, plan against your neighbour; you shall not let your soul be οὐ δώσεις τῆ ψυχῆ σου θράσος. 4οὐ πορνεύσεις, οὐ forward. 4 You shall not commit fornication, you shall not commit μοιχεύσεις, οὐ παιδοφθορήσεις. οὐ μή σου ὁ λόγος τοῦ adultery, you shall not commit sodomy. You shall not let the word θεοῦ ἐξέλθη ἐν ἀκαθαρσία τινῶν. οὐ λήμψη πρόσωπον of God depart from you among the impurity of any men. You shall ἐλέγξαι τινὰ ἐπὶ παραπτώματι. ἔση πραΰς, ἔση ἡσύχιος, not respect persons in the reproving of transgression. You shall be ἔση τρέμων τοὺς λόγους οὓς ἤκουσας. οὐ μνησικακήσεις meek, you shall be quiet, you shall fear the words that you have τῷ ἀδελφῷ σου. ⁵οὐ μὴ διψυχήσης, πότερον ἔσται ἢ οὔ. heard. You shall not bear malice against your brother. ⁵ You shall οὐ μὴ λάβης ἐπὶ ματαίω τὸ ὄνομα κυρίου. ἀγαπήσεις τὸν not be in two minds whether it shall be or not. You shall not take πλησίον σου ὑπὲρ τὴν ψυχήν σου. οὐ φονεύσεις τέκνον the name of the Lord in vain. You shall love your neighbour more

- Lightfoot ends the verse with an ano teleia in place of the full stop.
- Lightfoot opens the verse with an uppercase alpha.
- Lightfoot has a full stop in place of the *ano teleia* after κατὰ πάντα.
- In place of 'you shall not commit sodomy', Lightfoot has 'you shall not corrupt boys'.
- Lightfoot lacks the comma after διψυχήσης.

έν φθορᾶ, οὐδὲ πάλιν γεννηθὲν ἀποκτενεῖς. οὐ μὴ ἄρης than your own life. You shall not procure abortion; you shall not την χεῖρά σου ἀπὸ τοῦ νίοῦ σου ἢ ἀπὸ τῆς θυγατρός σου, commit infanticide. You shall not withhold your hand from your άλλα ἀπὸ νεότητος διδάξεις φόβον θεοῦ. οὐ μὴ γένη son or from your daughter but shall teach them the fear of God ἐπιθυμῶν τὰ τοῦ πλησίον σου, οὐ μὴ γένη πλεονέκτης. from their youth up. 6 You shall not covet your neighbour's goods; οὐδὲ κολληθήση ἐκ ψυχῆς σου μετὰ ύψηλῶν, ἀλλὰ μετὰ you shall not be avaricious. You shall not be joined in soul with ταπεινῶν καὶ δικαίων ἀναστραφήση, τὰ συμβαίνοντά the haughty but shall converse with humble and righteous men. σοι ἐνεργήματα ὡς ἀγαθὰ προσδέξη, εἰδώς, ὅτι ἄνευ θεοῦ You shall receive the trials that befall you as good, knowing that οὐδὲν γίνεται. ⁷οὐκ ἔση διγνώμων οὐδὲ γλωσσώδης, nothing happens without God. ⁷ You shall not be double-minded ύποταγήση κυρίοις ώς τύπω θεοῦ ἐν αἰσχύνη καὶ φόβω· or talkative. You shall obey your masters as a type of God in οὐ μὴ ἐπιτάξης δούλω σου ἢ παιδίσκη ἐν πικρία, τοῖς ἐπὶ modesty and fear; you shall not command in bitterness your slave τὸν αὐτὸν θεὸν ἐλπίζουσιν, μή ποτε οὐ μὴ φοβηθήσονται or handmaid who hope on the same God, lest they cease to fear τὸν ἐπ' ἀμφοτέροις θεόν· ὅτι οὐκ ἦλθεν κατὰ πρόσωπον the God who is over you both; for, he came not to call men with καλέσαι, $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\lambda'$ έ ϕ' ο $\dot{\psi}$ ς το πνε $\tilde{\nu}$ μα ήτοίμασεν. respect of persons, but those whom the Spirit prepared. 8 You shall ⁸κοινωνήσεις ἐν πᾶσιν τῷ πλησίον σου καὶ οὐκ ἐρεῖς ἴδια share all things with your neighbour and shall not say that they εἶναι·εἰ γὰρ ἐν τῷ ἀφθάρτω κοινωνοί ἐστε, πόσω μᾶλλον are your own property; for, if you are sharers in that which is έν τοῖς φθαρτοῖς; οὐκ ἔση πρόγλωσσος· παγὶς γὰρ τὸ incorruptible, how much more in that which is corruptible? You στόμα θανάτου. ὅσον δύνασαι, ὑπὲρ τῆς ψυχῆς σου shall not be forward to speak; for, the mouth is a snare of death. άγνεύσεις. ⁹μη γίνου πρὸς μὲν τὸ λαβεῖν ἐκτείνων τὰς So far as you can, you shall keep your soul pure. ⁹ Be not one who χεῖρας, πρὸς δὲ τὸ δοῦναι συσπῶν. ἀγαπήσεις ὡς κόρην stretches out the hands to take and shuts them when it comes to τοῦ ὀφθαλμοῦ σου πάντα τὸν λαλοῦντά σοι τὸν λόγον giving. You shall love as the apple of your eye all who speak to κυρίου. 10 μνησθήση ἡμέραν κρίσεως νυκτὸς καὶ ἡμέρας, you the word of the Lord. 10 You shall remember the day of

Lightfoot has 'found greedy of gain' in place of 'avaricious'.

In place of γλωσσώδης, here following Codex Sinaiticus (and Lake), Codex Constantinopolitanus (and Lightfoot) and the Vaticanus MSS have δίγλωσσος; the latter also add $\pi \alpha \gamma i \zeta \gamma \alpha \rho \theta \alpha \nu \alpha \tau i \nu \eta \delta i \gamma \delta \omega \sigma \sigma i \alpha ('for, to be double-tongues is the snare of death').$

⁸ Lightfoot has a full stop in place of the question mark after ἐν τοῖς φθαρτοῖς.

Throughout his work, Lightfoot capitalizes *Kupíou* and its variants, when the title is used of God.

¹⁰ In place of λύτρωσιν, Lightfoot has λύτρον.

φωτός.

καὶ ἐκζητήσεις καθ' ἑκάστην ἡμέραν τὰ πρόσωπα τῶν judgment day and night, and you shall seek each day the society άγίων, ἢ διὰ λόγου κοπιῶν καὶ πορευόμενος εἰς τὸ of the saints, either labouring by speech, and going out to exhort, παρακαλέσαι καὶ μελετῶν εἰς τὸ σῶσαι ψυχὴν τῷ λόγω, and striving to save souls by the word, or working with your ἢ διὰ τῶν χειρῶν σου ἐργάσῃ εἰς λύτρωσιν ἁμαρτιῶν hands for the ransom of your sins. 11 You shall not hesitate to give σου. 11 οὐ διστάσεις δοῦναι οὐδὲ διδοὺς γογγύσεις· γνώση and, when you give, you shall not grumble, but you shall know δέ, τίς ὁ τοῦ μισθοῦ καλὸς ἀνταποδότης. φυλάξεις α who the good paymaster of the reward is. You shall keep theπαρέλαβες, μήτε προστιθεὶς μήτε ἀφαιρῶν. εἰς τέλος precepts which you have received, adding nothing and taking μισήσεις τὸ πονηρόν. κρινεῖς δικαίως. 12 οὐ ποιήσεις nothing away. You shall utterly hate evil. You shall give righteous σχίσμα, εἰρηνεύσεις δὲ μαχομένους συναγαγών. judgment. 12 You shall not cause quarrels but shall bring together έξομολογήση ἐπὶ άμαρτίαις σου. οὐ προσήξεις ἐπὶ and reconcile those that strive. You shall confess your sins. You προσευχήν ἐν συνειδήσει πονηρᾳ. αὕτη ἐστὶν ἡ ὁδὸς τοῦ shall not take yourself to prayer with an evil conscience. This is the Way of Light.

¹¹ Lightfoot has a comma in place of the *ano teleia* after γογγύσεις.

¹² For the 1st sentence, Lightfoot has, "You shall not make a schism but you shall pacify them that contend by bringing them together."

1 Ἡ δὲ τοῦ μέλανος ὁδός ἐστιν σκολιὰ καὶ κατάρας μεστή. 1 But the Way of the Black One is crooked and full of cursing; for, κριταί, πανθαμάρτητοι.

BARNABAS 20

όδὸς γάρ ἐστιν θανάτου αἰωνίου μετὰ τιμωρίας, ἐν $\tilde{\eta}$ ἐστιν it is the way of eternal death with punishment, and in it are the τὰ ἀπολλύντα τὴν ψυχὴν αὐτῶν· εἰδωλολατρεία, things that destroy men's soul: idolatry, forwardness, arrogance θρασύτης, ὕψος δυνάμεως, ὑπόκρισις, διπλοκαρδία, of power, hypocrisy, doubleness of heart, adultery, murder, μοιχεία, φόνος, άρπαγή, ὑπερηφανία, παράβασις, δόλος, robbery, pride, transgression, fraud, malice, self-sufficiency, κακία, αὐθάδεια, φαρμακεία, μαγεία, πλεονεξία, ἀφοβία enchantments, magic, covetousness, the absence of the fear of θ εοῦ· 2 διῶκται τῶν ἀγαθῶν, μισοῦντες ἀλήθειαν, God; 2 persecutors of good men, haters of the truth, lovers of lies, άγαπῶντες ψεῦδος, οὐ γινώσκοντες μισθὸν δικαιοσύνης, not perceiving the reward of righteousness, not cleaving to the οὐ κολλώμενοι ἀγαθῷ, οὐ κρίσει δικαίᾳ, χήρᾳ καὶ ὀρφανῷ good nor to the righteous judgment, paying no heed to the cause οὐ προσέχοντες, ἀγρυπνοῦντες οὐκ εἰς φόβον θεοῦ, ἀλλ' of widow and the orphan, spending wakeful nights not in the ἐπὶ τὸ πονηρόν, ὧν μακρὰν καὶ πόρρω πραΰτης καὶ fear of God but in the pursuit of that which is evil; men from ύπομονή, ἀγαπῶντες μάταια, διώκοντες ἀνταπόδομα, οὐκ whom gentleness and forbearance are far and distant, loving έλεῶντες πτωχόν, οὐ πονοῦντες ἐπὶ καταπονουμένω, vanity, seeking rewards, without pity for the poor, working not εὐχερεῖς ἐν καταλαλιᾳ, οὐ γινώσκοντες τὸν ποιήσαντα for him who is oppressed with toil, prone to evil speaking, αὐτούς, φονεῖς τέκνων, φθορεῖς πλάσματος θεοῦ, without knowledge of their Maker, murderers of children, ἀποστρεφόμενοι τὸν ἐνδεόμενον, καταπονοῦντες τὸν corrupters of God's creation, turning away the needy, θλιβόμενον, πλουσίων παράκλητοι, πενήτων ἄνομοι oppressing the afflicted, advocates of the rich, unjust judges of the poor, altogether sinful.

Throughout his work, Lightfoot capitalizes Θεοῦ.

² Lightfoot has $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\lambda\dot{\alpha}$ in place of $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\lambda'$.

BARNABAS 21

¹Καλὸν οὖν ἐστὶν μαθόντα τὰ δικαιώματα τοῦ κυρίου, ὅσα ¹ It is good, therefore, that he who has learned the ordinances of γέγραπται, ἐν τούτοις περιπατεῖν· ὁ γὰρ ταῦτα ποιῶν ἐν the Lord – as many as have been written – should walk in them. τῆ βασιλεία τοῦ θεοῦ δοξασθήσεται· ὁ ἐκεῖνα ἐκλεγόμενος For, he who does these things shall be glorified in the kingdom of μετὰ τῶν ἔργων αὐτοῦ συναπολεῖται. διὰ τοῦτο God, and he who chooses the others shall perish with his works. ἀνάστασις, διὰ τοῦτο ἀνταπόδομα. ²ἐρωτῶ τοὺς For this reason, there is a resurrection; for this reason, there is a ύπερέχοντας, εἴ τινά μου γνώμης ἀγαθῆς λαμβάνετε recompense. 2 I beseech those who are in high positions, if you συμβουλίαν· ἔχετε μεθ' ἑαυτῶν εἰς οὓς ἐργάσησθε τὸ will receive any counsel of my goodwill, have among yourselves καλόν· μη έλλείπητε. 3 έγγὺς $\mathring{\eta}$ $\mathring{\eta}μέρα$ έν $\mathring{\tilde{\eta}}$ συναπολεῖται those to whom you may do good; do not fail! 3 The day is at hand πάντα τῷ πονηρῷ· ἐγγὺς ὁ κύριος καὶ ὁ μισθὸς αὐτοῦ. ⁴ ἔτι when all things shall perish with the Evil one, "The Lord and his καὶ ἔτι ἐρωτῶ ὑμᾶς· ἑαυτῶν γίνεσθε νομοθέται ἀγαθοί, reward is at hand." ⁴ I beseech you, again and again, be good έαυτῶν μένετε σύμβουλοι πιστοί, ἄρατε ἐξ ὑμῶν πᾶσαν lawgivers to each other, remain faithful counsellors of each other, ὑπόκρισιν. 5 ὁ δὲ θεός, ὁ τοῦ παντὸς κόσμου κυριεύων, δώη remove from yourselves all hypocrisy. 5 Now may God, who is ύμῖν σοφίαν, σύνεσιν, ἐπιστήμην, γνῶσιν τῶν the Lord over all the world, give you wisdom, understanding, δικαιωμάτων αὐτοῦ, ὑπομονήν. ⁶γίνεσθε δὲ θεοδίδακτοι, prudence, knowledge of his ordinances, patience. ⁶ And be taught ἐκζητοῦντες τί ζητεῖ κύριος ἀφ' ὑμῶν, καὶ ποιεῖτε ἵνα of God, seeking out what the Lord requires from you, and see that εύρεθητε ἐν ἡμέρα κρίσεως. τεὶ δὲ τίς ἐστιν ἀγαθοῦ μνεία, you are found faithful on the day of Judgment. If there is any μνημονεύετέ μου μελετῶντες ταῦτα, ἴνα καὶ ἡ ἐπιθυμία memory of good, then meditate on these things and remember

- Lightfoot has a full stop in place of the *ano teleia* after περιπατεῖν.
- Lightfoot opens this verse with an uppercase epsilon.
- Lightfoot has a full stop in place of the *ano teleia* after $\pi o \nu \eta \rho \tilde{\omega}$.
- In place of 'beseech', Lightfoot has 'entreat' (as also in v. 2).
- Lightfoot has 'learning' in place of 'prudence'.
- Throughout his work, Lightfoot capitalizes Κύριος and its variants, when the title is used of God.
- Lightfoot opens, "But if you have any remembrance of good, call me to mind when you practice these things these things."

καὶ ἡ ἀγρυπνία εἴς τι ἀγαθὸν χωρήση. ἐρωτῶ ὑμᾶς, χάριν me, that my desire and my watchfulness may find some good end. ύμῶν.

Έπιστολή Βαρνάβα.

αἰτούμενος. 8 ἔως ἔτι τὸ καλὸν σκεῦός ἐστιν μεθ' ὑμῶν, μη I beseech you asking it of your favour. 8 While the fair vessel is έλλείπητε μηδενὶ έαυτῶν, ἀλλὰ συνεχῶς ἐκζητεῖτε ταῦτα with you fail not in any of them but seek these things diligently καὶ ἀναπληροῦτε πᾶσαν ἐντολήν· ἔστιν γὰρ ἄξια. 9 διὸ and fulfil every commandment; for, these things are worthy. 9 For μᾶλλον ἐσπούδασα γράψαι ἀφ' ὧν ήδυνήθην, είς τὸ this reason, I was the more zealous to write to you, so far as I wasεὐφρᾶναι ὑμᾶς. σώζεσθε, ἀγάπης τέκνα καὶ εἰρήνης. ὁ able, to give you gladness. May you gain salvation, children of κύριος τῆς δόξης καὶ πάσης χάριτος μετὰ τοῦ πνεύματος love and peace. The Lord of glory and of all grace be with your spirit.

The Epistle of Barnabas.

In place of ἑαυτῶν, here following *Codex Sinaiticus* & *Codex Constantinopolitanus*, the *Latin MS* and the *Vaticanus MSS* have αυτῶν.

Lightfoot does not include Ἐπιστολή Βαρνάβα as the 'end title'.